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(54) Title: CODING SEQUENCE POLYMORPHISMS IN VASCULAR PATHOLOGY GENES

(57) Abstract

The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from the coding region of a gene, including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.

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CODING SEQUENCE POLYMORPHISMS IN VASCULAR PATHOLOGY GENES

RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Application No. 09/054,272, 5 filed April 1, 1998, the contents of which are incorporated herein in their entirety by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The genomes of all organisms undergo spontaneous mutation in the course of their continuing evolution, generating variant forms of progenitor sequences (Gusella, 10 Ann. Rev. Biochem. 55, 831-854 (1986)). The variant form may confer an evolutionary advantage or disadvantage relative to a progenitor form or may be neutral. In some instances, a variant form confers a lethal disadvantage and is not transmitted to subsequent generations of the organism. In other instances, a variant form confers an evolutionary advantage to the species and is eventually incorporated into the DNA of many or most members of the species and effectively becomes the progenitor form. In many instances, both progenitor and variant form(s) survive and co-exist in a species population. The coexistence of multiple forms of a sequence gives rise to polymorphisms.

Several different types of polymorphism have been reported. A restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) Is a variation in DNA sequence that alters the length of a restriction fragment (Botstein et al., Am. J. Hum. Genet. 32, 314-331 (1980)). The restriction fragment length polymorphism may create or delete a restriction site, thus changing the length of the restriction fragment. RFLPs have been widely used in human and animal genetic analyses (see WO 90/13668; W090/11369;

25 Donis-Keller, Cell 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., Genetics 121, 85-99 (1989)).
When a heritable trait can be linked to a particular RFLP, the presence of the RFLP in an individual can be used to predict the likelihood that the animal will also exhibit the trait.

Other polymorphisms take the form of short tandem repeats (STRs) that 30 include tandem di-, tri- and tetra-nucleotide repeated motifs. These tandem repeats

are also referred to as variable number tandem repeat (VNTR) polymorphisms. VNTRs have been used in identity and paternity analysis (US 5,075,217; Armour et al., FEBS Lett. 307, 113-115 (1992); Horn et al., W0 91/14003; Jeffreys, EP 370,719), and in a large number of genetic mapping studies.

Other polymorphisms take the form of single nucleotide variations between individuals of the same species. Such polymorphisms are far more frequent than RFLPs, STRs and VNTRs. Some single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNP) occur in protein-coding sequences (coding sequence SNP (cSNP)), in which case, one of the polymorphic forms may give rise to the expression of a defective or otherwise variant protein and, potentially, a genetic disease. Examples of genes in which polymorphisms within coding sequences give rise to genetic disease include β-globin (sickle cell anemia), apoE4 (Alzheimer's Disease), Factor V Leiden (thrombosis), and CFTR (cystic fibrosis). cSNPs can alter the codon sequence of the gene and therefore specify an alternative amino acid. Such changes are called "missense" when another amino acid is substituted, and "nonsense" when the alternative codon specifies a stop signal in protein translation. When the cSNP does not alter the amino acid specified the cSNP is called "silent".

Other single nucleotide polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions. Some of these polymorphisms may also result in defective protein expression (e.g., as a result 20 of defective splicing). Other single nucleotide polymorphisms have no phenotypic effects.

Single nucleotide polymorphisms can be used in the same manner as RFLPs and VNTRs, but offer several advantages. Single nucleotide polymorphisms occur with greater frequency and are spaced more uniformly throughout the genome than other forms of polymorphism. The greater frequency and uniformity of single nucleotide polymorphisms means that there is a greater probability that such a polymorphism will be found in close proximity to a genetic locus of interest than would be the case for other polymorphisms. The different forms of characterized single nucleotide polymorphisms are often easier to distinguish than other types of polymorphism (e.g., by use of assays employing allele-specific hybridization probes or primers).

Only a small percentage of the total repository of polymorphisms in humans and other organisms has been identified. The limited number of polymorphisms identified to date is due to the large amount of work required for their detection by conventional methods. For example, a conventional approach to identifying polymorphisms might be to sequence the same stretch of DNA in a population of individuals by dideoxy sequencing. In this type of approach, the amount of work

increases in proportion to both the length of sequence and the number of individuals in a population and becomes impractical for large stretches of DNA or large numbers of persons.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Work described herein pertains to the identification of polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease, particularly vascular pathologies, by resequencing large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals. Eighteen genes in a minimum of 30 individuals have been resequenced as described herein, and 92 SNPs have been discovered (see the Table). Forty of these SNPs are cSNPs which specify a different amino acid sequence, while 49 of the SNPs are silent cSNPs. Three of the SNPs were located in non-coding regions.

The invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific location. In a particular embodiment the invention relates to the variant allele of a gene having a single nucleotide polymorphism, which variant allele differs from a reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table. Complements of these nucleic acid segments are also included. The segments can be DNA or RNA, and can be double- or single-stranded. Segments can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long.

The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize to a gene comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism or to the complement of the gene. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table is determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figures 1A-1C are a table illustrating the locations of single nucleotide polymorphisms of various genes.

Figure 2 is a listing of the genes from Figures 1A-C with their corresponding GenBank Accession numbers and the nucleotide position within that sequence at which the single nucleotide polymorphism is located.

Figures 3A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to GenBank Accession number D10202 for the gene PTAFR.

Figures 4A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number D29832 for the gene AT3.

Figures 5A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number D38081 for the gene TBXA2R.

Figures 6A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02703 for the gene ITGB3.

Figures 7A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the 10 GenBank Accession number J02764 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 8A-F are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02846 for the gene F3.

Figures 9A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J02898 for the gene CETP.

Figures 10A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number J03225 for the gene TFPI.

Figures 11A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number K02059 for the gene PROC.

Figure 12 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank 20 Accession number L00336 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 13 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00338.

Figure 14 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00343 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 15 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00344 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 16 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00345 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 17 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank 30 Accession number L00347 for the gene LDLR.

Figure 18 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00349 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 19A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L00351 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 20A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L29401 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 21A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number L32765 for the gene F5.

Figures 22A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M11058 for the gene HMGCR.

Figures 23A-F are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M11228 for the gene PROC.

Figures 24A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M12625 for the gene LCAT.

Figures 25A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the 10 GenBank Accession number M12849 for the gene HCF2.

Figures 26A-E are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M14335 for the gene F5.

Figures 27A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M15856 for the gene LPL.

Figures 28A-N are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M17262 for the gene F2.

Figures 29A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M20311 for the gene ITGB3.

Figure 30 is a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank 20 Accession number M21645 for the gene AT3.

Figures 31A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M22569 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 32A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M30185 for the gene CETP.

Figures 33A-H are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M33320 for the gene ITGA2B.

Figures 34A-G are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M58600 for the gene HCF2.

Figures 35A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the 30 GenBank Accession number M62424 for the gene F2R.

Figures 36A-C are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number M76722 for the gene LPL.

Figures 37A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number U59436 for the gene LDLR.

Figures 38A-B are a listing of the nucleotide sequence corresponding to the GenBank Accession number Z22555 for the gene CLanalog.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a gene which comprises a single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) at a specific location. The gene which includes the SNP has at least two alleles, referred to herein as the reference allele and the variant allele. The 5 reference allele (prototypical or wild type allele) has been designated arbitrarily and typically corresponds to the nucleotide sequence of the gene which has been deposited with GenBank under a given Accession number. The variant allele differs from the reference allele by one nucleotide at the site(s) identified in the Table. The present invention also relates to variant alleles of the described genes and to complements of 10 the variant alleles. The invention further relates to portions of the variant alleles and portions of complements of the variant alleles which comprise (encompass) the site of the SNP and are at least 5 nucleotides in length. Portions can be, for example, 5-10, 5-15, 10-20, 5-25, 10-30, 10-50 or 10-100 bases long. For example, a portion of a variant allele which is 5 nucleotides in length includes the single nucleotide 15 polymorphism (the nucleotide which differs from the reference allele at that site) and four additional nucleotides which flank the site in the variant allele. These nucleotides can be on one or both sides of the polymorphism. Polymorphisms which are the subject of this invention are defined in the Table with respect to the reference sequence deposited in GenBank under the Accession number indicated. For example, 20 the invention relates to a portion of a gene (e.g., AT3) having a nucleotide sequence as deposited in GenBank (e.g., M21645) comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism at a specific position (e.g., nucleotide 100). The reference allele for AT3 is shown in column 15 and the variant allele is shown in column 17 of the Table. The nucleotide sequences of the invention can be double- or single-stranded.

The invention further provides allele-specific oligonucleotides that hybridize to a gene comprising a single nucleotide polymorphism or to the complement of the gene. These oligonucleotides can be probes or primers.

The invention further provides a method of analyzing a nucleic acid from an individual. The method determines which base is present at any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. Optionally, a set of bases occupying a set of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table is determined. This type of analysis can be performed on a number of individuals, who are tested for the presence of a disease phenotype. The presence or absence of disease phenotype is then correlated with a base or set of bases present at the polymorphic site or sites in the individuals tested.

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DEFINITIONS

An oligonucleotide can be DNA or RNA, and single- or double-stranded. Oligonucleotides can be naturally occurring or synthetic, but are typically prepared by synthetic means. Preferred oligonucleotides of the invention include segments of DNA, or their complements, which include any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table. The segments can be between 5 and 250 bases, and, in specific embodiments, are between 5-10, 5-20, 10-20, 10-50, 20-50 or 10-100 bases. The polymorphic site can occur within any position of the segment. The segments can be from any of the allelic forms of DNA shown in the Table.

As used herein, the terms "nucleotide" and "nucleic acid" are intended to be equivalent. The terms "nucleotide sequence", "nucleic acid sequence", "nucleic acid molecule" and "segment" are intended to be equivalent.

Hybridization probes are oligonucleotides which bind in a base-specific manner to a complementary strand of nucleic acid. Such probes include peptide nucleic acids, as described in Nielsen et al., Science 254, 1497-1500 (1991). Probes can be any length suitable for specific hybridization to the target nucleic acid sequence. The most appropriate length of the probe may vary depending upon the hybridization method in which it is being used; for example, particular lengths may be more appropriate for use in microfabricated arrays, while other lengths may be more suitable for use in classical hybridization methods. Suitable probes and primers can range from about 5 nucleotides to about 30 nucleotides in length. For example, probes and primers can be 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28 or 30 nucleotides in length. The probe or primer preferably contains at least one polymorphic site occupied by any of the possible variant nucleotides. The nucleotide sequence can correspond to the coding sequence of the allele or to the complement of the coding sequence of the allele.

As used herein, the term "primer" refers to a single-stranded oligonucleotide which acts as a point of initiation of template-directed DNA synthesis under appropriate conditions (e.g., in the presence of four different nucleoside triphosphates and an agent for polymerization, such as, DNA or RNA polymerase or reverse transcriptase) in an appropriate buffer and at a suitable temperature. The appropriate length of a primer depends on the intended use of the primer, but typically ranges from 15 to 30 nucleotides. Short primer molecules generally require cooler temperatures to form sufficiently stable hybrid complexes with the template. A primer need not reflect the exact sequence of the template, but must be sufficiently complementary to hybridize with a template. The term primer site refers to the area of the target DNA to which a primer hybridizes. The term primer pair refers to a set

of primers including a 5' (upstream) primer that hybridizes with the 5' end of the DNA sequence to be amplified and a 3' (downstream) primer that hybridizes with the complement of the 3' end of the sequence to be amplified.

As used herein, linkage describes the tendency of genes, alleles, loci or genetic 5 markers to be inherited together as a result of their location on the same chromosome. It can be measured by percent recombination between the two genes, alleles, loci or genetic markers.

As used herein, polymorphism refers to the occurrence of two or more genetically determined alternative sequences or alleles in a population. A

10 polymorphic marker or site is the locus at which divergence occurs. Preferred markers have at least two alleles, each occurring at frequency of greater than 1%, and more preferably greater than 10% or 20% of a selected population. A polymorphic locus may be as small as one base pair. Polymorphic markers include restriction fragment length polymorphisms, variable number of tandem repeats (VNTR's),

15 hypervariable regions, minisatellites, dinucleotide repeats, trinucleotide repeats, tetranucleotide repeats, simple sequence repeats, and insertion elements such as Alu. The first identified allelic form is arbitrarily designated as the reference form and other allelic forms are designated as alternative or variant alleles. The allelic form occurring most frequently in a selected population is sometimes referred to as the wildtype form. Diploid organisms may be homozygous or heterozygous for allelic forms. A diallelic or biallelic polymorphism has two forms. A triallelic polymorphism has three forms.

Work described herein pertains to the resequencing of large numbers of genes in a large number of individuals to identify polymorphisms which can predispose individuals to disease, particularly vascular pathologies. Eighteen genes in a minimum of 30 individuals have been resequenced as described herein, and 92 SNPs have been discovered (see the Table). Forty of these SNPs are cSNPs which specify a different amino acid sequence, while 49 of the SNPs are silent cSNPs. Three of the SNPs were located in non-coding regions.

The 18 genes which were subjected to analysis encode proteins that are involved in biochemical pathways that regulate blood coagulation, lipid metabolism, and platelet and endothelial cell function. Polymorphisms in all 18 genes are candidates for genetic factors that influence the pathophysiology of the blood and blood vessels and thus can be relevant to the genetic risk of cardiovascular diseases.

35 The identified polymorphisms can also be relevant to other disease categories.

By altering amino acid sequence, SNPs may alter the function of the encoded proteins. The discovery of the SNP facilitates biochemical analysis of the variants

and the development of assays to characterize the variants and to screen for pharmaceutical that would interact directly with on or another form of the protein. SNPs (including silent SNPs) may also alter the regulation of the gene at the transcriptional or post-transcriptional level. SNPs (including silent SNPs) also enable the development of specific DNA, RNA, or protein-based diagnostics that detect the presence or absence of the polymorphism in particular conditions.

A single nucleotide polymorphism occurs at a polymorphic site occupied by a single nucleotide, which is the site of variation between allelic sequences. The site is usually preceded by and followed by highly conserved sequences of the allele (e.g., sequences that vary in less than 1/100 or 1/1000 members of the populations).

A single nucleotide polymorphism usually arises due to substitution of one nucleotide for another at the polymorphic site. A transition is the replacement of one purine by another purine or one pyrimidine by another pyrimidine. A transversion is the replacement of a purine by a pyrimidine or vice versa. Single nucleotide

15 polymorphisms can also arise from a deletion of a nucleotide or an insertion of a nucleotide relative to a reference allele. Typically the polymorphic site is occupied by a base other than the reference base. For example, where the reference allele contains the base "T" at the polymorphic site, the altered allele can contain a "C", "G" or "A" at the polymorphic site.

Hybridizations are usually performed under stringent conditions, for example, at a salt concentration of no more than 1 M and a temperature of at least 25°C. For example, conditions of 5X SSPE (750 mM NaCl, 50 mM NaPhosphate, 5 mM EDTA, pH 7.4) and a temperature of 25-30°C, or equivalent conditions, are suitable for allele-specific probe hybridizations. Equivalent conditions can be determined by varying one or more of the parameters given as an example, as known in the art, while maintaining a similar degree of identity or similarity between the target nucleotide sequence and the primer or probe used.

The term "isolated" is used herein to indicate that the material in question exists in a physical milieu distinct from that in which it occurs in nature. For 30 example, an isolated nucleic acid of the invention may be substantially isolated with respect to the complex cellular milieu in which it naturally occurs. In some instances, the isolated material will form part of a composition (for example, a crude extract containing other substances), buffer system or reagent mix. In other circumstance, the material may be purified to essential homogeneity, for example as determined by 35 PAGE or column chromatography such as HPLC. Preferably, an isolated nucleic acid comprises at least about 50, 80 or 90 percent (on a molar basis) of all macromolecular species present.

I. Novel Polymorphisms of the Invention

The novel polymorphisms of the invention are shown in the Table.

II. Analysis of Polymorphisms

A. Preparation of Samples

Polymorphisms are detected in a target nucleic acid from an individual being analyzed. For assay of genomic DNA, virtually any biological sample (other than pure red blood cells) is suitable. For example, convenient tissue samples include whole blood, semen, saliva, tears, urine, fecal material, sweat, buccal, skin and hair. For assay of cDNA or mRNA, the tissue sample must be obtained from an organ in which the target nucleic acid is expressed. For example, if the target nucleic acid is a cytochrome P450, the liver is a suitable source.

Many of the methods described below require amplification of DNA from target samples. This can be accomplished by e.g., PCR. See generally PCR Technology: Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification (ed. H.A. Erlich,

- 15 Freeman Press, NY, NY, 1992); PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications (eds. Innis, et al., Academic Press, San Diego, CA, 1990); Mattila et al., Nucleic Acids Res. 19, 4967 (1991); Eckert et al., PCR Methods and Applications 1, 17 (1991); PCR (eds. McPherson et al., IRL Press, Oxford); and U.S. Patent 4,683,202.
- Other suitable amplification methods include the ligase chain reaction (LCR) (see Wu and Wallace, Genomics 4, 560 (1989), Landegren et al., Science 241, 1077 (1988), transcription amplification (Kwoh et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1173 (1989)), and self-sustained sequence replication (Guatelli et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA, 87, 1874 (1990)) and nucleic acid based sequence amplification (NASBA). The
- 25 latter two amplification methods involve isothermal reactions based on isothermal transcription, which produce both single stranded RNA (ssRNA) and double stranded DNA (dsDNA) as the amplification products in a ratio of about 30 or 100 to 1, respectively.

B. Detection of Polymorphisms in Target DNA

There are two distinct types of analysis of target DNA for detecting polymorphisms. The first type of analysis, sometimes referred to as de novo characterization, is carried out to identify polymorphic sites not previously characterized (i.e., to identify new polymorphisms). This analysis compares target sequences in different individuals to identify points of variation, i.e., polymorphic sites. By analyzing groups of individuals representing the greatest ethnic diversity

among humans and greatest breed and species variety in plants and animals, patterns characteristic of the most common alleles/haplotypes of the locus can be identified, and the frequencies of such alleles/haplotypes in the population can be determined. Additional allelic frequencies can be determined for subpopulations characterized by criteria such as geography, race, or gender. The de novo identification of polymorphisms of the invention is described in the Examples section. The second type of analysis determines which form(s) of a characterized (known) polymorphism are present in individuals under test. There are a variety of suitable procedures, which are discussed in turn.

10 1. Allele-Specific Probes

The design and use of allele-specific probes for analyzing polymorphisms is described by e.g., Saiki et al., Nature 324, 163-166 (1986); Dattagupta, EP 235,726, Saiki, WO 89/11548. Allele-specific probes can be designed that hybridize to a segment of target DNA from one individual but do not hybridize to the corresponding segment from another individual due to the presence of different polymorphic forms in the respective segments from the two individuals. Hybridization conditions should be sufficiently stringent that there is a significant difference in hybridization intensity between alleles, and preferably an essentially binary response, whereby a probe hybridizes to only one of the alleles. Some probes are designed to hybridize to a segment of target DNA such that the polymorphic site aligns with a central position (e.g., in a 15-mer at the 7 position; in a 16-mer, at either the 8 or 9 position) of the probe. This design of probe achieves good discrimination in hybridization between different allelic forms.

Allele-specific probes are often used in pairs, one member of a pair showing a perfect match to a reference form of a target sequence and the other member showing a perfect match to a variant form. Several pairs of probes can then be immobilized on the same support for simultaneous analysis of multiple polymorphisms within the same target sequence.

2. Tiling Arrays

The polymorphisms can also be identified by hybridization to nucleic acid arrays, some examples of which are described in WO 95/11995. One form of such arrays is described in the Examples section in connection with de novo identification of polymorphisms. The same array or a different array can be used for analysis of characterized polymorphisms. WO 95/11995 also describes subarrays that are optimized for detection of a variant form of a precharacterized polymorphism. Such a

subarray contains probes designed to be complementary to a second reference sequence, which is an allelic variant of the first reference sequence. The second group of probes is designed by the same principles as described in the Examples, except that the probes exhibit complementarity to the second reference sequence. The inclusion of a second group (or further groups) can be particularly useful for analyzing short subsequences of the primary reference sequence in which multiple mutations are expected to occur within a short distance commensurate with the length of the probes (e.g., two or more mutations within 9 to 21 bases).

3. Allele-Specific Primers

An allele-specific primer hybridizes to a site on target DNA overlapping a polymorphism and only primes amplification of an allelic form to which the primer exhibits perfect complementarity. See Gibbs, *Nucleic Acid Res.* 17, 2427-2448 (1989). This primer is used in conjunction with a second primer which hybridizes at a distal site. Amplification proceeds from the two primers, resulting in a detectable product which indicates the particular allelic form is present. A control is usually performed with a second pair of primers, one of which shows a single base mismatch at the polymorphic site and the other of which exhibits perfect complementarity to a distal site. The single-base mismatch prevents amplification and no detectable product is formed. The method works best when the mismatch is included in the 3'-20 most position of the oligonucleotide aligned with the polymorphism because this position is most destabilizing to elongation from the primer (see, e.g., WO 93/22456).

4. Direct-Sequencing

The direct analysis of the sequence of polymorphisms of the present invention can be accomplished using either the dideoxy chain termination method or the Maxam 25 Gilbert method (see Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual (2nd Ed., CSHP, New York 1989); Zyskind et al., Recombinant DNA Laboratory Manual, (Acad. Press, 1988)).

5. Denaturing Gradient Gel Electrophoresis

Amplification products generated using the polymerase chain reaction can be analyzed by the use of denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis. Different alleles can be identified based on the different sequence-dependent melting properties and electrophoretic migration of DNA in solution. Erlich, ed., PCR Technology, Principles and Applications for DNA Amplification, (W.H. Freeman and Co, New York, 1992), Chapter 7.

6. Single-Strand Conformation Polymorphism Analysis

Alleles of target sequences can be differentiated using single-strand conformation polymorphism analysis, which identifies base differences by alteration in electrophoretic migration of single stranded PCR products, as described in Orita et al., Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 86, 2766-2770 (1989). Amplified PCR products can be generated as described above, and heated or otherwise denatured, to form single stranded amplification products. Single-stranded nucleic acids may refold or form secondary structures which are partially dependent on the base sequence. The different electrophoretic mobilities of single-stranded amplification products can be related to base-sequence differences between alleles of target sequences.

III. Methods of Use

After determining polymorphic form(s) present in an individual at one or more polymorphic sites, this information can be used in a number of methods.

A. Forensics

Determination of which polymorphic forms occupy a set of polymorphic sites in an individual identifies a set of polymorphic forms that distinguishes the individual. See generally National Research Council, The Evaluation of Forensic DNA Evidence (Eds. Pollard et al., National Academy Press, DC, 1996). The more sites that are analyzed, the lower the probability that the set of polymorphic forms in one individual is the same as that in an unrelated individual. Preferably, if multiple sites are analyzed, the sites are unlinked. Thus, polymorphisms of the invention are often used in conjunction with polymorphisms in distal genes. Preferred polymorphisms for use in forensics are biallelic because the population frequencies of two polymorphic forms can usually be determined with greater accuracy than those of multiple polymorphic forms at multi-allelic loci.

The capacity to identify a distinguishing or unique set of forensic markers in an individual is useful for forensic analysis. For example, one can determine whether a blood sample from a suspect matches a blood or other tissue sample from a crime scene by determining whether the set of polymorphic forms occupying selected polymorphic sites is the same in the suspect and the sample. If the set of polymorphic markers does not match between a suspect and a sample, it can be concluded (barring experimental error) that the suspect was not the source of the sample. If the set of markers does match, one can conclude that the DNA from the suspect is consistent with that found at the crime scene. If frequencies of the polymorphic forms at the loci tested have been determined (e.g., by analysis of a suitable population of individuals),

10

one can perform a statistical analysis to determine the probability that a match of suspect and crime scene sample would occur by chance.

p(ID) is the probability that two random individuals have the same polymorphic or allelic form at a given polymorphic site. In biallelic loci, four 5 genotypes are possible: AA, AB, BA, and BB. If alleles A and B occur in a haploid genome of the organism with frequencies x and y, the probability of each genotype in a diploid organism is (see WO 95/12607):

Homozygote: $p(AA)=x^2$ Homozygote: $p(BB)=y^2=(1-x)^2$

Single Heterozygote: p(AB)=p(BA)=xy=x(1-x)Both Heterozygotes: p(AB+BA)=2xy=2x(1-x)

The probability of identity at one locus (i.e, the probability that two individuals, picked at random from a population will have identical polymorphic forms at a given locus) is given by the equation:

15 p(ID) =
$$(x^2)^2 + (2xy)^2 + (y^2)^2$$
.

These calculations can be extended for any number of polymorphic forms at a given locus. For example, the probability of identity p(ID) for a 3-allele system where the alleles have the frequencies in the population of x, y and z, respectively, is equal to the sum of the squares of the genotype frequencies:

20 p(ID) =
$$x^4 + (2xy)^2 + (2yz)^2 + (2xz)^2 + z^4 + y^4$$

In a locus of n alleles, the appropriate binomial expansion is used to calculate p(ID) and p(exc).

The cumulative probability of identity (cum p(ID)) for each of multiple unlinked loci is determined by multiplying the probabilities provided by each locus.

25 cum
$$p(ID) = p(ID1)p(ID2)p(ID3)....p(IDn)$$

The cumulative probability of non-identity for n loci (i.e. the probability that two random individuals will be different at 1 or more loci) is given by the equation: cum p(nonID) = 1-cum p(ID).

If several polymorphic loci are tested, the cumulative probability of nonidentity for random individuals becomes very high (e.g., one billion to one). Such probabilities can be taken into account together with other evidence in determining the guilt or innocence of the suspect.

B. Paternity Testing

The object of paternity testing is usually to determine whether a male is the father of a child. In most cases, the mother of the child is known and thus, the mother's contribution to the child's genotype can be traced. Paternity testing

5 investigates whether the part of the child's genotype not attributable to the mother is consistent with that of the putative father. Paternity testing can be performed by analyzing sets of polymorphisms in the putative father and the child.

If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does not match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, it can be concluded, barring experimental error, that the putative father is not the real father. If the set of polymorphisms in the child attributable to the father does match the set of polymorphisms of the putative father, a statistical calculation can be performed to determine the probability of coincidental match.

The probability of parentage exclusion (representing the probability that a random male will have a polymorphic form at a given polymorphic site that makes him incompatible as the father) is given by the equation (see WO 95/12607):

$$p(exc) = xy(1-xy)$$

where x and y are the population frequencies of alleles A and B of a biallelic polymorphic site.

20 (At a triallelic site p(exc) = xy(1-xy) + yz(1-yz) + xz(1-xz) + 3xyz(1-xyz)), where x, y and z and the respective population frequencies of alleles A, B and C).

The probability of non-exclusion is

p(non-exc) = 1-p(exc)

The cumulative probability of non-exclusion (representing the value obtained 25 when n loci are used) is thus:

cum p(non-exc) = p(non-exc1)p(non-exc2)p(non-exc3).... p(non-excn)

The cumulative probability of exclusion for n loci (representing the probability that a random male will be excluded)

cum p(exc) = 1 - cum p(non-exc).

30 If several polymorphic loci are included in the analysis, the cumulative probability of exclusion of a random male is very high. This probability can be taken into account in assessing the liability of a putative father whose polymorphic marker set matches the child's polymorphic marker set attributable to his/her father.

C. Correlation of Polymorphisms with Phenotypic Traits

35 The polymorphisms of the invention may contribute to the phenotype of an organism in different ways. Some polymorphisms occur within a protein coding

WO 99/50454

sequence and contribute to phenotype by affecting protein structure. The effect may be neutral, beneficial or detrimental, or both beneficial and detrimental, depending on the circumstances. For example, a heterozygous sickle cell mutation confers resistance to malaria, but a homozygous sickle cell mutation is usually lethal. Other polymorphisms occur in noncoding regions but may exert phenotypic effects indirectly via influence on replication, transcription, and translation. A single polymorphism may affect more than one phenotypic trait. Likewise, a single phenotypic trait may be affected by polymorphisms in different genes. Further, some polymorphisms predispose an individual to a distinct mutation that is causally related to a certain phenotype.

Phenotypic traits include diseases that have known but hitherto unmapped genetic components (e.g., agammaglobulimenia, diabetes insipidus, Lesch-Nyhan syndrome, muscular dystrophy, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, Fabry's disease, familial hypercholesterolemia, polycystic kidney disease, hereditary spherocytosis, von 15 Willebrand's disease, tuberous sclerosis, hereditary hemorrhagic telangiectasia, familial colonic polyposis, Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, osteogenesis imperfecta, and acute intermittent porphyria). Phenotypic traits also include symptoms of, or susceptibility to, multifactorial diseases of which a component is or may be genetic, such as autoimmune diseases, inflammation, cancer, diseases of the nervous system, 20 and infection by pathogenic microorganisms. Some examples of autoimmune diseases include rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis, diabetes (insulin-dependent and non-independent), systemic lupus erythematosus and Graves disease. Some examples of cancers include cancers of the bladder, brain, breast, colon, esophagus, kidney, leukemia, liver, lung, oral cavity, ovary, pancreas, prostate, skin, stomach and 25 uterus. Phenotypic traits also include characteristics such as longevity, appearance (e.g., baldness, obesity), strength, speed, endurance, fertility, and susceptibility or receptivity to particular drugs or therapeutic treatments.

The correlation of one or more polymorphisms with phenotypic traits can be facilitated by knowledge of the gene product of the wild type (reference) gene. The genes in which cSNPs of the present invention have been identified are genes which have been previously sequenced and characterized in one of their allelic forms. For example, genes of the present invention in which cSNPs have been identified include genes encoding antithrombin III (Humphries, Semin Hematol 32:8-16 (1995); Mammen, Semin Hematol 32:2-6 (1995)), cholesterol ester transfer protein (Bruce and Tall, Curr Opin Lipidol 6:306-311 (1995)), CLanalog (HDL/scavenger receptor) (Freeman, Curr Opin Hematol 4:41-47 (1997); Knecht and Glass, Adv Genet 32:141-198 (1995); Rigotti et al., Curr Opin Lipidol 8:181-188 (1997)), thrombin receptor

(Brass and Molino, Thromb Haemost 78:234-241 (1997); Jamieson, Thromb Haemost 78:242-246 (1997)), thrombin (Eisenberg, Coron Artery Dis 7:400-408 (1996); Jamieson, Thromb Haemost 78:242-246 (1997)), and heparin cofactor II (Bick and Pegram, Semin Thromb Hemost 20:109-132 (1994)). Also included are the genes 5 encoding HMG coA-reductase (Bjelajac et al., Ann Pharmacother 30:1304-1315 (1996)), platelet glycoprotein IIB and IIIA (Jamieson, Thromb Haemost 78:242-246 (1997); Lefkovits et al., N Engl J Med 332:1553-1559 (1995); Nurden, Thromb Haemost 74:345-351 (1995)), lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase (Kuivenhoven et al., J Lipid Res 38:191-205 (1997)), LDL receptor (Holvoet and Collen, Curr Opin 10 Lipidol 8:320-328 (1997); Rigotti et al., Curr Opin Lipidol 8:181-188 (1997)), protein C (Bertina, Clin Chem 43:1678-1683 (1997); Bick and Pegram, Semin Thromb Hemost 20:109-132 (1994); Humphries, Semin Hematol 32:8-16 (1995); Koeleman et al., Semin Hematol 34:256-264 (1997)), platelet activating factor receptor (Feuerstein et al., J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal 15:255-284 (1997); Shimizu 15 and Mutoh, Adv Exp Med Biol 407:197-204 (1997)), tissue factor (Abildgaard, Blood Coagul Fibrinolysis 6:S45-49(1995); Bick and Pegram, Semin Thromb Hemost 20:109-132 (1994); Harker et al., Haemostasis 1:76-82 (1996); Ruf and Edgington, Faseb J 8:385-390 (1994)), tissue factor pathway inhibitor (Shimizu and Mutoh, Adv Exp Med Biol 407:197-204 (1997); Feuerstein et al., J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal 20 15:255-284 (1997)), thromboxane A2 receptor (Feuerstein et al., J Lipid Mediat Cell

20 15:255-284 (1997)), thromboxane A2 receptor (Feuerstein et al., J Lipid Mediat Cell Signal 15:255-284 (1997); Kinsella et al., Ann NY Acad Sci 714:270-278 (1994);
 Patrono and Renda, Am J Cardiol 80:17E-20E (1997)), lipoprotein lipase (Applebaum-Bowden, Curr Opin Lipidol 6:130-135 (1995)), and factor V (Bertina, Clin Chem 43:1678-1683 (1997); Harker et al., Haemostasis 1:76-82 (1996);

25 Koeleman et al., Semin Hematol 34:256-264 (1997)).

Correlation is performed for a population of individuals who have been tested for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait of interest and for polymorphic markers sets. To perform such analysis, the presence or absence of a set of polymorphisms (i.e. a polymorphic set) is determined for a set of the individuals, some of whom exhibit a particular trait, and some of which exhibit lack of the trait. The alleles of each polymorphism of the set are then reviewed to determine whether the presence or absence of a particular allele is associated with the trait of interest. Correlation can be performed by standard statistical methods such as a κ -squared test and statistically significant correlations between polymorphic form(s) and phenotypic characteristics are noted. For example, it might be found that the presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A correlates with heart disease. As a further example, it might

be found that the combined presence of allele A1 at polymorphism A and allele B1 at polymorphism B correlates with increased milk production of a farm animal.

Such correlations can be exploited in several ways. In the case of a strong correlation between a set of one or more polymorphic forms and a disease for which 5 treatment is available, detection of the polymorphic form set in a human or animal patient may justify immediate administration of treatment, or at least the institution of regular monitoring of the patient. Detection of a polymorphic form correlated with serious disease in a couple contemplating a family may also be valuable to the couple in their reproductive decisions. For example, the female partner might elect to 10 undergo in vitro fertilization to avoid the possibility of transmitting such a polymorphism from her husband to her offspring. In the case of a weaker, but still statistically significant correlation between a polymorphic set and human disease, immediate therapeutic intervention or monitoring may not be justified. Nevertheless, the patient can be motivated to begin simple life-style changes (e.g., diet, exercise) 15 that can be accomplished at little cost to the patient but confer potential benefits in reducing the risk of conditions to which the patient may have increased susceptibility by virtue of variant alleles. Identification of a polymorphic set in a patient correlated with enhanced receptiveness to one of several treatment regimes for a disease indicates that this treatment regime should be followed.

For animals and plants, correlations between characteristics and phenotype are useful for breeding for desired characteristics. For example, Beitz et al., US 5,292,639 discuss use of bovine mitochondrial polymorphisms in a breeding program to improve milk production in cows. To evaluate the effect of mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphism on milk production, each cow was assigned a value of 1 if variant or 0 if wildtype with respect to a prototypical mitochondrial DNA sequence at each of 17 locations considered. Each production trait was analyzed individually with the following animal model:

Y_{ijkpn} = μ + YS_i + P_j + X_k + β₁ + ... β₁₇ + PE_n + a_n + e_p
where Y_{ijknp} is the milk, fat, fat percentage, SNF, SNF percentage, energy
concentration, or lactation energy record; μ is an overall mean; YS_i is the effect common to all cows calving in year-season; X_k is the effect common to cows in either the high or average selection line; β₁ to β₁₇ are the binomial regressions of production record on mtDNA D-loop sequence polymorphisms; PE_n is permanent environmental effect common to all records of cow n; a_n is effect of animal n and is composed of the
additive genetic contribution of sire and dam breeding values and a Mendelian sampling effect; and e_p is a random residual. It was found that eleven of seventeen polymorphisms tested influenced at least one production trait. Bovines having the

best polymorphic forms for milk production at these eleven loci are used as parents for breeding the next generation of the herd.

D. Genetic Mapping of Phenotypic Traits

The previous section concerns identifying correlations between phenotypic traits and polymorphisms that directly or indirectly contribute to those traits. The present section describes identification of a physical linkage between a genetic locus associated with a trait of interest and polymorphic markers that are not associated with the trait, but are in physical proximity with the genetic locus responsible for the trait and co-segregate with it. Such analysis is useful for mapping a genetic locus associated with a phenotypic trait to a chromosomal position, and thereby cloning gene(s) responsible for the trait. See Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 83, 7353-7357 (1986); Lander et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA) 84, 2363-2367 (1987); Donis-Keller et al., Cell 51, 319-337 (1987); Lander et al., Genetics 121, 185-199 (1989)). Genes localized by linkage can be cloned by a process known as directional cloning. See Wainwright, Med. J. Australia 159, 170-174 (1993); Collins, Nature Genetics 1, 3-6 (1992).

Linkage studies are typically performed on members of a family. Available members of the family are characterized for the presence or absence of a phenotypic trait and for a set of polymorphic markers. The distribution of polymorphic markers in an informative meiosis is then analyzed to determine which polymorphic markers co-segregate with a phenotypic trait. See, e.g., Kerem et al., Science 245, 1073-1080 (1989); Monaco et al., Nature 316, 842 (1985); Yamoka et al., Neurology 40, 222-226 (1990); Rossiter et al., FASEB Journal 5, 21-27 (1991).

Linkage is analyzed by calculation of LOD (log of the odds) values. A lod
25 value is the relative likelihood of obtaining observed segregation data for a marker
and a genetic locus when the two are located at a recombination fraction θ, versus the
situation in which the two are not linked, and thus segregating independently
(Thompson & Thompson, Genetics in Medicine (5th ed, W.B. Saunders Company,
Philadelphia, 1991); Strachan, "Mapping the human genome" in The Human Genome
30 (BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd, Oxford), Chapter 4). A series of likelihood ratios are
calculated at various recombination fractions (θ), ranging from θ = 0.0 (coincident
loci) to θ = 0.50 (unlinked). Thus, the likelihood at a given value of θ is: probability
of data if loci linked at θ to probability of data if loci unlinked. The computed
likelihoods are usually expressed as the log₁₀ of this ratio (i.e., a lod score). For
35 example, a lod score of 3 indicates 1000:1 odds against an apparent observed linkage
being a coincidence. The use of logarithms allows data collected from different

families to be combined by simple addition. Computer programs are available for the calculation of lod scores for differing values of θ (e.g., LIPED, MLINK (Lathrop, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. (USA) 81, 3443-3446 (1984)). For any particular lod score, a recombination fraction may be determined from mathematical tables. See Smith et al., Mathematical tables for research workers in human genetics (Churchill, London, 1961); Smith, Ann. Hum. Genet. 32, 127-150 (1968). The value of θ at which the lod score is the highest is considered to be the best estimate of the recombination fraction.

Positive lod score values suggest that the two loci are linked, whereas negative values suggest that linkage is less likely (at that value of θ) than the possibility that the two loci are unlinked. By convention, a combined lod score of +3 or greater (equivalent to greater than 1000:1 odds in favor of linkage) is considered definitive evidence that two loci are linked. Similarly, by convention, a negative lod score of -2 or less is taken as definitive evidence against linkage of the two loci being compared. Negative linkage data are useful in excluding a chromosome or a segment thereof from consideration. The search focuses on the remaining non-excluded chromosomal locations.

IV. Modified Polypeptides and Gene Sequences

The invention further provides variant forms of nucleic acids and corresponding proteins. The nucleic acids comprise one of the sequences described in the Table, column 8, in which the polymorphic position is occupied by one of the alternative bases for that position. Some nucleic acids encode full-length variant forms of proteins. Similarly, variant proteins have the prototypical amino acid sequences encoded by nucleic acid sequences shown in the Table, column 8, (read so as to be in-frame with the full-length coding sequence of which it is a component) except at an amino acid encoded by a codon including one of the polymorphic positions shown in the Table. That position is occupied by the amino acid coded by the corresponding codon in any of the alternative forms shown in the Table.

Variant genes can be expressed in an expression vector in which a variant gene is operably linked to a native or other promoter. Usually, the promoter is a eukaryotic promoter for expression in a mammalian cell. The transcription regulation sequences typically include a heterologous promoter and optionally an enhancer which is recognized by the host. The selection of an appropriate promoter, for example trp, lac, phage promoters, glycolytic enzyme promoters and tRNA promoters, depends on the host selected. Commercially available expression vectors can be used. Vectors can include host-recognized replication systems, amplifiable genes, selectable markers, host sequences useful for insertion into the host genome, and the like.

The means of introducing the expression construct into a host cell varies depending upon the particular construction and the target host. Suitable means include fusion, conjugation, transfection, transduction, electroporation or injection, as described in Sambrook, supra. A wide variety of host cells can be employed for expression of the variant gene, both prokaryotic and eukaryotic. Suitable host cells include bacteria such as E. coli, yeast, filamentous fungi, insect cells, mammalian cells, typically immortalized, e.g., mouse, CHO, human and monkey cell lines and derivatives thereof. Preferred host cells are able to process the variant gene product to produce an appropriate mature polypeptide. Processing includes glycosylation, ubiquitination, disulfide bond formation, general post-translational modification, and the like. As used herein, "gene product" includes mRNA, peptide and protein products.

The protein may be isolated by conventional means of protein biochemistry and purification to obtain a substantially pure product, i.e., 80, 95 or 99% free of cell component contaminants, as described in Jacoby, Methods in Enzymology Volume 104, Academic Press, New York (1984); Scopes, Protein Purification, Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition, Springer-Verlag, New York (1987); and Deutscher (ed), Guide to Protein Purification, Methods in Enzymology, Vol. 182 (1990). If the protein is secreted, it can be isolated from the supernatant in which the host cell is grown. If not 20 secreted, the protein can be isolated from a lysate of the host cells.

The invention further provides transgenic nonhuman animals capable of expressing an exogenous variant gene and/or having one or both alleles of an endogenous variant gene inactivated. Expression of an exogenous variant gene is usually achieved by operably linking the gene to a promoter and optionally an enhancer, and microinjecting the construct into a zygote. See Hogan et al., "Manipulating the Mouse Embryo, A Laboratory Manual," Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory. Inactivation of endogenous variant genes can be achieved by forming a transgene in which a cloned variant gene is inactivated by insertion of a positive selection marker. See Capecchi, Science 244, 1288-1292 (1989). The transgene is then introduced into an embryonic stem cell, where it undergoes homologous recombination with an endogenous variant gene. Mice and other rodents are preferred animals. Such animals provide useful drug screening systems.

In addition to substantially full-length polypeptides expressed by variant genes, the present invention includes biologically active fragments of the polypeptides, or analogs thereof, including organic molecules which simulate the interactions of the peptides. Biologically active fragments include any portion of the full-length polypeptide which confers a biological function on the variant gene

product, including ligand binding, and antibody binding. Ligand binding includes binding by nucleic acids, proteins or polypeptides, small biologically active molecules, or large cellular structures.

Polyclonal and/or monoclonal antibodies that specifically bind to variant gene products but not to corresponding prototypical gene products are also provided. Antibodies can be made by injecting mice or other animals with the variant gene product or synthetic peptide fragments thereof. Monoclonal antibodies are screened as are described, for example, in Harlow & Lane, Antibodies, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York (1988); Goding, Monoclonal antibodies,

10 Principles and Practice (2d ed.) Academic Press, New York (1986). Monoclonal antibodies are tested for specific immunoreactivity with a variant gene product and lack of immunoreactivity to the corresponding prototypical gene product. These antibodies are useful in diagnostic assays for detection of the variant form, or as an active ingredient in a pharmaceutical composition.

15 V. Kits

The invention further provides kits comprising at least one allele-specific oligonucleotide as described above. Often, the kits contain one or more pairs of allele-specific oligonucleotides hybridizing to different forms of a polymorphism. In some kits, the allele-specific oligonucleotides are provided immobilized to a substrate.

- 20 For example, the same substrate can comprise allele-specific oligonucleotide probes for detecting at least 10, 100 or all of the polymorphisms shown in the Table. Optional additional components of the kit include, for example, restriction enzymes, reverse-transcriptase or polymerase, the substrate nucleoside triphosphates, means used to label (for example, an avidin-enzyme conjugate and enzyme substrate and chromogen if the label is biotin), and the appropriate buffers for reverse transcription,
 - PCR, or hybridization reactions. Usually, the kit also contains instructions for carrying out the methods.

The following Examples are offered for the purpose of illustrating the present invention and are not to be construed to limit the scope of this invention. The 30 teachings of all references cited herein are hereby incorporated herein by reference.

EXAMPLES

The polymorphisms shown in the Table were identified by resequencing of target sequences from a minimum of 50 unrelated individuals of diverse ethnic and geographic backgrounds by hybridization to probes immobilized to microfabricated

arrays. The strategy and principles for design and use of such arrays are generally described in WO 95/11995.

A typical probe array used in this analysis has two groups of four sets of probes that respectively tile both strands of a reference sequence. A first probe set 5 comprises a plurality of probes exhibiting perfect complementarily with one of the reference sequences. Each probe in the first probe set has an interrogation position that corresponds to a nucleotide in the reference sequence. That is, the interrogation position is aligned with the corresponding nucleotide in the reference sequence, when the probe and reference sequence are aligned to maximize complementarily between 10 the two. For each probe in the first set, there are three corresponding probes from three additional probe sets. Thus, there are four probes corresponding to each nucleotide in the reference sequence. The probes from the three additional probe sets are identical to the corresponding probe from the first probe set except at the interrogation position, which occurs in the same position in each of the four 15 corresponding probes from the four probe sets, and is occupied by a different nucleotide in the four probe sets. In the present analysis, probes were 25 nucleotides long. Arrays tiled for multiple different references sequences were included on the same substrate.

Publicly available sequences for a given gene were assembled into Gap4

20 (http://www.biozentrum.unibas.ch/~biocomp/staden/Overview.html). PCR primers covering each exon were designed using Primer 3 (http://www-genome.wi.mit.edu/cgi-bin/primer/primer3.cgi). Primers were not designed in regions where there were sequence discrepancies between reads. For CLA1, whose genomic sequence is not published, nested primers were designed from the cDNA. For all genes except CLA1, genomic DNA was amplified in at least 50 individuals using 2.5 pmol each primer, 1.5 mM MgCl₂, 100 μM dNTPs, 0.75 μM AmpliTaq GOLD polymerase, and 19 ng DNA in a 15 μl reaction. Reactions were assembled using a PACKARD MultiPROBE robotic pipetting station and then put in MJ 96-well tetrad thermocyclers (96°C for 10 minutes, followed by 35 cycles of 96°C for 30 seconds, 59°C for 2 minutes, and 72°C for 2 minutes). A subset of the PCR assays for each individual were run on 3% NuSieve gels in 0.5X TBE to confirm that the reaction worked.

For CLA1, first strand cDNA was made using the Gibco BRL SuperScript
Preamplification Kit (#18089-011) and following the manufacturers instructions
second that 150 ng of random hexamers were used to primer 1 µg of total RNA. The
cDNA was amplified using the outermost primer pairs and the above conditions; 1/20
of the reaction was used as a template for the secondary PCR using the innermost

primers. All RT-PCR products were run on 2% NuSieve gels in 1X TAE to confirm the presence of a product.

For a given DNA, 5 μl (about 50ng) of each PCR or RT-PCR product were pooled (Final volume = 150-200 μl). The products were purified using QiaQuick

5 PCR purification from Qiagen. The samples were eluted once in 35 μl sterile water and 4 μl 10X One-Phor-All buffer (Pharmacia). The pooled samples were digested with 0.2 μ DNaseI (Promega) for 10 minutes at 37°C and then labeled with 0.5 nmols biotin-N6-ddATP and 15 μ Terminal Transferase (GibcoBRL Life Technology) for 60 minutes at 37°C. Both fragmentation and labeling reactions were terminated by 10 incubating the pooled sample for 15 minutes at 100°C.

Low-density DNA chips (Affymetrix,CA) were hybridized following the manufacturer's instructions. Briefly, the hybridization cocktail consisted of 3M TMACl, 10 mM Tris pH 7.8, 0.01% Triton X-100, 100 mg/ml herring sperm DNA (Gibco BRL), 200 pM control biotin-labeled oligo. The processed PCR products were denatured for 7 minutes at 100°C and then added to prewarmed (37°C) hybridization solution. The chips were hybridized overnight at 44°C. Chips were washed in 1X SSPET and 6X SSPET followed by staining with 2 µg/ml SARPE and 0.5 mg/ml acetylated BSA in 200 µl of 6X SSPET for 8 minutes at room temperature. Chips were scanned using a Molecular Dynamics scanner.

- Chip image files were analyzed using Ulysses (Affymetrix, CA) which uses four algorithms to identify potential polymorphisms. Candidate polymorphisms were visually inspected and assigned a confidence value: high confidence candidates displayed all three genotypes, while likely candidates showed only two genotypes (homozygous for reference sequence and heterozygous for reference and variant).
- 25 Some of the candidate polymoprhisms were confirmed by ABI sequencing. Identified polymorphisms were compared to SwissProt and the Mutation Database to determine if they were novel. Results are shown in the Table.

In the Table, the genes listed in column 2 are as follows: antithrombin III (AT3); cholesterol ester transfer protein (CETP); CLanalog (HDL/scavenger receptor)

30 (CLanalog); thrombin receptor (F2R); thrombin (F2); heparin Cofactor II (HCF2);

HMG coA-reductase (HMGCR); platelet glycoprotein IIB (ITGA2B); platelet
glycoprotein IIIA (ITGB3); lecithin:cholesterol acyltransferase (LCAT); LDL
receptor (LDLR); protein C (PROC); platelet activating factor receptor (PTAFR);
tissue factor pathway inhibitor (TFPI); thromboxane A2 receptor (TBXA2R);

35 lipoprotein lipase (LPL); tissue factor (F3); and factor V (F5).

Column 1 of the Table shows the laboratory name for the particular gene. Column 3 shows the GenBank Accession number for the wild type (reference) allele. Column 4 shows the nucleotide number location of the polymorphism relative to the numbering of the sequence deposited with GenBank having the listed Accession number; the GenBank sequence is understood to be the nucleotide sequence present in the GenBank database on April 1, 1998, which sequences are incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. These GenBank sequences are illustrated in Figures 3-38.

Column 5 shows the codon which is altered by the polymorphism. Columns 6, 7 and 8 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the silent polymorphisms. Columns 9, 10 and 11 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the missense polymorphisms. Columns 12, 13 and 14 show the reference codon, variant codon and amino acid change, respectively, for the nonsense polymorphisms. Columns 15 and 16 show the nucleotide of the reference allele and the frequency of that allele, respectively. This base is arbitrarily designated the reference or prototypical form, but it is not necessarily the most frequently occurring form. Columns 17 and 18 show the nucleotide of the variant allele and the frequency of that allele, respectively. It is noted that the genes with polymorphism IDs of F5u8, HCF2u1 and HMGCRu2 contained the indicated polymorphism at the indicated nucleotide position, but that

these nucleotide positions are in the non-coding region of the gene.

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	Preq	0.99	0.95	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99	0.98	0.91	0.99	0.93	76.0	66.0	66.0	96.0	0.99
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	Ref codon																
	Codon No.	438	390	455	486	111	135	91	129	147	166	61	165	386	163	413	442
	Nt. Position	100	1298	298	571	400	472	496	610	664	720	405	10777	15342	9363	1314	1353
	GenBank Accession No.	M21645	M30185	J02898	J02898	22255	222555	M62424	M62424	M62424	M62424	M62424	M17262	M17262	J02846	M14335	M12849
	Gene	AT3	CETP	CETP	CETP	CLanalog	CLanalog	P2R	F2R	F2R	F2R	F2R	F2	P2	F3	FS	HCF2
	Polymorphism ID	AT3u3	CETPu1	CETPu8	CBTPu9	CLanalogu3	CLanalogu4	PzRul	F2Ru2	F2Ru3	P2Ru4	P2Ru6	P2u1	F2u2	P3u1	FSu4	HCP2u3

						Silent PM	Æ	¥	Missense	W. B	ž	Nonsense PM	Mg &	ŀ	Allele Freq.	<u>.</u>	
Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	AA change	Ref codon	Var codon	А.А. А.В.	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
HCF2u4	HCF2	M12849	47	7				ర్ట	ACA	A to T				ט	0.98	4	0.03
HCF2u6	HCF2	M12849	651	208				၁ဗ္ဗာ	CAC	R to H				ъ	0.99	4	0.01
HMGCRu1	HMGCR	M11058	1962	638				ATA	GTA	I to V				4	0.99	0	0.01
ITGA2Bu2	ITGAZB	J02764	2623	874				ATC	AGC	I to S			·	Ŀ	0.79 G		0.21
ITGAZBuS	ITGA2B	J02764	2904	896				TAT	AAT	Y to N				F	0.99 A	\dashv	0.01
ITGA2Bu6	1TCA2B	J02764	120	40				ACC	ATC	T to I				υ	T 76.0		0.03
ITGA2Bu7	ITGAZB	J02764	2299	992				ATT	AGT	I to S				-	0.99 G		0.01
ITOBBUT	ITGB3	302703	526	169				CGA	ð	R to Q				U	0.99 A		0.01
ITGB3u8	ITGB3	J02703	1377	453				STC.	ATC	V to I	·			- 0	0.99 A		0.01
LCATu2	LCAT	M12625	196	232				ដ្	ĄĊŢ	S to T				H	0.98 A	-	0.02
LDLRu14	LDLR	190321	29	814				g	CAG	R to Q				ט	0.99 A	\neg	0.01
LDLRu7	LDLR	L29401	691	2				8	990	G to R				U	0.99 C		0.01
LDLRu8	LDLR	L00344	59	468				STC	ATC	V to I				U	A 66.0	_	0.01
LPLu2	LPL	M15856	1453	427				ပ္ပ	ACC	A to T				ь	A 66.0		0.01
PROCu4	PROC	K02059	534	283				AAG	AGG	K to R				4	0.99 G	┪	0.01
PTAPRu3	PTAFR	D10202	783	224				ţ	GAT	A to D				U	A 66.0	-	0.01
PTAPRu4	PTAFR	D10202	194	28				ည	J.T.C	L to F				-	0.99 T		0.01

						Silent PM	t PM	E	Missense PM	e PM	ž	Nonsense	e PM		Allel Preq.	٠. و	
Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No	Ref codon	Var codon	<i>АА</i> эрльдэ	Ref codon	Var codon	УУ сралде	Ref codon	Var codon	<i>уу</i> сряиде	Ref allele	Fred	Var allele	Freq
PTAFRuS	PTAFR	D10202	1125	338				AAT	AGT	N to S				4	96.0	9	0.02
TPPIU1	TFPI	J03225	1006	292				GTG	ATG	V to M				Ŋ	66.0	٠ 4	0.01
CETPu4	CETP	M30185	196	22	ACC	ACA	T to T							υ	66.0	4	0.01
LDLRu13	LDLR	100336	29	27	TGT	TGC	C to C							Ţ	0.62 (٥	0.38
HCP3u2	HCF2	M12849	259	77	GAC	GAT	D to D							c	76.0	ı.	0.03
CETPu5	CETP	M30185	388	. 86	ATC	ATT	I to I							υ	0.99	c c	0.01
HCP2uS	HCF2	M12849	313	95	ATC	ATT	I to I							၁	1 66.0		10.0
ITGB3u7	ITGB3	J02703	362	114	ATT	ATC	I to I							7	0.97 C	-	0.03
P2Ru7	P2R	M62424	609	129	ST.	E.	L to L							υ	T 86.0		0.02
PROCu2	PROC	K02059	109	141	TCT	5 E	S to S							Ŧ	0.46 @		0.54
CLanalogu2	CLanalog	222555	570	167	ည္မွ	155	G to G							υ	0.88 T		0.12
F2RuS	F2R	M62424	740	172	Ţ	1CG	S to S							Į4	0.99		0.01
LCATUI	LCAT	M12625	864	199	GTC	CH.	V to V							υ	D.99 T		0.01
CBTPu6	CBTP	M30185	766	212	ည္ဟ	GCT T	A to A							υ	0.98 T		0.02
PROCu3	PROC	M11228	9358	256	GAT	GAC	D to D							F	0.98 C		0.02
F2u4	P2	M17262	13434	271	ပ္ပ	GGT	G to G							υ	0.98 T		0.02
ITGB3u3	ITGB3	302703	902	294	ţ	ည္ပ	P to P							±	0.87 C		0.13

						Silent PM	₩.d	Ë	Missense PM	e PM	z	Nonsense	W. e		Allele Freg.	i ie	
Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	кет содоп	Var codon	уу срэпде УУ	get codon	Var codon	сря и де УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	УУ сряиде	Ref allele	Fred	Var allele	Freq
PROCu1	PROC	K02059	577	297	GAC	GAT	D to D							၁	0.99	<u> </u>	0.01
LCATu4	LCAT	M12625	1167	300	CGIT	၁ဿ	R to R							ı	0.99	υ	0.01
CLanalogus	CLanalog	222555	972	301	TTC	TT	F to F							ט	0.95	į.	0.05
TBXA2Ru1	TBXA2R	D38081	1915	308	TAT	TAC	Y to Y							Ħ	0.57	٦	0.43
AT3u1	AT3	D29832	1005	327	GTG	GTA	V to V							g	0.64	٧	0.36
CLanalogu1	CLanalog	222555	1119	350	ລລອ	GCT	A to A							٥	99.0	ŀ	0.32
ITGB3u4	ITGB3	502703	1163	381	GTC	GTA	V to V							υ	0.50	V	0.50
LPLu1	LPL	M15856	1338	388	ACC	Ą	T to T							၁	0.89	4	0.11
LCATu3	LCAT	M12625	1444	393	SEC.	TTG	L to L							ນ	0.93	F-	0.07
F2u3	F2	M17262	15419	411	ည	ర్ట	P to P							0	, 76.0	٧	0.03
PSuS	PS	M14335	1318	414	AAA	AAG	K to K							A	0.92	0	80.0
CETPu7	CETP	M30185	1429	433	grc	GTA	V to V							ß	, 66.0	4	0.01
LDLRu9	LDLR	L00343	152	441	ATC	ATT	1 to I							c	0.99	T	0.01.
AT3u4	АТЗ	D29832	1374	450	SAC A	AAT	N to N							b	0.99	1 0	0.01
P5u1	P5	M14335	1456	460	AAC	AAT	N to N							υ	0.95	T 0	0.05
HCP2u7	HCF2	M12849	1474	482	CBC	Ę	н со н							υ	0.53	1	0.47
1TGB3u5	ITGB3	M20311	1549	511	GAG	S.	B to B							υ	0.27	4	6.73

						Silent PM	P.W	Ë	Missense	W. W	z	Nonsense	MG 0		Allele Preq.		
Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	cpsnge	Ref codon	Var codon	ср з иде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	AA epasde	Ref allele	Fred	Var allele	Freq
1TGB3u6	1TGB3	M20311	1561	515	CGA	ອອວ	R to R							æ	0.43	9	0.57
Paus	F2	M17262	16827	534	ccc	CCA	Р to P							ບ	66.0	4	0.01
LDLRu3	LDLR	L00345	46	539	သသ	CCT	P to P							၁	0.89	į.	0.11
Psu6	PS	M14335	1792	572	GAG	GAA	E to B							ß	0.94	4	90.0
LDLRu10	LDLR	U59436	45	575	CTC	CTT	L to L							၁	0.93	1	0.07
LDLRu6	LDLR	U59436	93	591	AAT	AAC	N to N							Ŀ	77.0	٥	0.23
ITGA2Bu3	ITGA2B	M33320	6845	605	ဗ္ဗ	S	P to P							υ	96.0	4	0.02
LDLRu11	LDLR	L00347	90	640	AAC	AAT	N to N							υ	0.99	T (0.01
PSu7	F5	M14335	2002	642	ACC	Ą	T to T							Ų	96.0	٨	0.04
LDLRul	ניסניג	L00347	129	653	GTC	GIT	V to V							υ	0.31	4	0.69
LDLRu12	ניסני	L00349	107	744	ອອວ	€50	R to R							ט	0.85	4	0.15
ITGA28u8	ITGA2B	J02764	2567	855	crr	CIC	L to L							H	0.99	o U	0.01
ITGA2Bu4	ITGA2B	J02764	2918	972	900	ర్ట	P to P							υ	66.0	٥	0.01,
1TGA2Bu1	ITGAZB	M22569	194	1021	GTC	GTT	v to v							υ	0.66	٠ -	0.34
P5u8	FS	L32765	99											ט	0.99	b H	0.01
HCP2u1	HCP2	M58600	11907											v	0.96	٠	0.04
HMGCRu2	HMGCR	M11058	2725											ט	, 6.0	٧	0.03

						Silent PM	. PM	Σ	Missense PM	е РМ	Z.	Nonsense PM	е РМ		Allele Freq.	ele iq.	
Polymorphism ID	Gene	GenBank Accession No.	Nt. Position	Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	уу ср у рде	Ref codon	лях софоп	cpsv3e VV	Ref codon	Var codon	yy cpsude	Ket allele	Freq	Var allele	Preq
ITGB3u2	ITGB3	302703	961	29				CTG	500	L to P				1	0.87	υ	0.13
CETPu2	CETP	M30185	1394	422				ATC	стс	I to V				4	0.34	0	99.0
FSu2	Sd	M14335	1614	513				AGA	AAA	R to K				Ö	0.85	A	0.15
FSu3	PS	M14335	1677	534				CGA	CAA	R to Q				Ü	0.99	4	0.01
AT3u2	AT3	D29832	1035	337	CAG	CAA	0 to 0							b	0.62	«	0.38
LDLRus	LDLR	L00344	70	471	AGG	AGA	R to R							υ	0.68	4	0.32
LPLu3	LPL	M76722	3150	474							ភ្ជ	TGA	S to .	υ	0.85	v	0.15

Genotyping and genetic association studies were performed with respect to the allelic forms of the F5U4 and HCF2U4 genes, and the presence of the reference and variant alleles (as shown in Table 1) were correlated with the occurrence of venous thrombosis and pulmonary emboli. The results are shown in Tables 2 and 3.

5 TABLE 2: HCF2U4 GENETIC ASSOCIATION STUDY

	Case	Control
Reference	115	115
Heterozygote	5	0

(p = 0.027 by Chi-square test)

(p = 0.06 by Fisher's exact test (two-tailed)).

- The F5u4 variant leads to an amino acid substitution (Met413Thr) in the coagulation factor V gene. Another common variant in Factor V (Arg506Gln), the Leiden Variant, is the most common genetic factor predisposing to thrombosis that has been identified to date. Genotyping of patients with deep venous thrombosis has confirmed a statistical association of this variant with deep venous
- thrombosis/pulmonary embolism in two separate populations of patients, as shown below:

TABLE 3: F5U4 GENETIC ASSOCIATION STUDY

	REF	HET	VAR	TOTAL	ALLEL	E FREQ
	KEI	11151	VAK	IOIAL	REF	VAR
Case	226	38	5	269	91%	9%
Control	207	28	0	235	94%	6%

20 2nd Population

Case	85	28	2	115	86%	14%
Control	95	14	4	113	90%	10%

(p <0.05 by Chi-square test for combined populations)

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These data indicate that there is a trend toward an association between the presence of the variant allele (or heterozygousity) and the occurence of venous thrombosis and/or pulmonary emboli.

From the foregoing, it is apparent that the invention includes a number of general uses that can be expressed concisely as follows. The invention provides for the use of any of the nucleic acid segments described above in the diagnosis or monitoring of diseases, such as cancer, inflammation, heart disease, diseases of the cardiovascular system, and infection by microorganisms. The invention further provides for the use of any of the nucleic acid segments in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of such diseases. The invention further provides for the use of any of the DNA segments as a pharmaceutical.

All references cited above are incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes to the same extent as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be so incorporated by reference.

While this invention has been particularly shown and described with references to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

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CLAIMS

WE CLAIM:

- 1. A nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 5 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
- 2. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 10 nucleotides in length.
- 10 3. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is at least 20 nucleotides in length.
 - 4. A nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1, wherein the nucleotide at the polymorphic site is the variant nucleotide for the gene listed in the Table.
- 5. An allele-specific oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a portion of a gene selected from the group consisting of the genes listed in the Table, wherein said portion is at least 5 nucleotides in length and comprises a polymorphic site identified in the Table, wherein a nucleotide at the polymorphic site is different from a nucleotide at the polymorphic site in a corresponding reference allele.
- 20 6. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5 that is a probe.
 - 7. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5, wherein a central position of the probe aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.
 - 8. An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 5 that is a primer.
- An allele-specific oligonucleotide according to Claim 8, wherein the 3' end of
 the primer aligns with the polymorphic site of the portion.

WO 99/50454

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- An isolated gene product encoded by a nucleic acid molecule according to Claim 1.
- 11. A method of analyzing a nucleic acid sample, comprising obtaining the nucleic acid from an individual sample; and determining a base occupying any one of the polymorphic sites shown in the Table.
- 12. A method according to Claim 11, wherein the nucleic acid sample is obtained from a plurality of individuals, and a base occupying one of the polymorphic positions is determined in each of the individuals, and the method further comprising testing each individual for the presence of a disease phenotype, and correlating the presence of the disease phenotype with the base.

					SILENT POLYMORPHISMS	NT HISMS	&	MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	NSE HISMS	2	NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	SE		ALLELE PREQUENCIES	SZIO	
Polymorphism ID	Gene		Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	уу сувиде	Ref codon	Var codon	суугде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	уу сувиде	Ref allele	Fred	Var allele	Freq
AT3u3	AT3		438				AGG	ອອອ	R to G				4	0.99	0	0.01
CETPu1	CETP		390				သ၁၅	၁၁၁	A to P				υ	0.95	٥	0.05
CETPu8	CETP		455				GTG	ATG	V to M				0	66.0	4	0.01
CETPu9	CETP		486				GTG	ATG	V to M				0	66.0	۷	0.01
CLenalogu3	CLanalog		111				OTO	ATG	V to M				b	66.0	4	0.03
CLanalogu4	CLanalog		135				GTC	ATC	V to I				O	66.0	4	10.0
F2Ru1	F2R		91				GAT	GGT	D to G				4	0.99		0.01
P2Ru2	P2R		129				cT0	CGG	L to R				Ŀ	0.98		0.03
P2Ru3	F2R		147				SCA.	GAA	A to E				Ü	0.91 A		0.09
P2Rud	F2R		166				AGT	GGT	S to G				٧	0 66.0		0.01
P2Ru6	F2R		61				AAA	CAA	K to Q				V	0.93 C	-	0.07
P2u1	P2		165				ACG	ATG	T to M				υ	7 T		0.03
F2u2	P2		386				သသ	ACC	PtoT				ပ	0.99 A	-	0.01
F3u1	P3		163				ອຍວ	TGG	R to W				v	0.99 T	_	0.01
PSud	P5		413				ATG	ACG	M to T				T	0.94 C		90.0
HCP2u3	нсР2		442				ACG	ATG	T to M				υ	0.99 T		0.01
HCP2u4	HCF2		7				GCA	ACA	A to T				0	0.98 A		0.03
HCP2u6	HCP2		208				၁၉၁	CAC	R to H				0	0.99 A	_	0.01

FIG. 1A

			:		X	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS	NT PHISMS	104	MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	SE 11SMS	2	NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	SE		ALLELE PREQUENCIES	CIES	
Polymorphism ID	Gene			Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	yy cy s ude	Ref codon	Var codon	cysude vy	Ref codon	Var codon	суяиде УУ	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
HMGCRu1	HMGCR			863				ATA	GTA	I to V				4	66.0	0	0.01
ITGA2Bu2	ITGAZB	·		874				ATC	AGC	I to S				Ţ	0.79	0	0.21
ITGA2Bu5	ITGA2B			896				TAT	AAT	Y to N				T.	0.99	0	0.01
ITGA2Bu6	ITGA2B			40				ACC	ATC	T to I				υ	. 76.0	r 0	0.03
ITGA2Bu7	ITGA2B			766				ATT	AGT	I to S				1	0.99	0	0.01
ITGB3u1	1TGB3			169				CGA	CAA	R to 0				0	66.0	۷ 0	0.01
ITGB3u8	ITGB3			453				GTC	ATC	V to I				0	66.0	٥ ٧	0.01
LCATU2	LCAT			232				TCT	ACT	S to T				7	0.98	٥ ٧	0.02
LDLRu14	LDLR			814				555	CAG	R to Q				0	0.99 A		0.01
LDLRu7	LDLR			2				999	ರಿರಿಎ	G to R				0	0.99 c	\vdash	0.01
LDLRu8	LDLR			468				GTC	ATC	V to I				0	0.99 A		0.01
LPLu2	LPL			427				၁၁၅	ACC	A to T				0	0.99 A	-	0.01
PROCu4	PROC			283				AAG	AGG	K to R				٥	0.99 G		0.01
PTAPRu3	PTAFR		·	224				GCT	GAT	A to D				ů	0.99 A		0.01
PTAFRu4	PTAFR	,		28				CTC	TTC	L to F				ů	0.99 T		0.01
PTAPRu5	PTAFR			338				AAT	AGT	N to S			`	٥	98 G		0.02
TPPIUI	TFPI			292				GTO	ATG	V to M				0 0	A 66.	\vdash	0.01
CETPu4	CETP			22	ACC	ACA	T to T							O	٧ 66.	\neg	0.01
LDLRu13	LDLR			27	īg.	1gc	C to C							-L	0.62 C		0.38

FIG. 1B

WO 99/50454

				χ.	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS	INT PHISMS	POI	MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	ISE HISMS	POI	POLYMORPHISMS POLYMORPHISMS	SE	Δ.	ALLELE PREQUENCIES	E CIES	
Polymorphism ID	Gene		Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	срууде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	Cysude Cysude	Ref codon	Var codon	сувиде УУ	Ref allele Freq	_	Var allele	Freq
HCP2u2	HCF2		77	GAC	GAT	D to D							0 o	0.97	0	0.03
CETPuS	CETP		98	ATC	ATT	I to I							0 0	0.99 T		0.01
HCF2u5	HCP2		95	ATC	ATT	I to I							0 0	0.99 T		0.01
ITGB3u7	ITGB3		114	ATT	ATC	I to I							т	0.97 C	_	0.03
F2Ru7	P2R		129	വാ	TTG	ר גס ר							0 0	0.98 T	-	0.02
PROCu2	PROC		141	TCT	TCG	Stos							T 0	0.46 G		0.54
CLanalogu2	CLanalog		167	၁၅၅	ggt	9 60 9							0	.88		0.12
P2Ru5	F2R		172	TCT	TCG	Stos							T 0	. 99 G	٥	.01
LCATul	LCAT		199	orc	GTT	V to V							ου	0.99 T	\vdash	0.01
CETPu6	CETP		212	၁၁၅	GCT	A to A					·		0 0	0.98 T	-	0.02
PROCu3	PROC		256	GAT	GAC	D to D		i					т 0.	0.98 C	-	0.02
P2u4	P2		271	299	GGT	G to G							0	0.98 T	-	0.02
ITOBJu3	ITGB3		294	CCT	၁၁၁	P to P							0	0.87 C	-	0.13
PROCu1	PROC		297	GAC	GAT	D to D							C 0.	99 T		10.0
LCATud	LCAT		300	CGT	၁၅၁	R to R							Т 0.	0.99 c		0.01,
CLanalogu5	CLanalog		301	TTC	TT	P to F							C 0	0.95 T		0.05
TBXA2Ru1	TBXA2R		308	TAT	TAC	Y to Y							т 0.	0.57 C	\dashv	0.43
AT3u1	AT3		327	GTG	GTA	v to v							0	0.64 A		0.36
CLanalogul	CLanalog		350	၁၁၁	GCT	A to A							ر 0	0.68 T		0.32

FIG. 1C

				, R	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS	NT PH I SMS	104	MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	SE II SMS	8	NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	SE 11 SMS		ALLELE PREQUENCTES	ILE NC 1 ES	
Polymorphism ID	Gene	-	Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	сувиде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	сувиде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	cysude YY	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
ITGB3u4	11GB3		381	отс	GTA	V to V				i			၁	0.50	4	0.50
LPLu1	TAT		388	ACC	ACA	T to T							ပ	0.89	4	0.11
LCATU3	LCAT		393	CTG	TTG	L to L							ο	0.93	Т	0.07
F2u3	P2		411	၁၁၁	CCA	P to P							υ	76.0	4	0.03
PSuS	FS		414	AAA	AAG	K to K							4	0.92	0	0.08
CETPu7	CETP		433	GTG	GTA	V to V							G	0.99	4	0.01
LDLRu9	LDLR		441	ATC	ATT	I to I							υ	66.0	1	0.01
AT3u4	AT3		450	AAC	AAT	N to N							C	66.0	1	0.01
PSul	PS		460	AAC	AAT	N to N							၁	96.0	Ŀ	0.05
HCF2u7	HCF2		482	CAC	CAT	н со н							၁	0.53	Į.	0.47
ITGB3uS	ITGB3		511	GAA	GAA	E to E							b	0.27	٧	6.73
ITGB3u6	ITGB3		515	555	990	R to R							A	0.43	0	0.57
F2u5	P2		534	ಖಂ	CCA	P to P							υ	0.99	A	0.01
LDLRu3	LDLR		539	သသ	CCT	PtoP							c	0.89	1	0.11
FSu6	P5		572	GAG	GAA	EtoE							В	0.94	٧	0.06
LDLRu10	LDLR		575	CTC	CTT	L to L		-					U	0.93	1	0.07
LDLRu6	נסנת		591	AAT	A AC	N to N							£.	6.77	٥	0.23
ITGA2Bu3	ITGA2B		605	goo	₹ CC	P to P							0	96.0	4	0.02
LDLRu11	נסנת		640	AAC	AAT	N to N							٥	0.99	7	0.01

FIG. 1D

				- X	SILENT POLYMORPHISMS	PHISMS	PO.	MISSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	JSE HISMS	2	NONSENSE POLYMORPHISMS	USE HISMS		ALLELE PREQUENCIES	SLE NCIE	
	Gene		Codon No.	Ref codon	Var codon	сувиде УУ	Ref codon	Var codon	cysude VY	noboo leR	Var codon	сучиде УУ	Ref allele	Freq	Var allele	Freq
F5	2		642	ACC	ACA	T to T							၁	96.0	٨	0.04
3	רסנא		653	GTC	פנינ	V to V							υ	0.31	Ŀ	0.69
3	LDLR		244	ຍຍວ	CGA	R to R							0	0.85	٧	0.15
1.1	1TGA2B		558	CTT	ٔ حید	L to L							£4	0.99	၁	0.01
II	ITGA2B		272	ောဘ	CCA	P to P							0	66.0	٧	0.01
II	ITGA2B		1021	отс	GTT	V to V							υ	99.0	£-	0.34
P5	2												O	0.99	7	0.01
НС	нсв2												υ	96.0	1	0.04
Ŧ	HMGCR												o	0.97	٧	0.03
ΙŢ	ITGB3		59				CTG	၅၁၁	L to P				t-	0.87	o	0.13
S	CETP		422				ATC	GTC	I to V				٨	0.34	0	99.0
PS			513				AGA	AAA	R to K				9	0.85	A	0.15
P.S			534				CGA	CAA	R to 0				g	96.0	4	0.01
AT3	.3		337	CAG	CAA	Q to Q							C	0.62	٧.	0.38
C)	LDLR		471	AGG	AGA	R to R							b	0.68	4	0.32
LPL	J.		474							TCA	TGA	S to .	υ	0.85	0	0.15

FIG. 1E

•	•	^	٠
h	•	u	

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	Nuc.Position
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AT3u2	D29832:1035
AT3u3	M21645:100
AT3u4	D29832:1374
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CETPu2	M30185:1394
CETPu3	M30185:991
CETPu4	M30185:196
CETPu5	M30185:388
CETPu6	M30185:766
CETPu7	M30185:1429
CETPu8	J02898:298
CETPu9	J02898:571
CLanalogul	Z22555:1119
CLanalogu2	Z22555:570
CLanalogu3	222555:400
CLanalogu4	222555:472
CLanalogu5	Z22555:972
F2Ru1	M62424:496
F2Ru2	M62424:610
F2Ru3	M62424:664
F2Ru4	M62424:720
F2Ru5	M62424:740
F2Ru6	M62424:405
F2Ru7	M62424:609
F2u1	M17262:10777
F2u2	M17262:15342
F2u3	M17262:15419
F2u4	M17262:13434
F2u5	M17262:16827
F3u1	J02846:9363
F5u1	M14335:1456
F5u2	M14335:1614
F5u3	M14335:1677
F5u4	M14335:1314
F5u5	M14335:1318
F5u6	M14335:1792
F5u7	M14335:2002
HCF2u1	M58600:11907
HCF2u2	M12849:259
HCF2u3	M12849:1353
HCF2u4	M12849:47
HCF2u5	M12849:313
HCF2u6	M12849:651
HCF2u7	M12849:1474
HMGCRu1	M11058:1962
HMGCRu2	M11058:2725

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ITGA2Bu3	M33320:6845
ITGA2Bu4	J02764:2918
ITGA2Bu5	J02764:2904
ITGA2Bu6	J02764:120
ITGA2Bu7	J02764:2299
ITGA2Bu8	J02764:2567
ITGB3u1	J02703:526
ITGB3u2	J02703:196
ITGB3u3	J02703:902
ITGB3u4	J02703:1163
ITGB3u5	M20311:1549
ITGB3u6	M20311:1561
ITGB3u7	J02703:362
ITGB3u8	J02703:332
LCATu1	M12625:864
LCATu2	M12625:961
LCATu3	M12625:361
LCATu4	M12625:1167
LDLRu1	L00347:129
LDLRu10	U59436:45
LDLRu11	L00347:90
LDLRu12	L00347:90
LDLRu13	
LDLRu14	L00336:29 L00351:67
LDLRu2	
LDLRu3	L00338:91 L00345:46
LDLRu4	
LDLRu5	L00349:44
	L00344:70
LDLRu6	U59436:93
LDLRu7	L29401:691
LDLRu8	L00344:59
LDLRu9	L00343:152
LPLu1	M15856:1338
LPLu2	M15856:1453
LPLu3	M76722:3150
PROCu1	K02059:577
PROCu2	K02059:109
PROCu3	M11228:9358
PROCu4	K02059:534
PTAFRu1	D10202:794
PTAFRu2	D10202:1047
PTAFRu3	D10202:783
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PTAFRu5	D10202:1125
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LOCUS HUMPAFRE 1780 bp mRNA PRI 10-OCT-1992 DEFINITION Human mRNA for platelet-activating factor receptor, complete cds. ACCESSION D10202 D90433 NID g219975 KEYWORDS G-protein coupled receptor; PAF receptor; platelet-activating factor receptor. SOURCE Human leukocytes cDNA to mRNA. ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1780) **AUTHORS** Nakamura, M., Honda, Z., Izumi, T., Sakanaka, C., Mutoh, H., MInami, M., Bito, H., Seyama, Y., Noma, M., Mtsumoto, T. and Shimizu, T. TITLE Molecular cloning and expression of platelet-activating factor receptor from human leukocytes JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 266 (30), 20400-20405 (1991) MEDLINE 92041873 REFERENCE (bases 1 to 1780) AUTHORS Shimizu, T. TITLE Direct Submission Submitted (28-JUN-1991) to the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank databases. Takao JOURNAL. Shimizu, Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo, Department of Biochemistry; 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo 113, Japan (Tel:03-3812-2111(ex.3448), Fax:03-3813-8732) COMMENT Submitted (28-Jun-1991) to DDBJ by: Takao Shimizu Department of Biochemistry Faculty of Medicine, University of Tokyo 7-3-1 Hongo, Bunkyo-ku Tokyo 113 Japan Phone: 03-3812-2111 x3448 03-3813-8732. Fax: **FEATURES** Location/Qualifiers source 1..1780 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /cell_type="leukocytes" CDS $113..\overline{1}1\overline{4}\overline{1}$ /codon_start=1 /product="platelet-activating factor receptor" /db_xref="PID:d1001519" /db_xref="PID:g219976"

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241	gtaccettge	graceraggg	tcattgctaa	tggctacgtg	ctgtgggtct	ttgcccgcct
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401	caayactyct	cayyccaaca	cccqcaaqcq	tggcatctct	ttatccttaa	teatetagat
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9/97

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LOCUS VIIITAMUH 1467 bp mRNA PRI 03-SEP-1996 DEFINITION Human mRNA for antithrombin III variant, complete cds. ACCESSION D29832 NID g576553 KEYWORDS AT-III; antithrombin III. SOURCE Homo sapiens (individual-isolate AT-III Kyoto) cDNA to mRNA, clone ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. REFERENCE 1 (sites) **AUTHORS** Tsuji, H., Takada, O., Nakagawa, M., Tanaka, S. and Hashimoto-Gotoh, T. Hereditary antithrombin III deficiency: identification of an TITLE arginine-406 to methionine point mutation near protease reactive site **JOURNAL** (in) Yoshida, T.O. and Wilson, J.M. (Eds.); MOLECULAR APPROACHES TO THE STUDY AND TREATMENT OF HUMAN DISEASES: 51-55: Elsevier Science (1992) REFERENCE 2 (bases 1 to 1467) Hashimoto-Gotoh, T. AUTHORS JOURNAL Unpublished (1994) Location/Qualifiers FEATURES source 1..1467 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" CDS 22..1419 /note="Wild type AT-III has 'g' instead of 't' at position 1337 nt. Also amino acid residue changes from Met to Arg at position 406 aa in wild type AT-III. /codon_start=1 /product="antithrombin III (AT-III) variant" /db_xref="PID:d1006776" /db_xref="PID:g576554"

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11/97

LOCUS 2932 bp HUMHTAR mRNA PRT 03-APR-1996 DEFINITION Human mRNA for thromboxane A2 receptor, complete cds. ACCESSION D38081 g533325 NID KEYWORDS thromboxane A2 receptor. SOURCE Homo spaiens placenta cDNA to mRNA, clone HPL. ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; HOMO. REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 2932) **AUTHORS** Hirata, M., Hayashi, Y., Ushikubi, F., Yokota, Y., Kageyama, R., Nakanishi, S. and Narumiya, S. Cloning and expression of cDNA for a human thromboxane A2 receptor TITLE Nature 349 (6310), 617-620 (1991) JOURNAL MEDLINE 91156030 REFERENCE (sites) **AUTHORS** Nusing, R.M., Hirata, M., Kakizuka, A., Eki, T., Ozawa, K. and Narumiya, S. TITLE Characterization and chromosomal mapping of the human thromboxane A2 receptor gene JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 268 (33), 25253-25259 (1993) 94043399 MEDLINE REFERENCE 3 (bases 1 to 2932) **AUTHORS** Hirata, M. TITLE Direct Submission JOURNAL Submitted (26-AUG-1994) to the DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank databases. Masakazu Hirata, Kyoto University Faculty of Medicine, Department of Pharmacology; Yoshida, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, Kyoto 606, Japan (Tel:81-75-753-4392, Fax:81-75-753-4693) **FEATURES** Location/Qualifiers source 1..2932 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /tissue_type="placenta" misc_feature 1..705 /note="This part of the cDNA clone may not belong to the thromboxane A2 receptor gene. Please refer to Nuesing, R.M. et al. (reference2) " CDS 992..2023 /codon_start=1 /evidence=experimental /product="Human thromboxane A2 receptor" /db_xref="PID:d1007852" /db_xref="PID:g533326" /translation="MWPNGSSLGPCFRPTNITLEERRLIASPWFAASFCVVGLASNLL

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     2401 acctcccggg ttcaagcgat tctcctgcct cagcctcctg agtagctggg actataggcg
     2461 cgcgccacca cgcccggcta atttttgtat ttttagtaga gacggggttt caccgtgttg
     2521 gccaggctgg tcttgaactc ctgacctcag gtgattcacc agcctcagcc tcccaaagtg
     2581 ctgggatcac aggcatgaac caccacacct ggccattttt ttttttttt tagacggagt
     2641 ctcactctgt ggcccagcct ggagtacagt ggcacgatct cggctcactg caacctccgc
     2701 ctcccgggtt caagcgattc tcgtgcctca gcctcccgag cagctgggat tacaggcgta
     2761 agccactgcg cccggccttg catgctcttt gaccctgaat ttgacctact tgctggggta
     2821 cagttgcttc cttttgaacc tccaacaggg aaggctctgt ccagaaagga ttgaatgtga
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LOCUS
            HUMGP3A
                         3170 bp
                                    mRNA
                                                     PRI
                                                               08-NOV-1994
DEFINITION Human endothelial membrane glycoprotein IIIa (GPIIIa) mRNA,
            complete cds.
ACCESSION
            J02703
NID
            g183452
KEYWORDS
            glycoprotein; glycoprotein IIIa.
SOURCE
            Human umbilical vein endothelial cell, cDNA to mRNA.
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
              (bases 1 to 3170)
REFERENCE
  AUTHORS
            Fitzgerald, L.A., Steiner, B., Rall, S.C. Jr., Lo, S.S. and
            Phillips, D.R.
            Protein sequence of endothelial glycoprotein IIIa derived from a
  TITLE
            cDNA clone. Identity with platelet glycoprotein IIIa and
similarity
            to 'integrin'
  JOURNAL
            J. Biol. Chem. 262 (9), 3936-3939 (1987)
  MEDLINE
            87165991
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by L.A.Fitzgerald, 10-FEB-1987.
            The endothelial membrane glycoprotein IIIa is probably identical
to
            the platelet glycoprotein IIIa.
FEATURES
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                     putative*
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                     21..2387
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                     /note="glycoprotein IIIa precursor"
                     /codon_start=1
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                     /db_xref="PID:g306786"
/translation="MRARPRPRPLWVTVLALGALAGVGVGGPNICTTRGVSSCQQCLA
VSPMCAWCSDEALPLGSPRCDLKENLLKDNCAPESIEFPVSEARVLEDRPLSDKGSGD
SSQVTQVSPQRIALRLRPDDSKNFSIQVRQVEDYPVDIYYLMDLSYSMKDDLWSIQNL
GTKLATQMRKLTSNLRIGFGAFVDKPVSPYMYISPPEALENPCYDMKTTCLPMFGYKH
VLTLTDQVTRFNEEVKKQSVSRNRDAPEGGFDAIMQATVCDEKIGWRNDASHLLVFTT
DAKTHIALDGRLAGIVQPNDGQCHVGSDNHYSASTTMDYPSLGLMTEKLSQKNINLIF
AVTENVVNLYQNYSELIPGTTVGVLSMDSSNVLQLIVDAYGKIRSKVELEVRDLPEEL
SLSFNATCLNNEVIPGLKSCMGLKIGDTVSFSIEAKVRGCPQEKEKSFTIKPVGFKDS
LIVQVTFDCDCACQAQAEPNSHRCNNGNGTFECGVCRCGPGWLGSQCECSEEDYRPSQ
QDECSPREGQPVCSQRGECLCGQCVCHSSDFGKITGKYCECDDFSCVRYKGEMCSGHG
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14/97

EKCPTCPDACTFKKECVECKKFDREPYMTENTCNRYCRDEIESVKELKDTGKDAVNCT

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YKNEDDCVVRFQYYEDSSGKSILYVVEEPECPKGPDILVVLLSVMGAILLIGLAALLI
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      mat_peptide
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BASE COUNT
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                                809 с
                                            909 g
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         61 tgctggcgct gggggcgctg gcgggcgttg gcgtaggagg gcccaacatc tgtaccacgc
       121 gaggtgtgag ctcetgcag cagtgcctgg ctgtgagccc catgtgtgcc tggtgctctg
181 atgaggcct gcetctggc tcacctcgct gtgacctgaa ggagaatctg ctgaaggata
241 actgtgccc agaatccatc gagttcccag tgagtgaggc ccgagtacta gaggacaggc
        301 ccctcagcga caagggctct ggagacagct cccaggtcac tcaagtcagt ccccagagga
       361 ttgcactccg gctccggcca gatgattcga agaatttctc catccaagtg cggcaggtgg 421 aggattaccc tgtggacatc tactacttga tggacctgtc ttactccatg aaggatgatc
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541 acctgcggat tggcttcggg gcatttgtgg acaagcctgt gtcaccatac atgtatatct
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      1081 ccacagttgg ggttctgtcc atggattcca gcaatgtcct ccagctcatt gttgatgctt 1141 atgggaaaat ccgttctaaa gtcgagctgg aagtgcgtga cctccctgaa gagttgtctc
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1501 gatcccagtg tgagtgctca gaggaggact atcgcccttc ccagcaggac gagtgcagcc
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      1681 gtgtccgcta caagggggag atgtgctcag gccatggcca gtgcagctgt ggggactgcc
      1741 tgtgtgactc cgactggacc ggctactact gcaactgtac cacgcgtact gacacctgca
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      2101 agtactatga agattctagt ggaaagtcca tcctgtatgt ggtagaagag ccagagtgtc
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      2701 ggagctgagc aggtgttctt cattacctca gtgagaagcc agctttcctc atcaggccat
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     2881 taggaactgc tggcttggca gcccgggtca tctgtacctc tgcctccttt cccctcctc 2941 aggccgaagg aggagtcagg gagagctgaa ctattagagc tgcctgtgcc ttttgccatc
      3001 ccctcaaccc agctatggtt ctctcgcaag ggaagtcctt gcaagctaat tctttgacct
     3061 gttgggagtg aggatgtctg ggccactcag gggtcattca tggcctgggg gatgtaccag 3121 catctcccag ttcataatca caaccttca gatttgcctt attggcagcg
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15/97

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```
LOCUS
           HUMPLG2B
                         3303 bp
                                    mRNA
                                                     PRT
                                                                07-JAN-1995
DEFINITION
           Human platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb (ITGA2B) mRNA, complete
ACCESSION
           J02764
           g190067
NID
KEYWORDS
           membrane adhesive protein; platelet membrane glycoprotein;
platelet
            receptor.
SOURCE
           Human HEL cell, cDNA to mRNA.
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 3303)
  AUTHORS
            Poncz, M., Eisman, R., Heidenreich, R., Silver, S.M., Vilaire, G.,
            Surrey, S., Schwartz, E. and Bennett, J.S.
  TITLE
            Structure of the platelet membrane glycoprotein IIb. Homology to
            the alpha subunits of the vitronectin and fibronectin membrane
            receptors
  JOURNAL
            J. Biol. Chem. 262 (18), 8476-8482 (1987)
  MEDLINE
            87250457
COMMENT
           Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly provided by
            M.Poncz, 15-APR-1987.
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PLGDLDRDGYNDIAVAAPYGGPSGRGQVLVFLGQSEGLRSRPSQVLDSPFPTGSAFGF
SLRGAVDIDDNGYPDLIVGAYGANQVAVYRAQPVVKASVQLLVQDSLNPAVKSCVLPQ
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      181 ccatgggaga gtggccatcg tggtgggcgc cccgcggacc ctgggcccca gccaggagga
      241 gacgggegge gtgtteetgt geeeetggag ggeegaggge ggeeagtgee eetegetget
301 etttgaeete egtgatgaga eeegaaatgt aggeteecaa aetttacaaa eettcaagge
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      421 ctggcagcac tggaacgtcc tagaaaagac tgaggaggct gagaagacgc ccgtaggtag
      481 ctgctttttg gctcagccag agagcggccg ccgcgccgag tactccccct gtcgcgggaa
      541 caccetgage egeatttaeg tggaaaatga ttttagetgg gacaagegtt actgtgaage
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      661 ttatttetta ggteteetgg eccaggetee agttgeggat attttetega gttacegeee
      721 aggcatectt ttgtggcacg tgteeteeca gageetetee tttgaeteea gcaacecaga
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      961 tgggcattca gtggctgtca ctgacgtcaa cggggatggg aggcatgatc tgctggtggg
     1021 cgctccactg tatatggaga gccgggcaga ccgaaaactg gccgaagtgg ggcgtgtgta
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     1381 caacggatac ccagacctga tcgtgggagc ttacggggcc aaccaggtgg ctgtgtacag
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1561 gtgtgttgga gecaetggge acaacattee teagaageta teeetaaatg eegagetgea
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     2521 ctccgacctg ctctacatcc tggatataca gccccagggg ggccttcagt gcttcccaca
    2581 gcctcctgtc aaccctctca aggtggactg ggggctgccc atccccagcc cctccccat
2641 tcacccggcc catcacaagc gggatcgcag acagatcttc ctgccagagc ccgagcagcc
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2821 2881 2941 3001 3061 3121	gtggctgccc gttcaacgtg tcaggtgtgg gctggtgggt ggtcggcttc atggtgcagc	caggatccag caggagatgg agcctctacc tcctccctcc acacagetgc gtgctgggtg ttcaagcgga ctacactata	egegegggea agaggeetet cetatgeggt teegggeett geetgetget aceggeeace etageaggag	gcgggccatg ggatcagttt gcccccgctc ggaggagagg gctcaccatc cctggaagaa	gtcacggtgc gtgctgcagt agcctgcccc gccattccaa ctggtcctgg gatgatgaag	tggccttcct cgcacgcatg gaggggaagc tctggtgggt ccatgtggaa agggggagtg
3181	tccaacaagt tttccctccc	ctacactatt tgcctccaag aacagagctg	ctagcaggag	ggttgggcgt	gctacctgca	ccgccccttc

18/97

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LOCUS
            HUMTFPB
                        13865 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                                14-JAN-1995
DEFINITION
           Human tissue factor gene, complete cds.
ACCESSION
            J02846
NID
            g339505
KEYWORDS
            Alu repeat; cell surface integral membrane protein; cell surface
            receptor; tissue factor.
SOURCE
            Human DNA, clones lambda-TF[559,679,753,885,1377].
 ORGANISM
           Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 13865)
  AUTHORS
            Mackman, N., Morrissey, J.H., Fowler, B. and Edgington, T.S.
  TITLE
            Complete sequence of the human tissue factor gene, a highly
            regulated cellular receptor that initiates the coagulation
protease
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 28 (4), 1755-1762 (1989)
  MEDLINE
            89247359
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by J.H.Morrissey, 25-OCT-1988.
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FIG. 8A

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                          /gene="F3"
                          /number=5
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                         10954..11249
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TEACT	accelectaa	Latgetttae	aatctgcact	ttaactgact	taantmocat	taaacattta
13021	ayayctaact	alatttttat	aagactacta	tacaaactac	agagtttatg	atttaacota
TOOT	citaaagett	ctatggttga	cattgtatat	ataattttt	aaaaaggttt	tctatatooo
TOTAT	gattttctat	ttatgtaggt	aatattotto	tatttotata	tattgagata	atttatttaa
13201	Lacactttaa	ataaaggtga	Ctgggaattg	ttactottot	acttattcta	tetteeattt
13201	actactacy	Lacaatttgg	tatttatatt	agetetaeta	cantaaatna	ctdtaaaatt
13321	greagegget	tacaacaacg	tatetttte	gettataata	cattttaata	actotagget
TOOOT	gactgcactt	cttctcaatg	ttttctcatt	ctaggatgca	aaccaatooa	gaageceta
13441	attagatcag	ggcagaqqqa	aaaacaaaaa	actootagaa	accaaccaacc	acaccttcaa
TOOOT	gctttaagcc	catctcctac	acttctcctc	tatacataca	cattataact	tetetteses
TOOOT	Lyctactgtc	ccaaqcaagt	gaccaageet	Cacaatactt	tatatactaa	antrantana
13021	aggeacatga	cyggggaagg	atotcotctt	acadddaada	maaaamataa	tootototoo
12001	Lycayactig	yagagatttc	ttcccattoo	Cagtagtttg	actaattooa	ceeenenten
13/41	aaayaaacat	ccccgggatg	attotattoa	aacaaaatta	aataaaaaa	caatatanna
13001	Layyyayaya	tataagtgga	atgagatete	tagagtccat	taaaannaan	ctagattgag
13861	agctc		5 5		uuguug	·

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LOCUS
            HUMCETP7
                          894 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                                01-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP) gene, exons 15 and
ACCESSION
            M32998 J02898
            g180267
NID
KEYWORDS
            cholesteryl ester transfer protein.
SEGMENT
            7 of 7
SOURCE
            Human DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 894)
  AUTHORS
            Agellon, L.B., Quinet, E.M., Gillette, T.G., Drayna, D.T., Brown, M.L.
            and Tall, A.R.
  JOURNAL
            Unpublished (1990)
REFERENCE
               (sites)
  AUTHORS
            Agellon, L.B., Quinet, E.M., Gillette, T.G., Drayna, D.T., Brown, M.L.
            and Tall, A.R.
            Organization of the human cholesteryl ester transfer protein gene
  TITLE
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 29 (6), 1372-1376 (1990)
  MEDLINE
            90241928
COMMENT
            [2] sites for [1]; intron/exon boundaries.
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [2] kindly
submitted
            by L.B.Agellon, 16-MAR-1990.
FEATURES
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     gene
                     M32995:1..399,M32996:1..409,M32997:1..1420,1..342)
                     /gene="CETP"
     CDS
                     join(M32992:388..505,M32992:1408..1522,M32993:432..566,
                     M32993:654..724,M32993:954..1041,M32993:2068..2137
                     M32993:2355..2415, M32993:3023..3114, M32994:166..345,
                     M32995:238..288,M32996:128..292,M32997:375..442,
                     M32997:770..803, M32997:1285..1357, 257..342, 523..597)
                     /note="cholesteryl ester transferase protein precursor"
                     /codon_start=1
                     /db_xref="PID:g180269"
/translation="MLAATVLTLALLGNAHACSKGTSHEAGIVCRITKPALLVLNHET
AKVIQTAFQRASYPDITGEKAMMLLGQVKYGLHNIQISHLSIASSQVELVEAKSIDVS
IQNVSVVFKGTLKYGYTTAWWLGIDQSIDFEIDSAIDLQINTQLTCDSGRVRTDAPDC
{\tt YLSFHKLLLHLQGEREPGWIKQLFTNFISFTLKLVLKGQICKEINVISNIMADFVQTR}
AASILSDGDIGVDISLTGDPVITASYLESHHKGHFIYKNVSEDLPLPTFSPTLLGDSR
MLYFWFSERVFHSLAKVAFQDGRLMLSLMGDEFKAVLETWGFNTNOEIFOEVVGGFPS
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NSKGVSLFDIINPEIITRDGFLLLQMDFGFPEHLLVDFLOSLS"

 $\label{thmpkisconkgvvvnssvmvkflfprpdqqhsvaytfeedivttvqasy} \\ \text{SKKKLFLSLLDFQ} \\ \text{TPKTVSNLTESSSESVQSFLQSMITAVG} \\ \text{TPKTVSNLTESSSESVQSFLQSMI$

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prim_transcript <1..772
                           /note="CETP mRNA and introns"
      intron
                           <1..256
                           /gene="CETP"
                           /note="CETP intron N°
      mat_peptide
                           257..342
                           /gene="CETP"
                           /note=*cholesteryl ester transferase protein*
      exon
                           257..342
                           /gene="CETP"
                           /note="G00-119-773"
                           /number=15
      intron
                           343..522
                           /note="CETP intron O"
                           523..>597
                           /note="cholesteryl ester transferase protein precursor"
                           /number=16
      mat_peptide
                           523..594
                           /note=*cholesteryl ester transferase protein*
      polyA_signal
                           756..762
BASE COUNT
                   178 a
                               262 c
                                            256 g
                                                       198 t
ORIGIN
               About 950 bp after segment 6.
        1 ggatgggttg ggagctcaag ttttggggca gaagggaatt ttttttggca gcagagtgca
61 agccctgccg ccaggcaaac tctgctcttc ctcatcctca gaagcacttg ctcactctgc
       121 taaatcaaag tgaaacgcat gtttacagaa tattggtcca aaagggtctc agcatctccc
       181 actaccagg gtgcagagcc tcggggccggc cttgctccc aagaagggct gactggggct
241 ctgtcccct gccagggct cgaggtagtg tttacagcc tcatgaacag caaaggcgtg
301 agcctcttcg acatcatcaa ccctgagatt atcactcgag atgtgagtac aaagcccccc
       361 tcaccagccc ctgttcctgg ggagagaggc ccagacagga ttcctggggt gactgggggc
       421 tgttggggag acagacagag gggcctctac cagcttggct ccctcctggt ggcctgggag
481 tcagcccagc tcgcccctct ctcctactgc ccctcccttc agggcttcct gctgctgcag
       541 atggactttg gcttccctga gcacctgctg gtggatttcc tccagagett gagctagaag
       601 tetecaagga ggtegggatg gggettgtag cagaaggeaa geaceagget caeagetgga
661 accetggtgt etectecage gtggtggaag ttgggttagg agtacggaga tggagattgg
       721 ctcccaactc ctccctatcc taaaggccca ctggcattaa agtgctgtat ccaagagctg
       781 cggagtcctt cttctgtggc tggcgggtag agggggggg aagggattgt ctcaccagtg
       841 ccgtccacct cttttcagcc cttccaagca gctgccccca aaccctccaa gctt
```

25/97

LOCUS HUMCILA 1431 bp mRNA PRI 01-NOV-1994 DEFINITION Human lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor mRNA, complete cds. ACCESSION J03225 g180545 NID lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor. KEYWORDS SOURCE Human placenta, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda-P9. ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1431) **AUTHORS** Wun, T.C., Kretzmer, K.K., Girard, T.J., Miletich, J.P. and Broze, G.J. Jr. Cloning and characterization of a cDNA coding for the TITLE lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor shows that it consists of three tandem Kunitz-type inhibitory domains **JOURNAL** J. Biol. Chem. 263 (13), 6001-6004 (1988) 88198127 MEDLINE COMMENT Draft entry and printed copy of sequence for [1] kindly provided χα T.-C.Wun, 19-MAR-1988. **FEATURES** Location/Qualifiers source 1..1431 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /map="2q31-q32.1" sig_peptide 133..216 /gene="TFPI" /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor signal peptide* CDS 133..1047 /gene="TFPI" /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor precursor* /codon_start=1 /db_xref="GDB:G00-127-364" /db_xref="PID:g180546"

/translation="MIYTMKKVHALWASVCLLLNLAPAPLNADSEEDEEHTIITDTEL

PPLKLMHSFCAFKADDGPCKAIMKRFFFNIFTRQCEEFIYGGCEGNQNRFESLEECKK

MCTRDNANRIIKTTLQQEKPDFCFLEEDPGICRGYITRYFYNNQTKQCERFKYGGCLG

 ${\bf NMNNFETLEECKNICEDGPNGFQVDNYGTQLNAVNNSLTPQSTKVPSLFEFHGPSWCL}$

TPADRGLCRANENRFYYNSVIGKCRPFKYSGCGGNENNFTSKQECLRACKKGFIQRIS KGGLIKTKRKKKQRVKIAYEEIFVKNM*

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gene
                       133..1047
                       /gene="TFPI"
     mat_peptide
                       217..1044
                       /gene="TFPI"
                       /note="lipoprotein-associated coagulation inhibitor"
BASE COUNT
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                           244 c
                                    267 g
                                                441 t
ORIGIN
             351 bp upstream of SspI site.
        1 ggcgggtctg cttctaaaag aagaagtaga gaagataaat cctgtcttca atacctggaa
       61 ggaaaaacaa aataacctca actccgtttt gaaaaaaaca ttccaagaac tttcatcaga
      121 gattttactt agatgattta cacaatgaag aaagtacatg cactttgggc ttctgtatgc
      181 ctgctgctta atcttgcccc tgcccctctt aatgctgatt ctgaggaaga tgaagaacac
      241 acaattatca cagatacgga gttgccacca ctgaaactta tgcattcatt ttgtgcattc
      301 aaggeggatg atggeeeatg taaageaate atgaaaagat ttttetteaa tatttteaet
      361 cgacagtgcg aagaatttat atatggggga tgtgaaggaa atcagaatcg atttgaaagt
      421 ctggaagagt gcaaaaaaat gtgtacaaga gataatgcaa acaggattat aaagacaaca
      481 ttgcaacaag aaaagccaga tttctgcttt ttggaagaag atcctggaat atgtcgaggt
      541 tatattacca ggtatttta taacaatcag acaaaacagt gtgaacgttt caagtatggt
601 ggatgcctgg gcaatatgaa caattttgag acactggaag aatgcaagaa catttgtgaa
      661 gatggtccga atggtttcca ggtggataat tatggaaccc agctcaatgc tgtgaataac
721 tccctgactc cgcaatcaac caaggttccc agcctttttg aatttcacgg tccctcatgg
      781 tgtctcactc cagcagacag aggattgtgt cgtgccaatg agaacagatt ctactacaat
      841 tcagtcattg ggaaatgccg cccatttaag tacagtggat gtgggggaaa tgaaaacaat
      901 tttacttcca aacaagaatg tctgagggca tgtaaaaaag gtttcatcca aagaatatca
961 aaaggaggcc taattaaaac caaaagaaaa agaaagaagc agagagtgaa aatagcatat
     1021 gaagaaattt ttgttaaaaa tatgtgaatt tgttatagca atgtaacatt aattctacta
     1081 aatattttat atgaaatgtt tcactatgat tttctatttt tcttctaaaa tcgttttaat
     1141 taatatgttc attaaatttt ctatgcttat tgtacttgtt atcaacacgt ttgtatcaga
     1201 gttgcttttc taatcttgtt aaattgctta ttctaggtct gtaatttatt aactggctac
     1261 tgggaaatta cttatttct ggatctatct gtattttcat ttaactacaa attatcatac
     1321 taccggctac atcaaatcag tcctttgatt ccatttggtg accatctgtt tgagaatatg
     1381 atcatgtaaa tgattatctc ctttatagcc tgtaaccaga ttaagccccc c
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27/97

```
LOCUS
            HUMPRC
                          1366 bp
                                                       PRI
                                      mRNA
                                                                 08-JAN-1995 ·
DEFINITION Human protein C, mRNA.
ACCESSION
            K02059
            g190322
NID
KEYWORDS
            glycoprotein; protease; protein C; serine protease.
SOURCE
            Human liver, cDNA (library of Woo) to mRNA, clones lambda-HC1026
            and lambda-HC1375.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 1366)
  AUTHORS
            Foster, D. and Davie, E.W.
            Characterization of a cDNA coding for human protein C
  TITLE
            Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 81 (15), 4766-4770 (1984)
  JOURNAL
  MEDLINE
            84272714
COMMENT
            Protein C is a precursor to a serine protease called 'activated
            protein C' that has a strong anticoagulant activity. The amino
acid
            sequence as determined from the cDNA indicates that protein C is
            synthesized as a single-chain polypeptide containing the light
            chain and the heavy chain connected by a dipeptide of Lys-Arg.
This
            precursor peptide is then converted to the light and heavy chains
            by cleavage of two or more internal peptide bonds. The amino acid
            sequence of human protein C shows a high homology with that of the bovine molecule. Two clones were sequenced in [1] and shown to
            code for human protein C. Clone lambda-HC1026 covers bp 146-1140,
            and clone lambda-HC1375 covers bp 1-1366. The two cDNA clones had
            a poly-A tail at different positions; both poly-A sites were
            preceded by poly-A signals [1].
FEATURES
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     source
                      1..1366
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                      /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                      /tissue_type="liver"
                      /tissue_lib="of Woo"
                      /map="2g13-g21"
     mRNA
                      <1..1366
                      /gene="PROC"
                      /note="G00-120-317"
     mRNA
                      <1..1140
                      /gene="PROC"
                      /note="G00-120-317"
     gene
                      1..1366
                      /gene="PROC"
     mat_peptide
                      <1..277
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                      /note="G00-120-317"
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     CDS
                      <1..1073
                      /gene="PROC"
                      /note="."
                      /codon_start=2
                      /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-317"
                      /product=*protein C*
                      /db_xref="PID:g190323"
/translation="QGHGTCIDGIGSFSCDCRSGWEGRFCQREVSFLNCSLDNGGCTH
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YCLEEVGWRRCSCAPGYKLGDDLLQCHPAVKFPCGRPWKRMEKKRSHLKRDTEDOEDO

VDPRLIDGKMTRRGDSPWQVVLLDSKKKLACGAVLIHPSWVLTAAHCMDESKKLLVRL

GEYDLRRWEKWELDLDIKEVFVHPNYSKSTTDNDIALLHLAQPATLSQTIVPICLPDS

FIG. 11A

```
GLAERELNQAGQETLVTGWGYHSSREKEAKRNRTFVLNFIKIPVVPHNECSEVMSNMV
SENMLCAGILGDRQDACEGDSGGPMVASFHGTWFLVGLVSWGEGCGLLHNYGVYTKVS
                        RYLDWIHGHIRDKEAPQKSWAP*
     mat_peptide
                        284..1069
                        /gene="PROC"
                        /note=*G00-120-317*
                        /product="protein C heavy chain"
     mat_peptide
                        /gene="PROC"
                        /note="G00-120-317"
                        /product="protein C activated heavy chain"
BASE COUNT
                  302 a
                            388 c
                                       425 g 251 t
ORIGIN
             207 bp upstream of PstI site; chromosome 2q14-q21.
         1 ccaagggcac ggcacgtgca tcgacggcat cggcagcttc agctgcgact gccgcagcgg
        61 ctgggagggc cgcttctgcc agcgcgaggt gagcttcctc aattgctctc tggacaacgg
      121 cggctgcacg cattactgcc tagaggaggt gggctggcgg cgctgtagct gtgcgcctgg
      181 ctacaagetg ggggacgace teetgeagtg teaceeegea gtgaagttee ettgtgggag
      241 gccctggaag cggatggaga agaagcgcag tcacctgaaa cgagacacag aagaccaaga
      301 agaccaagta gatccgcggc tcattgatgg gaagatgacc aggcggggag acagcccctg
      361 gcaggtggte ctgctggact caaagaagaa gctggcctge ggggcagtge tcatccacce 421 ctcctgggtg ctgacagegg cccactgcat ggacgagtee aagaagetee ttgtcagget
      481 tggagagtat gacctgcggc gctgggagaa gtgggagctg gacctggaca tcaaggaggt
      541 ettegtecae eccaactaca geaagageae caeegacaat gacategeae tgetgeaeet 601 ggeecageee geeaeeetet egeagaeeat agtgeecate tgeeteeegg acageggeet
      661 tgcagagege gagetcaate aggeeggeca ggagaceete gtgaeggget ggggetaeca
      721 cagcagecga gagaaggagg ccaagagaaa cegcacette gteetcaact teatcaagat
781 teeegtggte eegcacaatg agtgeagega ggteatgage aacatggtgt etgagaacat
      841 gctgtgtgcg ggcatcctcg gggaccggca ggatgcctgc gagggcgaca gtggggggcc
901 catggtcgcc tccttccacg gcacctggtt cctggtgggc ctggtgagct ggggtgaggg
      961 ctgtgggctc cttcacaact acggcgttta caccaaagtc agccgctacc tcgactggat
     1021 ccatgggcac atcagagaca aggaagcccc ccagaagagc tgggcacctt agcgaccctc
     1081 cctgcagggc tgggcttttg catggcaatg gatgggacat taaagggaca tgtaacaagc
     1141 acaccggcct gctgttctgt ccttccatcc ctcttttggg ctcttctgga gggaagtaac
     1201 atttactgag cacctgttgt atgtcacatg ccttatgaat agaatcttaa ctcctagagc
     1261 aactctgtcg ggtggggagg agcagatcca agttttgcgg ggtctaaagc tgtgtgttt
     1321 gagggggata ctctgtttat gaaaaagaat aaaaaacaca accacg
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LOCUS
            HUMLDLR02
                          144 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                               30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
           Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 2.
            L00336 K02573
ACCESSION
NID
            g187078
KEYWORDS
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
            2 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            [11].
 ORGANISM
           Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 138)
  AUTHORS
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE
            85024898
REFERENCE
            2 (bases 1 to 23; 132 to 144)
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
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     exon
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                     /note="G00-119-362"
                     /number=2
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                     139..>144
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron B"
BASE COUNT
                          33 c
                 33 a
                                    46 g
                                             32 t
ORIGIN
            Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 10 kb after segment 1.
       1 tttcctctct ctcagtgggc gacagatgtg aaagaaacga gttccagtgc caagacggga
       61 aatgcatctc ctacaagtgg gtctgcgatg gcagcgctga gtgccaggat ggctctgatg
      121 agtcccagga gacgtgctgt gagt
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LOCUS
            HUMLDLR04
                          402 bp
                                    DNA
                                                               30-NOV-1994
                                                     PRT
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 4.
            L00338 K02573
ACCESSION
NID
            g187080
KEYWORDS
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
            4 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            111.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 396)
  AUTHORS
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  MEDLINE
            85024898
            2 (bases 1 to 23; 389 to 402)
REFERENCE
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
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                     /map="19p13.3"
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                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron C"
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                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="G00-119-362"
                     /number=4
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                     397..>402
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron D"
BASE COUNT
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                         131 c
                                             78 t
                                  120 g
ORIGIN
            Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.4 kb after segment 3.
        1 catccatece tgcagecece aagacgtget eccaggacga gtttegetge cacgatggga
       61 agtgcatctc tcggcagttc gtctgtgact cagaccggga ctgcttggac ggctcagacg
      121 aggestestg cocggtgets acctgtggts cogccagett coagtgcaac agetscacet
      181 gcatccccca gctgtgggcc tgcgacaacg accccgactg cgaagatggc tcggatgagt
      241 ggccgcagcg ctgtaggggt ctttacgtgt tccaagggga cagtagcccc tgctcggcct
      301 tcgagttcca ctgcctaagt ggcgagtgca tccactccag ctggcgctgt gatggtggcc
      361 ccgactgcaa ggacaaatct gacgaggaaa actgcggtat gg
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LOCUS
            HUMLDLR09
                        . 193 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                                30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 9.
ACCESSION
            L00343 K02573
            g187085
NID
KEYWORDS
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
            9 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            [1].
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 187)
  AUTHORS
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  MEDLINE
            85024898
REFERENCE
              (bases 1 to 23; 180 to 193)
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
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     source
                     1..193
                     /organism="Homo sapiens"
                     /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                     /map="19p13.3"
     intron
                     <1..15
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron H"
                     16..187
     exon
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="G00-119-362"
                     /number=9
     intron
                     188..>193
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron I"
BASE COUNT
                 44 a
                                   52 g
                          64 c
                                             33 t
ORIGIN
            Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 1.2 kb after segment 8.
        1 tecceggace eccaggetee ategeetace tettetteac caaceggeac gaggteagga
      61 agatgacgct ggaccggagc gagtacacca gcctcatccc caacctgagg aacgtggtcg
      121 ctctggacac ggaggtggcc agcaatagaa tctactggtc tgacctgtcc cagagaatga
      181 tctgcaggtg agc
```

```
LOCUS
             HUMLDLR10
                             249 bp
                                        DNA
                                                          PRI
                                                                     30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 10.
ACCESSION
             L00344 K02573
NID
             g187086
KEYWORDS
             low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
             10 of 18
SOURCE
             Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
             [1].
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
             1 (bases 16 to 243)
  AUTHORS
             Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
             Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
             The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
             sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
             Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  MEDLINE
             85024898
                (bases 1 to 23; 236 to 249)
REFERENCE
  AUTHORS
             Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
             The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
             proteins
  JOURNAL
             Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
             85218750
COMMENT
             Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
             by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
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     exon
                       16..243
                       /gene="LDLR"
                       /note="G00-119-362"
                       /number=10
     intron
                       244..>249
                       /gene="LDLR"
                       /note="LDL intron J"
BASE COUNT
                  51 a
                            77 c
                                       71 g
                                                 50 t
             Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 900 bp after segment 9.
ORIGIN
        1 ctcctcctgc ctcagcaccc agcttgacag agcccacggc gtctcttcct atgacaccgt
      61 catcagcagg gacatccagg cccccgacgg gctggctgtg gactggatcc acagcaacat 121 ctactggacc gactctgtcc tgggcactgt ctctgttgcg gataccaagg gcgtgaagag 181 gaaaacgtta ttcagggaga acggctccaa gccaagggcc atcgtggtgg atcctgttca
      241 tgggtgcgt
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```
LOCUS
                           140 bp
             HUMLDLR11
                                                       PRI
                                                                  30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 11.
ACCESSION
             L00345 K02573
             g187087
NID
KEYWORDS
             low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
             11 of 18
SOURCE
             Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
             [1].
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
             1 (bases 6 to 134)
  AUTHORS
             Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  JOURNAL
  MEDLINE
            85024898
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 22; 128 to 140)
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for {1} kindly provided by D.Russell, 01\text{-MAR}-1985.
COMMENT
FEATURES
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                      /organism="Homo sapiens"
                      /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                      /map="19p13.3"
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                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron J"
     exon
                      16..134
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="G00-119-362"
                      /number=11
     intron
                      135..>140
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron K"
BASE COUNT
                  34 a
                           38 c
                                    37 g
                                              31 t
            Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.6 kb after segment 10.
ORIGIN
        1 ctgtcctccc accagcttca tgtactggac tgactgggga actcccgcca agatcaagaa
       61 aggggggcctg aatggtgtgg acatctactc gctggtgact gaaaacattc agtggcccaa
      121 tggcatcacc ctaggtatgt
```

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LOCUS
            HUMLDLR13
                          163 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRT
                                                                30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 13.
            L00347 K02573
ACCESSION
NID
            g187089
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
KEYWORDS
SEGMENT
            13 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            [1].
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 157)
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
  AUTHORS
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  JOURNAL
  MEDLINE
            85024898
            2 (bases 1 to 24; 151 to 163)
REFERENCE
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons snared with different
  TITLE
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
                     Location/Qualifiers
                     1..163
                     /organism="Homo sapiens"
                     /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                     /map="19p13.3"
     intron
                     <1..15
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron L"
     exon
                     16..157
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="G00-119-362"
                     /number=13
     intron
                     158..>163
                     /gene="LDLR"
                     /note="LDL intron M"
BASE COUNT
                          45 c
                 43 a
                                    34 g
                                             41 t
ORIGIN
            Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 3 kb after segment 12.
        1 ttgctgcctg tttaggacaa agtattttgg acagatatca tcaacgaagc cattttcagt
       61 gccaaccgcc tcacaggttc cgatgtcaac ttgttggctg aaaacctact gtccccagag
      121 gatatggtcc tcttccacaa cctcacccag ccaagaggta agg
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```
LOCUS
            HUMLDLR15
                          192 bp
                                     DNA
                                                                30-NOV-1994
                                                      PRI
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 15.
ACCESSION
            L00349 K02573
NID
            g187091
KEYWORDS
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
            15 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            [1].
 ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 186)
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
 AUTHORS
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
 TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
 MEDLINE
            85024898
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 23; 179 to 192)
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
 MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
                     Location/Qualifiers
     source
                      1..192
                      /organism="Homo sapiens"
                      /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                      /map="19p13.3"
     intron
                      <1..15
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron N"
     exon
                      16..186
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="G00-119-362"
                      /number=15
     intron
                     187..>192
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron O"
BASE COUNT
            46 a 64 c 49 g 33 t Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 2.8 kb after segment 14.
                           64 c
ORIGIN
        1 tatttattct ttcagaggct gaggctgcag tggccaccca ggagacatcc accgtcaggc
       61 taaaggtcag ctccacagcc gtaaggacac agcacacaac cacccggcct gttcccgaca
      121 cctcccggct gcctggggcc acccctgggc tcaccacggt ggagatagtg acaatgtctc
      181 accaaggtaa ag
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```
LOCUS
            HUMLDLR17
                           179 bp
                                     DNA
                                                      PRI
                                                                 30-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 17.
ACCESSION
            L00351 K02573
NID
            g187093
KEYWORDS
            low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
            17 of 18
SOURCE
            Human DNA [3] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
            [1].
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 16 to 173)
  AUTHORS
            Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
            Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
            sequences in its mRNA
  JOURNAL
            Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  MEDLINE
            85024898
REFERENCE
               (bases 57 to 101)
  AUTHORS
            Lehrman, M.A., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S., Russell, D.W. and
            Schneider, W.J.
  TITLE
            Internalization-defective LDL receptors produced by genes with
            nonsense and frameshift mutations that truncate the cytoplasmic
            domain
  JOURNAL.
            Cell 41 (3), 735-743 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85228224
REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 23; 164 to 179)
  AUTHORS
            Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
            The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
            proteins
  JOURNAL
            Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
            85218750
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
            by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
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                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron P"
     exon
                      16..173
                      /gene="LDLR".
                      /note="G00-119-362"
                      /number=17
     mutation
                      76..77
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="ac in wt; aagaac in internalization-defective
                      familial hypercholesterolemia [2]"
     intron
                     174..>179
                      /gene="LDLR"
                      /note="LDL intron Q"
            42 a 56 c 39 g 42 t
Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; about 1.4 kb after segment 16.
BASE COUNT
ORIGIN
        1 tgcctctccc tacagtgctc ctcgtcttcc tttgcctggg ggtcttcctt ctatggaaga
       61 actggcggct taagaacatc aacagcatca actttgacaa ccccgtctat cagaagacca
      121 cagaggatga ggtccacatt tgccacaacc aggacggcta cagctacccc tcggtgagt
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WO-99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

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LOCUS
                            769 bp
             HUMLDLR01
                                       DNA
                                                                    30-NOV-1994
                                                         PRI
DEFINITION
            Human low density lipoprotein receptor gene, exon 1.
ACCESSION
             L29401 K02573 M10664 N00033
NID
             g460288
KEYWORDS
             low density lipoprotein receptor-1; repeat region.
SEGMENT
             1 of 18
SOURCE
             Human DNA [2] and fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, clone pLDLR-2
             [1].
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
  AUTHORS
             Yamamoto, T., Davis, C.G., Brown, M.S., Schneider, W.J., Casey, M.L.,
             Goldstein, J.L. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
             The human LDL receptor: a cysteine-rich protein with multiple Alu
             sequences in its mRNA
  JOITENAL.
             Cell 39 (1), 27-38 (1984)
  MEDLINE
             85024898
REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 769)
  AUTHORS
             Sudhof, T.C., Goldstein, J.L., Brown, M.S. and Russell, D.W.
  TITLE
             The LDL receptor gene: a mosaic of exons shared with different
             proteins
  JOURNAL
             Science 228 (4701), 815-822 (1985)
  MEDLINE
             85218750
COMMENT
             Bases 1-769 from Science 228, 815-822 (1985)
             Bases 675-754 from Cell 39, 27-38 (1984)
             Draft entry and computer-readable sequence for [1] kindly provided
             by D.Russell, 01-MAR-1985.
FEATURES
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                       /db_xref="taxon:9606"
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                       /gene="LDLR"
                       /note="low density lipoprotein receptor; G00-119-362"
                       /number=1
     sig_peptide
                       688..750
                       /gene="LDLR"
                       /note="low density lipoprotein receptor signal pept"
     intron
                       755..>769
                       /gene="LDLR"
                       /note="LDL intron A"
BASE COUNT
            220 a 169 c 194 g 186 t Chromosome 19p13.2-p13.1; 1 bp upstream of BamHI site.
ORIGIN
        1 ggatcccaca aaacaaaaaa tattttttg gctgtacttt tgtgaagatt ttatttaaat
       61 teetgattga teagtgteta ttaggtgatt tggaataaca atgtaaaaac aatatacaac
      121 gaaaggaagc taaaaatcta tacacaattc ctagaaagga aaaggcaaat atagaaagtg
      181 gcggaagttc ccaacatttt tagtgttttc cttttgaggc agagaggaca atggcattag
      241 gctattggag gatcttgaaa ggctgttgtt atccttctgt ggacaacaac agcaaaatgt
      301 taacagttaa acatcgagaa atttcaggag gatctttcag aagatgcgtt tccaattttg
      361 agggggggtc agctcttcac cggagaccca aatacaacaa atcaagtcgc ctgccctggc
      421 gacactttcg aaggactgga gtgggaatca gagcttcacg ggttaaaagc cgatgtcaca
481 tcggccgttc gaaactcctc ctcttgcagt gaggtgaaga catttgaaaa tcaccccact
      541 gcaaacteet eccetgeta gaaaceteae attgaaatge tgtaaatgae gtgggeeeeg
      601 agtgcaatcg cgggaagcca gggtttccag ctaggacaca gcaggtcgtg atccgggtcg
661 ggacactgcc tggcagaggc tgcgagcatg gggccctggg gctggaaatt gcgctggacc
      721 gtcgccttgc tcctcgccgc ggcggggact gcaggtaagg cttgctcca
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PCT/US99/06473

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LOCUS
             HUMF511
                            279 bp
                                       DNA
                                                          PRT
                                                                     10-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
             Human coagulation factor V gene, exon 11.
ACCESSION
             L32765 J05368
             g488094
KEYWORDS
             coagulation factor V; factor V.
SEGMENT
             11 of 25
SOURCE
             Homo sapiens DNA.
  ORGANISM
             Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
             1 (bases 1 to 279)
  AUTHORS
             Kane, W.H. and Davie, E.W.
             Cloning of a cDNA coding for human factor V, a blood coagulation
  TITLE
             factor homologous to factor VIII and ceruloplasmin
  JOURNAL
             Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (18), 6800-6804 (1986)
             86313665
  MEDITNE
REFERENCE
             2
                (bases 1 to 279)
             Kane, W.H., Ichinose, A., Hagen, F.S. and Davie, E.W. Cloning of cDNAs coding for the heavy chain region and connecting
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
             region of human factor V, a blood coagulation factor with four
             types of internal repeats
  JOURNAL
             Biochemistry 26 (20), 6508-6514 (1987)
  MEDLINE
             88107560
REFERENCE
             3 (bases 1 to 279)
             Jenny, R.J., Pittman, D.D., Toole, J.J., Kriz, R.W., Aldape, R.A., Hewick, R.M., Kaufman, R.J. and Mann, K.G.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
             Complete cDNA and derived amino acid sequence of human factor V
  JOURNAL.
             Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 84 (14), 4846-4850 (1987)
  MEDLINE
             87260886
REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 279)
  AUTHORS
             Cripe, L.D., Moore, K.D. and Kane, W.H.
             Structure of the gene for human coagulation factor V
  TITLE
  JOURNAL
             Biochemistry 31 (15), 3777-3785 (1992)
  MEDLINE
             92232668
REFERENCE
             5 (bases 1 to 279)
  AUTHORS
             Shen, N.L., Fan, S.T., Pyati, J., Graff, R., LaPolla, R.J. and
             Edgington, T.S.
  TITLE
             The serine protease cofactor factor V is synthesized by
lymphocytes
  JOURNAL.
             J. Immunol. 150 (7), 2992-3001 (1993)
  MEDLINE
             93203619
FEATURES
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     source
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                       /db_xref="taxon:9606"
                       /tissue_type="placenta"
                       /cell_type="fibroblast"
                       /map="1q21-q25"
     intron
                       order(L32764:277..>319,<1..74)
                       /gene="F5"
                       /note="3.1 kb gap; G00-119-896"
                       /number=10
     exon
                       75..225
                       /gene="F5"
                       /note="G00-119-896"
                       /number=11
BASE COUNT
                  73 a
                            52 c
                                       61 g
                                                 93 t
ORIGIN
        1 tctgagttct ctattctgtt ccattggtct atgcgtctgt tcttgtacca gtactatact
       61 gttttgtcct ccagagggca gcagacatcg aacagcaggc tgtgtttgct gtgtttgatg
      121 agaacaaaag ctggtacctt gaggacaaca tcaacaagtt ttgtgaaaat cctgatgagg
181 tgaaacgtga tgaccccaag ttttatgaat caaacatcat gagcagtaag tcagagtact
      241 attittgitc atcagtitt cattcctgtg gitgaaata
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LOCUS HUMHMGCOA 2904 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994 Human 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase mRNA, DEFINITION complete cds. ACCESSION M11058 g184243 NID **KEYWORDS** 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase; glycoprotein. Human fetal adrenal gland, cDNA to mRNA, library of T.Maniatis, SOURCE clone pHRed-102. ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. REFERENCE (bases 1 to 2904) 1 **AUTHORS** Luskey, K.L. and Stevens, B. Human 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase. Conserved TITLE domains responsible for catalytic activity and sterol-regulated degradation JOURNAL J. Biol. Chem. 260 (18), 10271-10277 (1985) MEDLINE 85261451 Draft entry and sequence in computer readable form for [1] kindly provided by K.L.Luskey, 16-JAN-1986. COMMENT HMG-CoA reductase is the rate-limiting enzyme for cholesterol synthesis and is regulated via a negative feedback mechanism mediated by sterols and non-sterol metabolites derived from mevalonate, the product of the reaction catalyzed by reductase. Normally in mammalian cells this enzyme is suppressed by cholesterol derived from the internalization and degradation of low density lipoprotein (LDL) via the LDL receptor. Competitive inhibitors of the reductase induce the expression of LDL receptors in the liver, which in turn increases the catabolism of plasma LDL and lowers the plasma concentration of cholesterol, an important determinant of atherosclerosis. The sequence coding for the highly conserved membrane bound region of the protein is located at positions 51-1067, that coding for the linker part of the protein at positions 1068-1397 and for the strongly conserved water-soluble catalytic part at positions 1398-2714. **FEATURES** Location/Qualifiers source 1..2904 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /map="5q13.3-q14" mRNA <1..>2904 /note="HMG CoA mRNA" gene 51..2717 /gene="HMGCR" CDS 51..2717 /gene="HMGCR" /note="3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl coenzyme A reductase" /codon_start=1 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-312" /db_xref="PID:g306865" translation="MLSRLFRMHGLFVASHPWEVIVGTVTLTICMMSMNMFTGNNKIC/ GWNYECPKFEEDVLSSDIIILTITRCIAILYIYFQFQNLRQLGSKYILGIAGLFTIFS SFVFSTVVIHFLDKELTGLNEALPFFLLLIDLSRASTLAKFALSSNSQDEVRENIARG

FIG. 22A

MAILGPTFTLDALVECLVIGVGTMSGVRQLEIMCCFGCMSVLANYFVFMTFFPACVSL VLELSRESREGRPIWQLSHFARVLEEEENKPNPVTQRVKMIMSLGLVLVHAHSRWIAD

PSPQNSTADTSKVSLGLDENVSKRIEPSVSLWQFYLSKMISMDIEQVITLSLALLLAV KYIFFEQTETESTLSLKNPITSPVVTQKKVPDNCCRREPMLVRNNQKCDSVEEETGIN RERKVEVIKPLVAETDTPNRATFVVGNSSLLDTSSVLVTQEPEIELPREPRPNEECLQ ILGNAEKGAKFLSDAEIIQLVNAKHIPAYKLETLMETHERGVSIRRQLLSKKLSEPSS LQYLPYRDYNYSLVMGACCENVIGYMPIPVGVAGPLCLDEKEFQVPMATTEGCLVAST NRGCRAIGLGGGASSRVLADGMTRGPVVRLPRACDSAEVKAWLETSEGFAVIKEAFDS TSRFARLQKLHTSIAGRNLYIRFQSRSGDAMGMNMISKGTEKALSKLHEYFPEMQILA VSGNYCTDKKPAAINWIEGRGKSVVCEAVIPAKVVREVLKTTTEAMIEVNINKNLVGS AMAGSIGGYNAHAANIVTAIYIACGQDAAQNVGSSNCITLMEASGPTNEDLYISCTMP SIEIGTVGGGTNLLPQQACLQMLGVQGACKDNPGENARQLARIVCGTVMAGELSLMAA

```
LAAGHLVKSHMIHNRSKINLQDLQGACTKKTA*
BASE COUNT
                         597 c
                                  678 g
                                           807 t
```

```
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            27 bp upstream of BamHI site; chromosome 5q13.3-q14.
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       61 gactttttcg aatgcatggc ctctttgtgg cctcccatcc ctgggaagtc atagtgggga
      121 cagtgacact gaccatctgc atgatgtcca tgaacatgtt tactggtaac aataagatct
      181 gtggttggaa ttatgaatgt ccaaagtttg aagaggatgt tttgagcagt gacattataa
      241 ttctgacaat aacacgatgc atagccatcc tgtatattta cttccagttc cagaatttac
      301 gtcaacttgg atcaaaatat attttgggta ttgctggcct tttcacaatt ttctcaagtt
      361 ttgtattcag tacagttgtc attcacttct tagacaaaga attgacaggc ttgaatgaag
      421 ctttgccctt tttcctactt ttgattgacc tttccagagc aagcacatta gcaaagtttg
      481 ccctcagttc caactcacag gatgaagtaa gggaaaatat tgctcgtgga atggcaattt
      541 taggtectae gtttaccete gatgetettg ttgaatgtet tgtgattgga gttggtacca
      601 tgtcaggggt acgtcagctt gaaattatgt gctgctttgg ctgcatgtca gttcttgcca
661 actacttcgt gttcatgact ttcttcccag cttgtgtgtc cttggtatta gagctttctc
      721 gggaaagccg cgagggtcgt ccaatttggc agctcagcca ttttgcccga gttttagaag
      781 aagaagaaaa taagccgaat cctgtaactc agagggtcaa gatgattatg tctctaggct
      841 tggttcttgt tcatgctcac agtcgctgga tagctgatcc ttctcctcaa aacagtacag
      901 cagatacttc taaggtttca ttaggactgg atgaaaatgt gtccaagaga attgaaccaa
     961 gtgtttccct ctggcagttt tatctctcta aaatgatcag catggatatt gaacaagtta
     1021 ttaccctaag tttagctctc cttctggctg tcaagtacat cttctttgaa caaacagaga
     1081 cagaatctac actctcatta aaaaacccta tcacatctcc tgtagtgaca caaaagaaag
     1141 tcccagacaa ttgttgtaga cgtgaaccta tgctggtcag aaataaccag aaatgtgatt
     1201 cagtagagga agagacaggg ataaaccgag aaagaaaagt tgaggttata aaacccttag
     1261 tggctgaaac agatacccca aacagagcta catttgtggt tggtaactcc tccttactcg
     1321 atacttcatc agtactggtg acacaggaac ctgaaattga acttcccagg gaacctcggc
     1381 ctaatgaaga atgtctacag atacttggga atgcagagaa aggtgcaaaa ttccttagtg
     1441 atgctgagat catccagtta gtcaatgcta agcatatccc agcctacaag ttggaaactc
     1501 tgatggaaac tcatgagcgt ggtgtatcta ttcgccgaca gttactttcc aagaagcttt
1561 cagaaccttc ttctctccag tacctacctt acagggatta taattactcc ttggtgatgg
     1621 gagettgttg tgagaatgtt attggatata tgcccatccc tgttggagtg gcaggacccc
     1681 tttgcttaga tgaaaaagaa tttcaggttc caatggcaac aacagaaggt tgtcttgtgg
     1741 ccagcaccaa tagaggctgc agagcaatag gtcttggtgg aggtgccagc agccgagtcc
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     1921 gcactagcag atttgcacgt ctacagaaac ttcatacaag tatagctgga cgcaaccttt
     1981 atatccgttt ccagtccagg tcaggggatg ccatggggat gaacatgatt tcaaagggta
     2041 cagagaaagc actttcaaaa cttcacgagt atttccctga aatgcagatt ctagccgtta
     2101 gtggtaacta ttgtactgac aagaaacctg ctgctataaa ttggatagag ggaagaggaa
     2161 aatctgttgt ttgtgaagct gtcattccag ccaaggttgt cagagaagta ttaaagacta
     2221 ccacagaggc tatgattgag gtcaacatta acaagaattt agtgggctct gccatggctg
2281 ggagcatagg aggctacaac gcccatgcag caaacattgt caccgccatc tacattgcct
     2341 gtggacagga tgcagcacag aatgttggta gttcaaactg tattacttta atggaagcaa
     2401 gtggtcccac aaatgaagat ttatatatca gctgcaccat gccatctata gagataggaa
     2461 cggtgggtgg tgggaccaac ctactacctc agcaagcctg tttgcagatg ctaggtgttc
     2521 aaggagcatg caaagataat cctggggaaa atgcccggca gcttgcccga attgtgtgtg
```

2701 2761	ccaagaagac aaggactaac	gattcacaac agcctgaata ataaaatctg	aggtcgaaga gcccgacagt tgaattaaaa	tcaatttaca tctgaactgg aagctcaatg	ggcagcagga agacctccaa aacatgggca cattgtcttg	ggagettgea ttgggtteta
2821	ataaatgtga	tcactgagac	agccacttgg	tttttggctc	tttcagagag	gtctcaggtt
2881	ctttccatgc	agactcctca	gatc	33		3

WO 99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

42/97

```
LOCUS
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                        11725 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                                08-JAN-1995
DEFINITION
            Human protein C gene, complete cds.
ACCESSION
            M11228
NID
            g190333
            glycoprotein; protease; protein C; serine protease.
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
            Human DNA, clones PC-lambda-8 and PC-lamda-6.
 ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 1 to 11725)
            Foster, D.C., Yoshitake, S. and Davie, E.W.
 AUTHORS
  TITLE
            The nucleotide sequence of the gene for human protein C
            Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 82 (14), 4673-4677 (1985)
  JOURNAL
 MEDLINE
            85270390
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FIG. 23A

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     1441 aatggggttg acagcattaa taactacctc ttgggtggtt gtgagcctta actgaagtca
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     1561 ggactaactc ctttaattct cacaacaccc tttaaggcac agatacacca cgttattcca
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     1681 cetecagtaa gtgetggage tggaatttge accgtgeagt etggetteat ggeetgeeet
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7801	ttaagaagtt	taaccaccta	totaaggatta	ccccaacag	ccctggggta	caatgagctt
7861	actettocca	ttagatagta	ctatttatta	cacaggcagt	gggcgatgct	gcctggcctg
7921	gtaatttgta	tetcagggga	taccccana	actgactgac	tgactgactg	gaggggttt
7981	tttaacaacc	tatotaaggat	Cacacacac	agccctgggg gtgggtgatg	tacaatgage	cttcaagaag
8041	cattcagtgg	Cactotttot	tacatageta	graggegatg	ctgcctggtc	tgactcttgc
8101	atagctaata	ttaatggagt	cgactgactg	actgactgac	tggctgactg	gaggggttc
8161	aaagtggccc	acadactaga	ggtctaagta	tcattggttc	cttgaaccct	gcactgtggc
8221	ggcaggcccc	tcaccacctc	tacatacata	gacaggaggg	cagtctcggg	aggagtgcct
8281	gcggatggag	aanaancaca	gtgagtga	agtgaagttc	ccttgtggga	ggccctggaa
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8581	tagataaaaa	gagggggata	gaaayatgga	cgcaacctga	ggggagagga	gcagccaggg
8641	taaaaagagg	tonaaanaca	ggggcatgga	ggggtctgca	ggagggaggg	ttacagtttc
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9061	cagtgcagga	acadcatoo	Casacacaca	aagacaccct	ggtgactgaa	acagtatgaa
9121	aatqqqcaaa	aatagaaaac	CCCaccacac	cctaagccta	gggacaggct	gacactgtaa
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9241	gtgatgtcat	cateceaece	Cattccacct	ggtcctgctg	ggctgtcagg	aggcagccct
9301	ctgcggggca	gtgctcatcc	acceptage	ggtgctgaca	gactcaaaga	agaagctggc
9361	qtccaagaag	ctccttatca	accttacte	gggctggagc	gcggcccact	gcatggatga
9421	gaggeetagg	tagggggacc	acceageac	ttcaggtttg	caggcagaag	ggggctgcca
9481	gcttaagcaa	gaggettett	danctccaca	gaaggtgttt	ggggaccccg	ctccccaggt
	gaacc	CHHHCACAUU	Laccraca	C3C3FAFFFA	+~~~~~	
9661	cacctctcca	Ctcccactca	taaagaacaa	gctgtgtggg	ryaggggcta	cacagacctt
9721	gagaccagca	aggeetagee	traggagtag	gcctcccaca	ceteageace	cttgggtgca
9781	tacagaggga	gccctagcat	ctaccasacc	cacaagetge	gactgacagg	gatggagetg
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10141	tacctttact	CCatoffort	tratacatat	gggtctcact	gcccctgggg	tctctccagc
10201	ggetteecta	Ctacccatta	cttctctc-	ggtctgtgtc	rggggtttcc	aggggtctcg
10261	cagcatccta	CCCCtttage	ttgacacata	ctcacggctc	cgtgactcct	gaaaaccaac
10321	cgttgatagg	attecacage	atagagagag	ttggccactc	cttctggcag	gaaaagtcac
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				ccctctcca agaggctccc		
10501	ccctctaccc	tacaaaaaaa	tatoacetee	ayaggctccc	cgcagcccac	tctgactgtg
10561	acatcaagga	ggtcttcgtc	Caccccaact	ggcgctggga acagcaagag	gaagtgggag	ctggacctgg
	35		Jacobaact	acaycaagag	caccaccgac	aatgacatcg

					•		
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11221 11281	ggagggaagt taactcctag	aacatttact agcaactctq	gagcacctgt	tgtccttcca	atgeettatg	gggctcttct aatagaatct	
11461 11521 11581	gtgaggcttg cacagaggag aggtctgact	accagettte gaaactgagg ccaaaaccca	cagctagccc ggtctgaaag	aggagectgt agetatgagg gtttacatgg	gcaagccggg tagacatgtt tggagccagg	gatgctgaag tagctcatat attcaaatct	
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WO 99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

47/97

LOCUS HUMLCAT 1744 bp mRNA PRI DEFINITION Human lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase mRNA, complete cds, 07-JAN-1995 5' and 3' flanking DNA sequences. ACCESSION M12625 NID g187022 KEYWORDS lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase. Human adult liver (library of A.Ullrich and L.Coussens), cDNA to mRNA, clones PL[2,4,10,12,19], and DNA. SOURCE ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. REFERENCE (bases 1 to 1744) **AUTHORS** McLean, J., Fielding, C., Drayna, D., Dieplinger, H., Baer, B., Kohr, W., Henzel, W. and Lawn, R. TITLE Cloning and expression of human lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase cDNA JOURNAL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (8), 2335-2339 (1986) MEDLINE 86205950 COMMENT Draft entry and sequence in computer readable form for [1] kindly provided by J.W.McLean, 24-JUL-1986. Because only the 5' and 3' flanking sequences were determined from DNA, it is not known whether this gene contains introns. **FEATURES** Location/Qualifiers source 1..1744 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /map="16q22.1" mRNA <257..1610 /note="LCAT mRNA" sig_peptide 268..339 /gene="LCAT" /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase signal peptide' gene 268..1590 /gene="LCAT" CDS 268..1590 /gene="LCAT" /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase precursor (EC 2.3.1.43)* /codon_start=1 /db_xref="GDB:G00-119-359" /db_xref="PID:g307117" translation="MGPPGSPWQWVTLLLGLLLPPAAPFWLLNVLFPPHTTPKAELSN/ HTRPVILVPGCLGNQLEAKLDKPDVVNWMCYRKTEDFFTIWLDLNMFLPLGVDCWIDN TRVVYNRSSGLVSNAPGVQIRVPGFGKTYSVEYLDSSKLAGYLHTLVQNLVNNGYVRD ETVRAAPYDWRLEPGQQEEYYRKLAGLVEEMHAAYGKPVFLIGHSLGCLHLLYFLLRQ PQAWKDRFIDGFISLGAPWGGSIKPMLVLASGDNQGIPIMSSIKLKEEQRITTTSPWM

FIG. 24A

 $\label{thm:constraint} FPSRMAWPEDHVF1STPSFNYTGRDFQRFFADLHFEEGWYMWLQSRDLLAGLPAPGVE\\ VYCLYGVGLPTPRTY1YDHGFPYTDPVGVLYEDGDDTVATRSTELCGLWQGRQPQPVH\\$

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mat_peptide
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                         /gene="LCAT"
                         /note="lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase"
BASE COUNT
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                             589 c
                                     475 g 356 t
             30 bp upstream of Styl recognition sequence.
ORIGIN
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        61 tgtttcccct ggcgccaaga gaagaaggcg gaactgaacc caggcccaga gccggctccc
       121 tgaggetgtg eccettteeg geaatetetg gecacaacec ceaetggeca ggeegteeet
       181 cccactggcc ctagggcccc tcccactccc acaccagata aggacagccc agtgccgctt
       241 tetetggeag taggeaceag ggetggaatg gggeegeeeg geteeceatg geagtgggtg
       301 acgctgctgc tggggctgct gctccctcct gccgcccct tctggctcct caatgtgctc
       361 ttccccccgc acaccacgcc caaggetgag ctcagtaacc acacacggcc cgtcatcctc
       421 gtgcccggct gcctggggaa tcagctagaa gccaagctgg acaaaccaga tgtggtgaac
       481 tggatgtgct accgcaagac agaggacttc ttcaccatct ggctggatct caacatgttc
       541 ctacccettg gggtagactg ctggatcgat aacaccaggg ttgtctacaa ccggagetet 601 gggetcgtgt ccaacgecec tggtgtccag atccgcgtcc ctggetttgg caagacctac
       661 tetgtggagt acetggacag cagcaagetg geagggtace tgcacacact ggtgcagaac
       721 ctggtcaaca atggctacgt gcgggacgag actgtgcgcg ccgccccta tgactggcgg
       781 ctggagcccg gccagcagga ggagtactac cgcaagctcg cagggctggt ggaggagatg
       841 cacgctgcct atgggaagec tgtcttcctc attggccaca gcctcggctg tctacacttg
       901 ctctatttcc tgctgcgcca gccccaggcc tggaaggacc gctttattga tggcttcatc
       961 tetettgggg etecetgggg tggeteeate aageceatge tggtettgge eteaggtgae
      1021 aaccagggca tccccatcat gtccagcatc aagctgaaag aggagcagcg cataaccacc
      1081 acctecect ggatgtttee etetegeatg gegtggeetg aggaceaegt gtteatttee 1141 acacceaget teaactacae aggeegtgae ttecaaeget tetttgeaga eetgeaettt
     1201 gaggaaggct ggtacatgtg gctgcagtca cgtgacctcc tggcaggact cccagcacct 1261 ggtgtggaag tatactgtct ttacggcgtg ggcctgcca cgccccgcac ctacatctac 1321 gaccacggct tcccctacac ggaccctgtg ggtgtgctct atgaggatgg tgatgacacg
      1381 gtggcgaccc gcagcaccga gctctgtggc ctgtggcagg gccgccagcc acagcctgtg
      1441 cacctgctgc ccctgcacgg gatacagcat ctcaacatgg tcttcagcaa cctgaccctg 1501 gagcacatca atgccatcct gctgggtgcc taccgccagg gtccccctgc atccccgact
      1561 gccagcccag agcccccgcc tcctgaataa agaccttcct ttgctaccgt aagccctgat
      1621 ggctatgttt caggttgaag ggaggcacta gagtcccaca ctaggtttca ctcctcacca
      1681 gccacagget cagtgetgtg tgcagtgagg caagatggge tetgetgagg cetgggaetg
      1741 agct
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LOCUS HUMHCII 2182 bp mRNA PRI 08-NOV-1994 DEFINITION Human heparin cofactor II (HC-II) mRNA, complete cds. ACCESSION M12849 M19241 NID g183909 KEYWORDS heparin cofactor II; protease inhibitor. SOURCE Human fetal liver, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda-HCII.7 [1]; adult liver, cDNA to mRNA, clone lambda HCII.7.1 [3]. ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. REFERENCE 1 (bases 1025 to 2182) AUTHORS Inhorn, R.C. and Tollefsen, D.M. JOURNAL Unpublished (1986) REFERENCE (bases 1025 to 2182) 2 AUTHORS Inhorn, R.C. and Tollefsen, D.M. TITLE Isolation and characterization of a partial cDNA clone for heparin cofactor II1 JOURNAL Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 137 (1), 431-436 (1986) MEDLINE 86242236 REFERENCE (bases 1 to 2182) **AUTHORS** Blinder, M.A., Marasa, J.C., Reynolds, C.H., Deaven, L.L. and Tollefsen, D.M. TITLE Heparin cofactor II: cDNA sequence, chromosome localization, restriction fragment length polymorphism, and expression in Escherichia coli JOURNAL Biochemistry 27 (2), 752-759 (1988) MEDLINE 88163663 COMMENT [1] revises [2]. Draft entry and computer-readable sequence of [2] kindly provided by D.M.Tollefsen, 18-AUG-1986. Draft entry and computer-readable sequence of [3] kindly provided by Blinder, M.A. 24-MAR-1988. FEATURES Location/Qualifiers source 1..2182 /organism="Homo sapiens" /db_xref="taxon:9606" /map="22q11.2" mRNA <1..2182 /note="heparin cofactor II mRNA" sig_peptide 29..85 /gene="HCF2" /note="heparin cofactor II signal protein" gene 29..1528 /gene="HCF2" CDS 29..1528 /gene="HCF2" /note="heparin cofactor II precursor" /codon_start=1 /db_xref="GDB:G00-120-038" /db_xref="PID:g183910" /translation="MKHSLNALLIFLIITSAWGGSKGPLDQLEKGGETAQSADPQWEQ LNNKNLSMPLLPADFHKENTVTNDWIPEGEEDDDYLDLEKIFSEDDDYIDIVDSLSVS PTDSDVSAGNILQLFHGKSRIQRLNILNAKFAFNLYRVLKDQVNTFDNIFIAPVGIST AMGMISLGLKGETHEQVHSILHFKDFVNASSKYEITTIHNLFRKLTHRLFRRNFGYTL RSVNDLYIQKQFPILLDFRTKVREYYFAEAQIADFSDPAFISKTNNHIMKLTKGLIKD ALENIDPATQMMILNCIYFKGSWVNKFPVEMTHNHNFRLNEREVVKVSMMQTKGNFLA

FIG. 25A

ANDQELDCDILQLEYVGGISMLIVVPHKMSGMKTLEAQLTPRVVERWQKSMTNRTREV

WO 99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

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    mat_peptide
                      86..1525
                      /gene="HCF2"
                      /note="heparin cofactor II"
BASE COUNT
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                         581 c 500 g 498 t
            142 bp upstream from PstI site; chromosome 22.
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       61 cctcatcata acatctgcgt ggggtgggag caaaggcccg ctggatcagc tagagaaagg
      121 aggggaaact getcagtetg cagateeeca gtgggagcag ttaaataaca aaaacetgag
      181 catgcctctt ctccctgccg acttccacaa ggaaaacacc gtcaccaacg actggattcc
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      301 ctacatcgac atcgtcgaca gtctgtcagt ttccccgaca gactctgatg tgagtgctgg
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      481 cttcatagca cccgttggca tttctactgc gatgggtatg atttccttag gtctgaaggg
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      601 caagtatgaa atcacgacca ttcataatct cttccgtaag ctgactcatc gcctcttcag
      661 gaggaatttt gggtacacac tgcggtcagt caatgacctt tatatccaga agcagtttcc
      721 aatcctgctt gacttcagaa ctaaagtaag agagtattac tttgctgagg cccagatagc
      781 tgacttetca gaccetgeet teatateaaa aaccaacaac cacateatga ageteaceaa
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     1321 gatcgccatc gacctgttca agcaccaagg cacgatcaca gtgaacgagg aaggcaccca
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     1561 gggcaccctc attttgtttc cattccaaca acgagaacag agatgttctg gcatcattta
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08-AUG-1995
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                                    mRNA
                                                     PRT
DEFINITION Human coagulation factor V mRNA, complete cds.
ACCESSION
            M14335 M17785
NID
            g182797
KEYWORDS
            coagulation factor V; factor V; glycoprotein.
            Human liver (normal hepatocyte and HepG-2 cells), cDNA to mRNA,
SOURCE
            clones HV3.37, HV0.85, HV1.66 and HV2.97.
  ORGANISM Homo sapiens
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REFERENCE
            1 (bases 3636 to 6893)
  AUTHORS
            Kane, W.H. and Davie, E.W.
  TITLE
            Cloning of a cDNA coding for human factor V, a blood coagulation
            factor homologous to factor VIII and ceruloplasmin
  JOURNAL
            Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 83 (18), 6800-6804 (1986)
  MEDLINE
            86313665
REFERENCE
            2 (bases 1 to 4876)
  AUTHORS
            Kane, W.H., Ichinose, A., Hagen, F.S. and Davie, E.W.
  TITLE
            Cloning of cDNAs coding for the heavy chain region and connecting
            region of human factor V, a blood coagulation factor with four
            types of internal repeats
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 26 (20), 6508-6514 (1987)
  MEDLINE
            88107560
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
            W.H.Kane, 13-JUN-1988.
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 EQNHHKVSAITLVSATSTTANMTVGPEGKWIISSLTPKHLQAGMQAYIDIKNCPKKTR
NLKKITREQRRHMKRWEYFIAAEEVIWDYAPVIPANMDKKYRSOHLDNFSNOIGKHYK
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REFERENCE
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            Wion, K.L., Kirchgessner, T.G., Lusis, A.J., Schotz, M.C. and
Lawn, R.M.
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  JOURNAL
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COMMENT
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    2581 gataggtttg agttcaaatt ttgcattgtg tgagcttcta cagattttag acaaggaccg
    2641 tttttactaa gtaaaagggt ggagaggttc ctggggtgga ttcctaagca gtgcttgtaa
    2701 accatcgcgt gcaatgagcc agatggagta ccatgagggt tgttatttgt tgtttttaac
    2761 aactaatcaa gagtgagtga acaactattt ataaactaga teteetattt tteagaatge
    2821 tettetaegt ataaatatga aatgataaag atgteaaata teteagagge tatagetggg
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WO 99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

2881	aacccgactg	tgaaagtatg	tgatatctga	acacatacta	gaaagetetg	catqtqtqtt
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3001	gagtagaaat	tgttcctgat	gtgccagaac	ttcgaccctt	tctctgagag	agatgatcgt
3061	gcctataaat	agtaggacca	atgttgtgat	taacatcatc	aggcttggaa	tgaattctct
3121	ctaaaaataa	aatgatgtat	gatttgttgt	tggcatcccc	tttattaatt	cattaaattt
3181	ctggatttgg	gttgtgaccc	agggtgcatt	aacttaaaag	attcactaaa	gcagcacata
3241	gcactgggaa	ctctggctcc	gaaaaacttt	gttatatata	tcaaggatgt	tctggcttta
3301	cattttattt	attagctgta	aatacatgtg	tggatgtgta	aatggagctt	gtacatattg
3361	gaaaggtcat	tgtggctatc	tgcatttata	aatgtgtggt	gctaactgta	tgtgtcttta
3421	tcagtgatgg	tctcacagag	ccaactcact	cttatgaaat	gggctttaac	aaaacaagaa
3481	agaaacgtac	ttaactgtgt	gaagaaatgg	aatcagcttt	taataaaatt	gacaacattt
3541	tattaccac					

WO 99/50454 PCT/US99/06473

```
LOCUS
            HUMTHB
                        26928 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                                14-OCT-1994
            Human prothrombin (F2) gene, complete cds, and Alu and KpnI
DEFINITION
            repeats.
ACCESSION
            M17262 M33691
            g558069
NID
KEYWORDS
            Alu repeat; KpnI repetitive sequence; liver specific; thrombin.
SOURCE
            Human DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1 (bases 6128 to 26928)
  AUTHORS
            Degen, S.J. and Davie, E.W.
  TITLE
            Nucleotide sequence of the gene for human prothrombin
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 26 (19), 6165-6177 (1987)
            88077877
 MEDLINE
REFERENCE
            2 (bases 1 to 6667)
  AUTHORS
            Bancroft, J.D., Schaefer, L.A. and Degen, S.J.
  TITLE
            Characterization of the Alu-rich 5'-flanking region of the human
            prothrombin-encoding gene: identification of a positive cis-acting
            element that regulates liver-specific expression
  JOURNAL
            Gene 95 (2), 253-260 (1990)
            91065538
  MEDLINE
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 26928)
  AUTHORS
            Degen, S.J.
  TITLE
            Direct Submission
  JOURNAL.
            Submitted (22-SEP-1987) S.J.F. Degen, Division of Basic Science
            Research, Children's Hospital Research Foundation, Cincinnati, OH
            45229-3039, USA
FEATURES
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                      /map="11pl1-q12; 24 bp upstream of NcoI site"
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                      /note="MER sequence"
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                      /note="Alu repeat"
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                      842..1136
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                      /note="Alu repeat"
     repeat_region
                      1148..1344
                      /note="Alu repeat"
                      1814..2070
     repeat_region
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                      2052..2059
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     repeat_region
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                      3804..4087
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                      /note="Alu repeat"
     repeat_region
                      4210..4511
                      /note="Alu repeat"
     repeat_region
                      4553..4793
                      /note="Alu repeat"
                      4901..5201
     repeat_region
                      /note="Alu repeat"
     protein_bind
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                      /bound_moiety="Sp1"
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59/97
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protein_bind
                5231..5238
                 /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
protein_bind
                5711..5716
                /bound_moiety="Sp1"
protein_bind
                5723..5730
                /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
protein_bind
                6047..6054
                /bound_moiety="EBP 20"
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exon
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gene
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                14033..14159,15317..15484,15982..16155,16698..16879,
                26327..26397,26544..26687)
                /gene="F2"
CDS
                join(6575..6653,7040..7200,7860..7884,8127..8177,
                10504..10609,10706..10842,13181..13495,13820..13948,
                14033..14159,15317..15484,15982..16155,16698..16879,
                26327..26397,26544..26687)
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                /codon_start=1
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DSSTTGPWCYTTDPTVRRQECSIPVCGQDQVTVAMTPRSEGSSVNLSPPLEQCVPDRG
QQYQGRLAVTTHGLPCLAWASAQAKALSKHQDFNSAVQLVENFCRNPDGDEEGVWCYV
AGKPGDFGYCDLNYCEEAVEETGDGLDEDSDRAIEGRTATSEYQTFFNPRTFGSGEA
DCGLRPLFEKKSLEDKTERELLESYIDGRIVEGSDAEIGMSPWQVMLFRKSPQELLCG
ASLISDRWVLTAAHCLLYPPWDKNFTENDLLVRIGKHSRTRYERNIEKISMLEKIYIH
PRYNWRENLDRDIALMKLKKPVAFSDYIHPVCLPDRETAASLLQAGYKGRVTGWGNLK

ETWTANVGKGQPSVLQVVNLPIVERPVCKDSTRIRITDNMFCAGYKPDEGKRGDACEG

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26544..26684)
/gene=*F2*
/product=*thrombin*
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FIG. 28B

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intron
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 exon
                  7860..7884
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 intron
                  7885..8126
                  /note="prothrombin intron C"
 exon
                  8127..8177
                  /gene="F2"
                  /number=4
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                  8178..10503
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repeat_region
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repeat_region
                  9030..9161
                  /note="Alu repeat copy B"
repeat_region
                  9176..9475
                  /note="Alu repeat copy C"
repeat_region
                  9643..9937
                  /note="Alu repeat copy D"
exon
                  10504..10609
                  /gene="F2"
                  /number=5
intron
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exon
                  10706..10842
                  /gene="F2"
                  /number=6
variation
                  10774
                  /gene="F2"
                  /note="c in DNA; a in cDNA"
intron
                 10843..13180
                 /note="prothrombin intron F" 10933..11232
repeat_region
                  /note="Alu repeat copy E"
repeat_region
                 12089..12390
                 /note="Alu repeat copy F"
repeat_region
                 12391..12689
                  /note="Alu repeat copy G"
exon
                 13181..13495
                 /gene="F2"
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intron
                 13496..13819
                 /note="prothrombin intron G"
exon
                 13820..13948
                 /gene="F2"
                 /number=8
intron
                 13949..14032
                 /note="prothrombin intron H"
exon
                 14033..14159
                 /gene="F2"
                 /number=9
intron
                 14160..15316
                 /note=*prothrombin intron I*14325..14643
repeat_region
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repeat_region
                 14820..15126
                 /note="Alu repeat copy I"
exon
                 15317..15484
                 /gene="F2"
                 /number=10
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                 15485..15981
                 /note=*prothrombin intron J*
                 15982..16155
exon
                 /gene=*F2*
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FIG. 28C

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/number=11
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                16306..16596
                /note="Alu repeat copy J"
                16698..16879
exon
                /gene="F2"
                 /number=12
intron
                16880..26326
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                 16880); putative*
repeat_region
                 16952..17098
                 /note="potential new repetitive element copy A; putative"
                 17145..17206
repeat_region
                 /note="potential new repetitive element copy B; putative"
repeat_region
                17375..17614
                 /note="Alu repeat copy K"
                 18250..18531
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy L"
                 18545..18795
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy M"
                 19231..19527
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy N"
repeat_region
                 19706..20012
                 /note="Alu repeat copy 0"
                 20584..20815
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy P"
                 21088..21375
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy Q"
repeat_region
                 21120..21290
                 /note="KpnI repeat copy A"
                 21387..21539
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy R"
                 21814..22110
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy S"
repeat_region
                 22315..22434
                 /note="Alu repeat copy T"
                 22441..22738
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy U"
repeat_region
                 22748..22921
                 /note="Alu repeat copy V"
repeat_region
                 22922..23203
                 /note="Alu repeat copy W"
                 23204..23496
repeat_region
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repeat_region
                 23558..23876
                 /note="Alu repeat copy Y"
                 24037..24363
repeat_region
                 /note="KpnI repeat copy B"
                 24421..24720
repeat_region
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                 24721..25015
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy AA"
                 25112..25282
repeat_region
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repeat_region
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                 25752..25998
repeat_region
                 /note="Alu repeat copy AD"
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     repeat_region
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                                   6755 g 7086 t
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       61 tttattccac accteteete teatteacte etggtaggte atttttaatg atttgatgta
      121 tatactgaat ttggatgctt cttgctacag ggcaaagacg ctaataagat tttgctggag
      181 ccttttcaca gatgcaagtc aatccaggca gtgtctatag ctgctgaacc caaaatcaga
      241 aagcgagggc tatcaaagct cttctgtcct gatttgcaac tttagtagtg caagaaaaaa
      301 aatettagaa taaaaaatgg gtaccgttca gagacettta gagattgcaa ggcatcacag
      361 atgataaaaa gctccatctc tagacgtgtt caggagtggg ttggggcttt gaccttgact
      421 agetgeatea aettggacaa gteaettege tteeetgtge eteagtttee teatecataa
      481 aatggggata agtatagtac ctacetcata agteetgeet acetageaca tggtgageaa
      541 ttactaaatt gtaggeetag teeetataat eecageaett ttggagaaca aggtagggga
      601 atcgcttgaa gccaggagtt ccagaccagc ctggccaaca tagtgagact gtgtttctat
      661 aaaataaaa aaaaaaatac ccaagettgg tggtgcagge ctgtagteec ggetaettgg
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        1 gcgggaggcg gacgagatgc gagcgcggcc gcggccccgg ccgctctggg cgactgtgct
      61 ggcgctgggg gcgctggcgg gcgttggcgt aggagggccc aacatctgta ccacgcgagg
121 tgtgagctcc tgccagcagt gcctggctgt gagccccatg tgtgcctggt gctctgatga
      181 ggccctgcct ctgggctcac ctcgctgtga cctgaaggag aatctgctga aggataactg
      241 tgccccagaa tccatcgagt tcccagtgag tgaggcccga gtactagagg acaggcccct
      301 cagcgacaag ggctctggag acagctccca ggtcactcaa gtcagtcccc agaggattgc
      361 actccggctc cggccagatg attcgaagaa tttctccatc caagtgcggc aggtggagga
      421 ttaccetgtg gacatetact acttgatgga cetgtettac tecatgaagg atgatetgtg
      481 gagcatccag aacctgggta ccaagctggc cacccagatg cgaaagctca ccagtaacct
      541 gcggattggc ttcggggcat ttgtggacaa gcctgtgtca ccatacatgt atatctcccc
      601 accagaggee ctegaaaace cetgetatga tatgaagace acctgettge ccatgtttgg
      661 ctacaaacac gtgctgacgc taactgacca ggtgacccgc ttcaatgagg aagtgaagaa
      721 gcagagtgtg tcacggaacc gagatgcccc agagggtggc tttgatgcca tcatgcaggc
      781 tacagtctgt gatgaaaaga ttggctggag gaatgatgca tcccacttgc tggtgtttac
      841 cactgatgcc aagactcata tagcattgga cggaaggctg gcaggcattg tccagcctaa
      901 tgacgggcag tgtcatgttg gtagtgacaa tcattactct gcctccacta ccatggatta
      961 tecetettig gggetgatga etgagaaget ateceagaaa aacateaatt tgatettige
     1021 agtgactgaa aatgtagtca atctctatca gaactatagt gagctcatcc cagggaccac
     1081 agttggggtt ctgtccatgg attccagcaa tgtcctccag ctcattgttg atgcttatgg
     1141 gaaaatccgt tctaaagtag agctggaagt gcgtgacctc cctgaagagt tgtctctatc
     1201 cttcaatgcc acctgcctca acaatgaggt catccctggc ctcaagtctt gtatgggact
     1261 caagattgga gacacggtga gcttcagcat tgaggccaag gtgcgaggct gtccccagga
     1321 gaaggagaag teetttaeca taaageeegt gggetteaag gacageetga tegteeaggt
     1381 cacctttgat tgtgactgtg cctgccaggc ccaagctgaa cctaatagcc atcgctgcaa
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     1501 ccagtgtgag tgctcagagg aggactatcg cccttcccag caggacgaat gcagcccccg
     1561 ggagggtcag cccgtctgca gccagcgggg cgagtgcctc tgtggtcaat gtgtctgcca
     1621 cagcagtgac tttggcaaga tcacgggcaa gtactgcgag tgtgacgact tctcctgtgt
     1681 ccgctacaag ggggagatgt gctcaggcca tggccagtgc agctgtgggg actgcctgtg
     1741 tgactccgac tggaccggct actactgcaa ctgtaccacg cgtactgaca cctgcatgtc
     1801 cagcaatggg ctgctgtgca gcggccgcgg caagtgtgaa tgtggcagct gtgtctgtat
     1861 ccagccgggc tcctatgggg acacctgtga gaagtgcccc acctgcccag atgcctgcac
     1921 ctttaagaaa gaatgtgtgg agtgtaagaa gtttgaccgg gagccctaca tgaccgaaaa
     1981 tacctgcaac cgttactgcc gtgacgagat tgagtcagtg aaagagctta aggacactgg
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     2161 gggccctgac atcctggtgg tcctgctctc agtgatgggg gccattctgc tcattggcct
     2221 tgccgccctg ctcatctgga aactcctcat caccatccac gaccgaaaag aattcgctaa 2281 atttgaggaa gaacgcgcca gagcaaaatg ggacacagcc aacaacccac tgtataaaga
     2341 ggccacgtct accttcacca atatcacgta ccggggcact taatgataag cagtcatcct
     2401 cagateatta teageetgtg ceaegattge aggagteect gecateatgt ttacagagga
     2461 cagtatttgt ggggagggat ttgggggctca gagtggggta ggttgggaga atgtcagtat
     2521 gtggaagtgt gggtctgtgt gtgtgtatgt ggggggtctgt gtgtttatgt gtgtgtgttg
     2581 tgtgtgggag tgtgtaattt aaaattgtga tgtgtcctga taagctgagc tccttagcct
     2641 ttgtcccaga atgcctcctg cagggattct tcctgcttag cttgagggtg actatggagc
     2701 tgagcaggtg ttcttcatta cctcagtgag aagccagctt tcctcatcag gccattgtcc
     2761 ctgaagagaa gggcagggct gaggcctctc attccagagg aagggacacc aagccttggc 2821 tctaccctga gttcataaat ttatggttct caggcctgac tctcagcagc tatggtagga
     2881 actgctgggc ttggcagccc gggtcatctg tacctctgcc tcctttcccc tccctcaggc
     2941 cgaaggagga gtcagggaga gctgaactat tagagctgcc tgtgcctttt gccatcccct
     3001 caacccaget atggttetet egcaagggaa gteettgeaa getaattett tgacetgttg
     3061 ggagtgagga tgtctgggcc actcaggggt cattcatggc ctgggggatg taccagcatc
     3121 teccagttea taateacaac cetteagatt tgeettattg geagetetae tetggaggtt 3181 tgtttagaag aagtgtgtea eeettaggee ageaceatet etttacetee taatteeaca
     3241 ccctcactgc tgtagacatt tgctatgagc tgggggatgtc tctcatgacc aaatgctttt
     3301 cctcaaaggg agagagtgct attgtagagc cagaggtctg gccctatgct tccggcctcc
     3361 tgtccctcat ccatagcacc tccacatacc tggccctgag ccttggtgtg ctgtatccat
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3421	ccatggggct	gattqtattt	accttctacc	tcttggctgc	cttqtqaaqq	aattattccc
				gaatgatggg		
3541	ggcctgttct	tctatgggtt	ggacaacctc	attttaactc	agtctttaat	ctgagaggcc
3601	acagtgcaat	tttattttat	ttttctcatg	atgaggtttt	cttaacttaa	aagaacatgt
3661	atataaacat	gcttgcatta	tatttgtaaa	tttatgtgta	tggcaaagaa	ggagagcata
3721	ggaaaccaca	cagacttggg	cagggtacag	acactcccac	ttggcatcat	tcacagcaag
3781	tcactggcca	gtggctggat	ctgtgagggg	ctctctcatg	atagaaggct	atggggatag
				aagagggact		
				aacattaaaa		
			acatttgttc		_	-

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LOCUS
             HUMATH3A3
                            238 bp
                                       DNA
                                                         PRI
                                                                    31-OCT-1994
DEFINITION
            Human antithrombin III (ATIII) gene, exon 6.
ACCESSION
             M21645
             g179149
NID
KEYWORDS
             antithrombin; antithrombin III.
SEGMENT
             3 of 3
SOURCE
             Homo sapiens (individual_isolate Patient II-9) DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
             1
                (bases 1 to 238)
             Bock, S.C., Marrinan, J.A. and Radziejewska, E.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
             Antithrombin III Utah: proline-407 to leucine mutation in a highly
             conserved region near the inhibitor reactive site (published
             erratum appears in Biochemistry 1989 Apr 18:28(8):3628]
Biochemistry 27 (16), 6171-6178 (1988)
  JOURNAL
  MEDLINE
             89050967
COMMENT
             Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
             S.C.Bock, 20-JAN-1989
FEATURES
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                       /db_xref="PID:g179152"
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BASE COUNT
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                                      53 g
                                                72 t
ORIGIN
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        1 ctgcaggtaa atgaagaagg cagtgaagca gctgcaagta ccgctgttgt gattgctggc
      61 cgttcgctaa accccaacag ggtgactttc aaggccaaca ggcctttcct ggtttttata
121 agagaagttc ctctgaacac tattatcttc atgggcagag tagccaaccc ttgtgttaag
      181 taaaatgttc ttattctttg cacctcttcc tatttttggt ttgtgaacag aagtaaaa
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```
LOCUS
            HUMGP2B2
                          623 bp
                                     DNA
                                                     PRI
                                                               08-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
           Human platelet glycoprotein IIb mRNA, C-terminal exon.
ACCESSION
            M22569
NID
            g183449
KEYWORDS
            platelet glycoprotein IIb.
SEGMENT
            2 of 2
SOURCE
            Homo sapiens (tissue library: lambda-EMBL 4) DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
            1
               (bases 1 to 623)
  AUTHORS
            Prandini, M.H., Denarier, E., Frachet, P., Uzan, G. and Marguerie, G.
  TITLE
            Isolation of the human platelet glycoprotein IIb gene and
            characterization of the 5' flanking region
  JOURNAL
            Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 156 (1), 595-601 (1988)
 MEDLINE
            89025907
COMMENT
            Draft entry and computer-readable sequence [1] kindly submitted by
            M.H.Prandini, 16-FEB-1989.
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                     /map="17q21.32"
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                     /note="last exon; G00-120-012"
    CDS
                     <192..251
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                     /codon_start=1
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                     /product="platelet glycoprotein IIb"
                     /db_xref="PID:g463108"
                     /translation="VGFFKRNRHTLEEDDEEGE"
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                         158 c
                                  181 g
                                           140 t
ORIGIN
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      61 tccattgtga gtacagtggg ctttcatgtt ctgcgctggt ccagggaggt gctcatagct
     121 acttecteae atgtgetetg gggecageaa atcatetgta taccetgace ttggeceeeg
     181 tgtaccccca ggtcggcttc ttcaagcgga accggcacac cctggaagaa gatgatgaag
     241 agggggagtg atggtgcagc ctacactatt ctagcaggag ggttgggcgt gctacctgca
     301 cogcecette tecaacaagt tgeetecaag etttgggttg gagetgttee attgggteet
     361 cttggtgtcg tttccctccc aacagagetg ggctaccccc cctcctgctg cctaataaag
     421 agactgagec etgatgetga geatgetgee teettttggg geeagagaag agagtaeega
     481 agaatgtttt ggacggggac ctagggctgg tggaagtatg aacgagagag tcactgccag
     541 ggcgaagttt gcaaatcact gtctttgggg agtgtcaggg agtacagagt tggggtggta
     601 ggtgtaacag aagacggaga gcc
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75/97

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LOCUS
             HUMCETP
                           1787 bp
                                       mRNA
                                                        PRI
                                                                    01-NOV-1994
DEFINITION Human cholesteryl ester transfer protein mRNA, complete cds.
ACCESSION
             M30185
NID
             g180259
KEYWORDS
             cholesteryl ester transfer protein; transfer protein.
             Human adult liver, cDNA to mRNA.
SOURCE
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 1787)
             Drayna, D., Jarnagin, A.S., McLean, J., Henzel, W., Kohr, W., Fielding, C. and Lawn, R.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
             Cloning and sequencing of human cholesteryl ester transfer protein
             CDNA
  JOURNAL
             Nature 327 (6123), 632-634 (1987)
  MEDLINE
             87258172
FEATURES
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YLSFHKLLLHLQGEREPGWIKQLFTNFISFTLKLVLKGQICKEINVISNIMADFVQTR
AASILSDGDIGVDISLTGDPVITASYLESHHKGHFIYKNVSEDLPLPTFSPTLLGDSR
{\tt MLYFWFSERVFHSLAKVAFQDGRLMLSLMGDEFKAVLETWGFNTNQEIFQEVVGGFPS}
QAQVTVHCLKMPKISCQNKGVVVNSSVMVKFLFPRPDQQHSVAYTFEEDIVTTVQASY
SKKKLFLSLLDFQITPKTVSNLTESSSESIQSFLQSMITAVGIPEVMSRLEVVFTALM
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NSKGVSLFDIINPEIITRDGFLLLQMDFGFPEHLLVDFLQSLS*

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                                                       /note="cholesteryl ester
transfer protein*
BASE COUNT
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                                   456 g
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ORIGIN
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       61 tgggcggaca tacatatacg ggctccaggc tgaacggctc gggccactta cacaccactg
      121 cctgataacc atgctggctg ccacagtcct gaccctggcc ctgctgggca atgcccatgc
      181 ctgctccaaa ggcacctcgc acgaggcagg catcgtgtgc cgcatcacca agcctgccct
      241 cctggtgttg aaccacgaga ctgccaaggt gatccagacc gccttccagc gagccagcta
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      421 gtccattgat gtctccattc agaacgtgtc tgtggtcttc aaggggaccc tgaagtatgg
      481 ctacaccact gcctggtggc tgggtattga tcagtccatt gacttcgaga tcgactctgc
      541 cattgacctc cagatcaaca cacagctgac ctgtgactct ggtagagtgc ggaccgatgc
      601 ccctgactgc tacctgtctt tccataagct gctcctgcat ctccaagggg agcgagagcc
      661 tgggtggatc aagcagctgt tcacaaattt catctccttc accctgaagc tggtcctgaa
      721 gggacagate tgcaaagaga tcaacgteat etetaacate atggeegatt ttgteeagae
      781 aagggctgcc agcatccttt cagatggaga cattggggtg gacatttccc tgacaggtga
      841 tcccgtcatc acagcctcct acctggagtc ccatcacaag ggtcatttca tctacaagaa
      901 tgtctcagag gacctccccc tccccacctt ctcgcccaca ctgctggggg actcccgcat
961 gctgtacttc tggttctctg agcgagtctt ccactcgctg gccaaggtag ctttccagga
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     1081 cttcaacacc aaccaggaaa tcttccaaga ggttgtcggc ggcttcccca gccaggccca
     1141 agtcaccgtc cactgcctca agatgcccaa gatctcctgc caaaacaagg gagtcgtggt 1201 caattcttca gtgatggtga aattcctctt tccacgccca gaccagcaac attctgtagc
     1261 ttacacattt gaagaggata tcgtgactac cgtccaggcc tcctattcta agaaaaagct
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     1381 cageteegag tecateeaga getteetgea gteaatgate accgetgtgg geateeetga
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     1501 cttcgacatc atcaaccctg agattatcac tcgagatggc ttcctgctgc tgcagatgga
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     1621 aaggaggtcg ggatggggct tgtagcagaa ggcaagcacc aggctcacag ctggaaccct
     1681 ggtgtctcct ccagcgtggt ggaagttggg ttaggagtac ggagatggag attggctccc
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LOCUS
            HUMGPIIB2
                        13204 bp
                                     DNA
                                                      PRI
                                                                 10-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human platelet Glycoprotein IIb (GPIIb) gene, exons 2-29.
ACCESSION
            M33320
NID
            g183506
KEYWORDS
            platelet Glycoprotein IIb.
SEGMENT
            2 of 3
SOURCE
            Human leukocyte DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 13204)
            Heidenreich, R., Eisman, R., Surrey, S., Delgrosso, K., Bennett, J.S.,
  AUTHORS
            Schwartz, E. and Poncz, M.
  TITLE
            Organization of the gene for platelet glycoprotein IIb
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 29 (5), 1232-1244 (1990)
  MEDLINE
            90212612
FEATURES
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                      <1..497
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                      /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
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exon
                 2653..2705
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exon
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                 6443..6594
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                 /note="platelet Glycoprotein IIb"
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exon
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79/97

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FIG. 33C

```
BASE COUNT
                3046 a
                                  3857 g
                         3579 c
                                            2722 t
ORIGIN
            About 2000 bp after segment 1.
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       61 agaggtaccc gctaccttcc ctcattaaaa ccagctctca agaggggatc tggtaacagt
      121 ctaggcaggc attccaggga gcatgtgaac cgctggttct tgttgcgggt ggaggatgga
      181 ggtgttgtac agagtttagg tetttttcag caaagatete caaaceeegg gtgttcaaaa
      241 tcaaaccaaa ggggattata gtcccagctc tactcacaac tcactggtta ctttagccac
      301 gagattgccc tcgctgagag tcggtttcac tgtccataag atgaagaagt acatcacggt
      361 ggtctgtgag gtgtcattga ggaaagatgg tccagtgccc ccatgccaca tggccttcgg
      421 gcagtgctcc cagcgccggc gccagggcct gggatacgct ggaatctgcg cggcgctcac
      481 ccagctttcc tatgcagagt ggccatcgtg gtgggcgccc cgcggaccct gggccccagc
      541 caggaggaga cgggcggcgt gttcctgtgc ccctggaggg ccgagggcgg ccagtgcccc
      601 tcgctgctct ttgacctccg tgagtcccag gcaaggagag caaggttggg gtcagaggga
      661 cgtggactgc ccgggettca gcgccccacc ccttcttgtg ccttccaggt gatgagaccc
      721 gaaatgtagg ctcccaaact ttacaaacct tcaaggcccg ccaaggactg ggggcgtcgg
      781 tcgtcagctg gagcgacgtc attgtggtgg gccccgcggt acagggcaca gggaacaatc
      841 gggggcaggg acactggggc caggaggagc ccaagtctcg cgcccgtcc ccatctgtgg
      901 ccctttctca ggcctgcgcc ccctggcagc actggaacgt cctagaaaag actgaggagg
      1021 agtactcccc ctgtcgcggg aacaccctga gccgcattta cgtggaaaat gattttagta
     1081 agegecaget acgaectgge eccgeceact egegaegget tggeceegee ecceategga
     1141 tecegeece agegeegeag ceettgettt ggatetggee tegeeceagg geecegeega
     1201 ctcaaggccc cgcccctgtc ccccagccct cctccgggct cgcgcgcgcc tcccttcacc
     1261 cctgggctga cccctcctcc ttgtctcctc aggctgggac aagcgttact gtgaagcggg
     1321 cttcagctcc gtggtcactc aggcgagtag ggagcaaaag cgcagtgggg gcggctccca
     1381 aacagggccc cctctcaccc tcaggacttc ccttccaggc cggagagctg gtgcttgggg
     1441 ctcctggcgg ctattatttc ttaggtacgt gcccatccgt acacctccct cccttctcgc 1501 ggccgaagga gaccgctttg ggcttcacac ccgctgtccc tcccgcccta ggtctcctgg
     1561 cccaggetee agttgeggat attttetega gttacegeee aggeateett ttgtggeaeg
     1621 tgtcctccca gagcctctcc tttgactcca gcaacccaga gtacttcgac ggctactggg
     1681 gtaacaccgc cattccagac ttccagcacc ccgagggtca ccgcccaccg cagacggtca
     1741 ggtcctgccc ctgtgggagc ctccatggcc acccctgccg gccaacccac cgcctaagcc
     1801 getecegece teegeteetg egetteeegg cagacegee aceteecatg egeceacege
     1861 tecettecae tgeggaeteg tagegeagee tggggeaggg ettggeeeet egaaggeete
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     1981 gccctccgtc ccctctgtgc ttcctcccct ggaaaagact aatttgcgcc cttgtcctca
     2041 gggtactcgg tggccgtggg cgagttcgac ggggatctca acactacagg caagaaatcc
     2101 acttagggcg ggagttgggt agcccagccc ggggaggagc gccttcctga aatctcccct
     2161 atgtagctgg gtgcagaacg gggagcggga agtgggtagg ttctaaggct ctcattccct 2221 gagcctggct ctccctatcg ccagaatatg tcgtcgtgcc ccccacttgg agctggaccc
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    3001 cccacgcgct gggtgccccc agcctcctgc tgactggcac acagctctat gggcgattcg
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    3181 gggcagccag aaccaggatg ggttttaagc atataagtat gtggcttaga cacatggggt
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    3361 cttcacagat atttaggact cggattatta ggacttggtg ggagactgga tgtggggcca
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    3661 ctgtgaaata agaggcccag gatagagccc tagggagcaa aagcatttag gtgactccta
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                                                                08-NOV-1994
DEFINITION
            Human heparin cofactor II (HCF2) gene, exons 1 through 5.
ACCESSION
            M58600 J05309
NID
            g183907
KEYWORDS
            heparin cofactor II; serpin.
SOURCE
            Human DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 15849)
            1
  AUTHORS
            Herzog, R., Lutz, S., Blin, N., Marasa, J.C., Blinder, M.A. and
            Tollefsen, D.M.
  TITLE
            Complete nucleotide sequence of the gene for human heparin
cofactor
            II and mapping to chromosomal band 22q11
  JOURNAL
            Biochemistry 30 (5), 1350-1357 (1991)
  MEDLINE
            91120782
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FIG. 34A

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14401 ccagctgtga tttccacctt acatgttgtc tttggatcct ttccctgaat gatatgagat
14521 aaacagttca agcaccaagg cacgatcaca gtgaacgagg aaggcaccca agccaccact
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14581	gtgaccacgg	togggttcat	accactatas			
14641	tttctttcc	tratrtarra	geogeogee	acceaagtee	gcttcactgt	cgaccgcccc
14701	tttcttttcc	courtectacya	gcaccycacc	agctgcctgc	tcttcatggg	aagagtggcc
		ggccccagag	gradadatet	addtatctaa	anthropten	addasacta
		cattttaata	acuauaacan	anathttctc	aratrates.	
	geeaceaace	ryaarttyay	ucccatarna	TATTATCT TA	Maaaaaaaa	2022000000
	. occgergaa	-caattttgc	acaataaccc	aroctotaao	Ctcatagaag	tasatatasa
	. egcagegege	Ctyctyctac	CLAGAGGGGC	Tracetecee	actottonon	~~~~~~~~
	. Junguguguu	ccaagcacct	CCCGCCCCG	TOACCCCATC	Cttacacaca	+~~~+~+~
15061	actcaagcct	ttctccacca	ggccctcat	Ctgaatacca	accacaca	taactetgee
15121	gactaattcc	ttacctctcc	Caarragget	2020222	agcacayaaa	Lgagtggtgt
15181	gaagaagcca	cctcaagaca	tatgagggc	acacaactay	Caccattett	gatgtccagg
15241	gaagaagcca	acctttcaaa	tacatast	gccctgggct	aatgttaggg	cttaattttc
15301	tcaaagcctg	Gaggaga and a	tccacgacga	atgccatcag	tccctcctgc	tgttgcctcc
	- cagagaca ag	gaggacagtg	LULUCCAEGE	CECCCAtact	arertenene	2225452444
~~~~	acacccaccy	Lycattitut	alaattetet	attttttaa	act casatat	
	weecedade.c	ctygataatt	ccaddtatga	Laaacactaa	Caccacactes	attananna
	. would by Lycc	acaycayyyc	atuttetear	Gacaggacag	atatatacta	22tcctccc
	-5550000	caytattta	uaactataan	aractaaata	0000000000	
	coucagecea	cyccaguctu	CLUCAUCTE	Cateecteat	2001001001	
15661	tggtttgaca	gagcagatga	cacctgagga	atatotttct	ggatggtte	stagtgggtt
15721	aagacaagtg	aaatccacag	aggetattes	acacgeeeee	ggacccccca	acceetgggt
15781	aggggatgac	tgacggtcac	anntactata	tatassass	gryccagtge	tcttcagtg
15841	ctggcagat	-5590000	~aaracraca	rgrgcaggtg	tctaactgta	accccacagc

```
LOCUS
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                               3472 bp
                                            mRNA
DEFINITION Human thrombin receptor mRNA, complete cds.
                                                                PRI
                                                                             10-OCT-1991
 ACCESSION
               M62424
NID
               g339676
 KEYWORDS
               thrombin receptor.
SOURCE
               Human DNA.
   ORGANISM Homo sapiens
               Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
               Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
               1 (bases 1 to 3472)
   AUTHORS
               Vu, T.H., Hung, D.T., Wheaton, V.I. and Coughlin, S.R.
   TITLE
               Molecular cloning of a functional thrombin receptor reveals a
novel
               proteolytic mechanism of receptor activation
   JOURNAL
               Cell 64, 1057-1068 (1991)
  MEDLINE
               91168254
FEATURES
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                          /db_xref="PID:g339677"
translation="MGPRRLLLVAACFSLCGPLLSARTRARRPESKATNATLDPRSFL/
\tt LRNPNDKYEPFWEDEEKNESGLTEYRLVSINKSSPLQKQLPAFISEDASGYLTSSWLT
LFVPSVYTGVFVVSLPLNIMAIVVFILKMKVKKPAVVYMLHLATADVLFVSVLPFKIS
YYFSGSDWQFGSELCRFVTAAFYCNMYASILLMTVISIDRFLAVVYPMQSLSWRTLGR
ASFTCLAIWALAIAGVVPLVLKEQTIQVPGLNITTCHDVLNETLLEGYYAYYFSAFSA
VFFFVPLIISTVCYVSIIRCLSSSAVANRSKKSRALFLSAAVFCIFIICFGPTNVLLI
AHYSFLSHTSTTEAAYFAYLLCVCVSSISSCIDPLIYYYASSECQRYVYSILCCKESS
                         DPSSYNSSGQLMASKMDTCSSNLNNSIYKKLLT*
BASE COUNT
                   933 a
                              817 c
                                         785 g
                                                    937 t
ORIGIN
         1 gegecegege gacegegege eccagteceg eccegeceeg etaacegeee cagacacage
        61 getegeegag ggtegettgg accetgatet taccegtggg caccetgege tetgeetgee
       121 gcgaagaccg gctccccgac ccgcagaagt caggagagag ggtgaagcgg agcagcccga
181 ggcggggcag cctcccggag cagcgccgcg cagagcccgg gacaatgggg ccgcggcggc
       241 tgctgctggt ggccgcctgc ttcagtctgt gcggcccgct gttgtctgcc cgcacccggg
       301 cccgcaggcc agaatcaaaa gcaacaaatg ccaccttaga tccccggtca tttcttctca
       361 ggaaccccaa tgataaatat gaaccatttt gggaggatga ggagaaaaat gaaagtgggt
       421 taactgaata cagattagte tecateaata aaagcagtee tetteaaaaa caactteetg
481 catteatete agaagatgee teeggatatt tgaccagete etggetgaca etetttgtee
       541 catctgtgta caccggagtg tttgtagtca gcctcccact aaacatcatg gccatcgttg
      601 tgttcatcct gaaaatgaag gtcaagaagc cggcggtggt gtacatgctg cacctggcca
661 cggcagatgt gctgtttgtg tctgtgctcc cctttaagat cagctattac ttttccggca
      721 gtgattggca gtttgggtct gaattgtgtc gcttcgtcac tgcagcattt tactgtaaca
781 tgtacgcctc tatcttgctc atgacagtca taagcattga ccggtttctg gctgtggtgt
      841 atcccatgca gtccctctcc tggcgtactc tggggaagggc ttccttcact tgtctggcca
      901 tetgggettt ggccategea ggggtagtge etetegteet caaggageaa accatecagg
961 tgcceggget caacateact acetgteatg atgtgeteaa tgaaaccetg etegaagget
     1021 actatgccta ctacttctca gccttctctg ctgtcttctt ttttgtgccg ctgatcattt
     1081 ccacggtctg ttatgtgtct atcattcgat gtcttagctc ttccgcagtt gccaaccgca
1141 gcaagaagtc ccgggctttg ttcctgtcag ctgctgtttt ctgcatcttc atcatttgct
1201 tcggacccac aaacgtcctc ctgattgcgc attactcatt cctttctcac acttccacca
     1261 cagaggetge ctactttgce tacctectet gtgtetgtgt cageageata agetegtgea
     1321 tegacecet aatttactat tacgetteet etgagtgeea gaggtacgte tacagtatet
```

					•	
1381	tatgctgcaa	agaaagttcc	gateceagea	gttataacag	cantonocao	ttaataacaa
	gcaaacgga	Lactinette	autaaccroa	ataacaccat	atamaaaaa	atattaaatt
	~gguuuuggg	actuctuuua	uultaaaaan	aaaaatttat	2222444224	225555555
	cccactage	CCCCacccaa	actteattea	TTC2CCTCCT	222222222	2 t a t 2 a a a a a b
	-geatacteg	CLLLLalud	uauctorcaa	TCSTAtsttt	***	
	~~~uggacga	gatgatggtg	LLdLLCCaad	doaatattac	Caatmotaca	atsetsseta
	~~~~~~~~	~ cuua ca cau	CLAGGTGACA	raracatact	tonotestate.	+-+-+
1801	rgcacacaca	Cacatatatt	accedeagra	Cantatamaa	tagggaattt	22222224A
		CCCaucaatt	aluaaaaraa	TCTCTCATTC	COLOSEPPS	+ - +
	~~uggccggc	ayayılladı	CCCGAACATT	FCataatatt	Categoneses	~~~~~~
		Culdidical	LLLLUCAAAT	AAATTATAFF	+ ~ a a a b b c c b b	+~~~~~~~
	3	ctaauauuta	auaciranta	CTATCTCTCC	~	
		acacccaauc	LLUAAEECCE	aaaattataa	2227777	
	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	ggtaytatt	LLLacatifff	acacactots.	Cacataaaaa	
		Lagigaalqi	addctddctt	rcagagtagg	Ctattcctca	asaataasta
	-age-cage-ce-	Cyacudadda	CLCCAGGCAG	Cadacacata	CCOCCCCCC	at an an an an
2341	garaggaaag	aaacctttcct	uctgageere	acaccactca	anateman.	
		CCAGGGCCGG	CLUCUMACTO	arcaratte	transasata.	~~~~~~~
		- cayyauuta	aluaccarda	227277777	+ + +	
	599	CAGGCCCCC	uaturccare	Cactaaatat	2222222	
		ugaucudaa.	aauacadada	CCEMCCCEAS	77777777	
		Lucatula	alamararar	FFCACACAAA	~~~~~~	
	-33~~~~~	CCCCCCaaaa	Laduictoat	FFSSFFAAAA	~~+~++	
		guecucaa	a Luadui i Fr	CELETARAS	+033+03+o+	
	-g	gaayaaaata	Uddilloacar	rgaaatgtag	Maaaattatt	arararr-
		ayacttaatu	duacerraaa	accattttt	2200tootoo	~=~
		CCALGGALL	Cacaaaaraa	rrraasset	2000000000	
	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	aaacuucauc	diffranaca	2221272227	++~~~~~~	
		ggccaducuc	uuluucecae	TCCTTT SOFT	~~~~~~	~~~~~~
	22-22-62	CCACGAGGGC	auuauarrna	Marrat mater	~~+~~~~~~	
		uucucaaaaa	adallaurra	aacaraaraa	Carronacta	++
3421	cgagatcgcg	ccactgtgct	ccagcctggg	caacagagca	agactccatc	tc

```
LOCUS
            HUMLPLFI
                          3877 bp
                                     DNA
                                                      PRI
                                                                 07-JAN-1995
DEFINITION
            H. sapiens lipoprotein lipase (LPL) gene, exons 7,8, and 9, and an
            Alu repetative element.
ACCESSION
            M76722 M76723
NID
            g187215
KEYWORDS
            Alu repeat; lipoprotein lipase; plasma protein.
SOURCE
            Homo sapiens blood DNA.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
            Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
            Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 3877)
            Chuat, J.C., Raisonnier, A., Etienne, J. and Galibert, F.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
            The lipoprotein lipase-encoding human gene: sequence from intron-6
            to intron-9 and presence in intron-7 of a 40-million-year-old Alu
            sequence
  JOURNAL
            Gene 110 (2), 257-261 (1992)
  MEDLINE
            92165069
FEATURES
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                      /partial
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                      /note="G00-120-700"
                     /number=6
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                     /partial
                     /gene="LPL"
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translation="FHYQVK1HFSGTESETHTNQAFE1SLYGTVAESEN1PFTLPEVS/
TNKTYSFLIYTEVDIGELLMLKLKWKSDSYFSWSDWWSSPGFAIQKIRVKAGETQKKV
                     IFCSREKVSHLQKGKAPAVFVKCHDKSLNKKSG"
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                     /gene="LPL"
                     /note="G00-120-700"
                     /number=7
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                     /note="G00-120-700"
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FIG. 36A

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                   3157..3877
                    /partial
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                      787 c
                                746 a
                                       1199 t
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      61 acaccagtgg ttccatgtgt gtgcacttcc ggtttgagtg ctagtgagat acttctgtgg
     121 ttctgaattg cctgactatt tggggttgtg atattttcat aaagattgat caacatgttc
     181 gaattteete eccaacagte ttecattace aagtaaagat teattttet gggaetgaga
     241 gtgaaaccca taccaatcag gcctttgaga tttctctgta tggcaccgtg gccgagagtg
     361 ctcctgccat aacccttggt ctgagcagca gaagcagaga gcgatgccta gaaaacaagt
     421 ctttagttaa aaaaatcaga atttcaaaat tgaggtcttt cctctatttg atattgagaa
     481 aaaaatgctt caaattggcc attttattt cacttactag ttatatttt ttatttatca
     541 tottatatot gittatiot titataaago tgotgitaaa caatataati aaactatoto
     601 aaaaggtttg acattaaaga aaatgagcaa tggtaacagg aaaccactct atagatgtac
     661 atataatatg tacagaaaat ataagtagta agaagtccat gacaaagtgt tagctctttt
     721 ttttttttt tttttttt tttttgagat ggagtetete tetattgece aggetggagt
     781 gcagtgatte gateteaget caetgeaace tetacetece gagtteaaac aattettetg
     841 teteageete cegagtaget ggggetgeag gtgcccacca ceatgeceag etaatttttg
     901 tatttttagt agcgacaggg tctcaccatg ttggccaagc tggtcttgaa ttcctgatct
    961 caggtgatec accegeeteg geeteecaaa gtgetgggat tacaggtgtg agceaccatg
    1021 cccagcctac cctttactac taatcaaaga aataaaagta aggcaacttg atacttttac
    1081 aattactaga tgaacaaatc tttaaaaata gccagtgcag acaaggtggt gaagcagaac
    1141 atgcgaacct accatgcatc attcacggct agaaccctcc aggtgcggaa ggtagtattt
    1201 taataacttt ccatagctac aaaatattat tacatagaag ggagtgattt ttttctaata
    1261 tttatcctaa agaaatagtc aacaaacatt tttaaaaaaca tcaattacag tcgtacctat
    1321 actagcataa attagaaacc cagtatccaa cattgaggca gtgggtaaat gaatcgtggt
    1381 ttatcaagtc attaaaatca atctagcctt taaaaactat aattgtagga aacccaggaa
   1441 aacatagtaa aaaatggaat ataaaatctg aagagaataa agaatagaga atcgtatgtg
    1501 tgctatgatt gtagctaaat aatgttcaag tatcaacaca aattgaaaag gaatacatga
   1561 aaatgaaaat tatattttg aatgattgac ttcaggattt tcttttagaa ttgtattaaa
   1621 tagttcatgt cattaggata aatgctggaa tgtggatata atttaaaata tactaaatgc
   1681 catcgacctt cattttgagt tctttgttgg acatttttgt gcatttttaa aatatcccct
   1741 aaataataaa gctatttata tttggagagg agaaaaaaa gtggggggca gggagagctg
   1801 atctctataa ctaaccaaat ttattgcttt tttgtttagg cctgaagttt ccacaaataa
   1861 gacctactcc ttcctaattt acacagaggt agatattgga gaactactca tgttgaagct
   1921 caaatggaag agtgattcat actttagctg gtcagactgg tggagcagtc ccggcttcgc
   1981 cattcagaag atcagagtaa aagcaggaga gactcagaaa aagtaattaa atgtatttt
   2041 cttccttcac tttagacccc cacctgatgt caggacctag gggctgtatt tcaggggcct
   2101 tcacaattca gggagagctt taggaaacct tgtatttatt actgtatgat gtagattttc
   2221 ttgtatttca tgtaaggaaa acataagccc tgaatcgctc acagttattc agtgagagct
   2281 gggattagaa gtcaggaatc tcagcttctc atttggcact gtttcttgta agtacaaaat
   2341 agttagggaa caaacctccg agatgctacc tggataatca aagattcaaa ccaacctctt
   2401 ccagaagggt gagattccaa gataatctca acctgtctcc gcagccccac ccatgtgtac
   2461 ccataaaatg aattacacag agatcgctat aggatttaaa gcttttatac taaatgtgct
   2521 gggattttgc aaactatagt gtgctgttat tgttaattta aaaaaactct aagttaggat
   2581 tgacaaatta tttctcttta gtcatttgct tgtatcacca aagaagcaaa caaacaaaca
   2641 aaaaaaaaaa gaaaaagatc ttggggatgg aaatgttata aagaatcttt tttacactag
   2701 caatgtctag ctgaaggcag atgccctaat tccttaatgc agatgctaag agatggcaga
   2761 gttgatcttt tatcatctct tggtgaaagc ccagtaacat aagactgctc taggctgtct
   2821 gcatgcctgt ctatctaaat taactagctt ggttgctgaa caccaggtta ggctctcaaa
   2881 ttaccctctg attctgatgt ggcctgagtg tgacagttaa ttattgggaa tatcaaaaca
   2941 attacccage atgatcatgt attatttaaa cagtcctgac agaactgtac ctttgtgaac
   3001 agtgcttttg attgttctac atggcatatt cacatccatt ttcttccaca gggtgatctt
   3121 atgccatgac aagtctctga ataagaagtc aggctggtga gcattctggg ctaaagctga
   3181 ctgggcatcc tgagcttgca ccctaaggga ggcagcttca tgcattcctc ttcaccccat
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2011					•	
3241	caccagcagc	ttgccctgac	tcatgtgatc	aaagcattca	atcactottt	********
3301	ctocatator	atcasatore	****	adageaceea	accagictit	cttagtcctt
3421	CCTTGBBGtb	2000	gaccttcaac	ccaggcacac	attttaggtt	ttattttact
3481	tocagatocc	atctgcagag	ttcacttctc		caccycytet	cigetgaett
3601	cacatagets	****	aagtgccagc	graaaaayat	ccactgcat	cacctgcagc
3661	ccccaagcac	CCattctcaa	Paccetern		acacacagee	aacayyycty
3721	gaaaatata		aaccctcaaa	gctgccaagc	aaacagaatg	agagttatag
3781	ggctaatcca	tataaaaaat	~~~	cccigcgcct	CLLCCCacc	tgacctttag
					acateactec	taaaaaaaa
2841	ctaagcatgt	gaccttcact	actcctgttc		5-5-cagtac	rgagaggaca
		J=====	according	rgaatte		

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LOCUS
             HSU59436
                           182 bp
                                     DNA
                                                      PRI
                                                                19-JUN-1996
            Human low-density lipoprotein receptor (ldlr) gene, exon 12,
DEFINITION
             partial cds.
ACCESSION
             U59436
NID
             g1381233
KEYWORDS
SOURCE
             human.
  ORGANISM
            Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 182)
  AUTHORS
            Sibul, H. and Metspalu, A.
  TITLE
            A new polymorphism in exon 12 of the human low-density lipoprotein
            receptor (LDLR) gene
  JOURNAL
            Unpublished
REFERENCE
               (bases 1 to 182)
            Sibul, H.
  AUTHORS
  TITLE
            Direct Submission
  JOURNAL
            Submitted (29-MAY-1996) Hiljar Sibul, Estonian Biocentre,
            Biotechnology, Riia 23, Tartu, Estonia, 2400
FEATURES
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                     FE"
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                     replace (45, "t")
                     /gene="ldlr"
                     /frequency="0.17"
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                                    44 q
                                             49 t
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       61 aaacttcact ccatctcaag catcgatgtc aatgggggca accggaagac catcttggag
      121 gatgaaaaga ggctggccca ccccttctcc ttggccgtct ttgaggtgtg gcttacgtac
      181 ga
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 LOCUS
             HSCLA1GNA
                           2566 bp
                                                       PRI
                                                                 06-OCT-1993
 DEFINITION
             H. sapiens encoding CLA-1 mRNA.
 ACCESSION
             222555
 NID
             g397606
 KEYWORDS
             CLA-1.
 SOURCE
             human.
   ORGANISM
             Homo sapiens
             Eukaryotae; mitochondrial eukaryotes; Metazoa; Chordata;
             Vertebrata; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 2566)
   AUTHORS
             Calvo, D. and Vega, M.A.
             Identification, primary structure, and distribution of CLA-1, a
   TITLE
             novel member of the CD36/LIMPII gene family
   JOURNAL
             J. Biol. Chem. 268 (25), 18929-18935 (1993)
   MEDLINE
             93366811
 REFERENCE
                (bases 1 to 2566) .
   AUTHORS
             VEGA, M.
   TITLE
             Direct Submission
             Submitted (15-APR-1993) VEGA M., HOSPITAL DE LA PRINCESA, UNIDAD
   JOURNAL
 DE
             BIOLOGIA MOLECULAR, C/ DIEGO DE LEON 62, MADRID, MADRID, SPAIN,
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translation="MGCSAKARWAAGALGVAGLLCAVLGAVMIVMVPSLIKQQVLKNV/
RIDPSSLSFNMWKEIPIPFYLSVYFFDVMNPSEILKGEKPQVRERGPYVYRESRHKSN
ITFNNNDTVSFLEYRTFQFQPSKSHGSESDYIVMPNILVLGAAVMMENKPMTLKLIMT
{\tt LAFTTLGERAFMNRTVGEIMWGYKDPLVNLINKYFPGMFPFKDKFGLFAELNNSDSGL}
FTVFTGVQNISRIHLVDKWNGLSKVDFWHSDQCNMINGTSGQMWPPFMTPESSLEFYS
PEACRSMKLMYKESGVFEGIPTYRFVAPKTLFANGSIYPPNEGFCPCLESGIQNVSTC
{	t RFSAPLFLSHPHFLNADPVLAEAVTGLHPNQEAHSLFLDIHPVTGIPMNCSVKLQLSL
{\tt YMKSVAGIGQTGKIEPVVLPLLWFAESGAMEGETLHTFYTQLVLMPKVMHYAQYVLLA}
LGCVLLLVPVICQIRSQEKCYLFWSSSKKGSKDKEAIQAYSESLMTSAPKGSVLQEAK
                     L.
     3'UTR
                     1600..2566
     polyA_site
                     2532..2537
BASE COUNT
                528 a
                         811 c
                                   695 a
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ORIGIN
       1 cgtcgccgtc cccgtctcct gccaggcgcg gagccctgcg agccgcgggt gggccccagg
      61 cgcgcagaca tgggctgctc cgccaaagcg cgctgggctg ccggggggctc gggcgtcgcg
     121 gggctactgt gcgctgtgct gggcgctgtc atgatcgtga tggtgccgtc gctcatcaag
     181 cagcaggtcc ttaagaacgt gcgcatcgac cccagtagcc tgtccttcaa catgtggaag
     241 gagateecta teccetteta teteteegte tacttetttg aegteatgaa eeccagegag
     301 atcctgaagg gcgagaagcc gcaggtgcgg gagcgcgggc cctacgtgta cagggagtcc
     361 aggcacaaaa gcaacatcac cttcaacaac aacgacaccg tgtccttcct cgagtaccgc
                                   FIG. 38A
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421	accttccagt	tccagccctc	caagtcccac	ggctcggaga	gcgactacat	catcataccc
			<b>GULUULUAFA</b>	armmamaata	2000000000	
		rggcattcat	Cacceran	TAACAT ACCT	+00+000000	
	3-3-00-90	999900000	uuacccccrrr	TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	FA22444	
		ccuayyaçaa	utteddarra	TTTTCTCCCC	+000000000	
		cgcccacaa	uulccadaar	arcameana	+	
		goudgattaa	CELCLOOPAF	rrrarrarr	777777F	
	5555		LLLCALGACT	CCTGAGECCE	~~~+~~~	
	3-335	gaccuatqaa	uccaalular.	AACCATCAC	accet at the acc	~~~~~
		9	Caadaccccc	FFFMCCSSCA	~~+~~~	
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	300000000		LUCLCAPTER	CECSSCACCA	2000000	
	3-3-4-33-4	- GCACCCCAA	CCaudaddca	CACECCEEAS	+ ^ ~ + ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ +	
		CCUCAGGCLU	CLCLGEGAAA	CEGCSGCEGS	~~~	
	33	gacaactaa	uaauai.i nan	CCEMEMATAA	+4444	
	2-2-2-2999	ccarggayyy	uuauacccrr	Cacacattct	20201-0200	~~*
		uguatialia	CCAULACOIC	CECCERMANA	+~~~~	
		cuuuyyataa	uuauuccarr	CACCCCTSEE	~+~~~+~~+	
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	-Joo-cggaa		aculunceca	CACCCCCA	2020000-	
1921	gtccccttcc	tcgggtgagc	ctaacctata	caggetgate	acaggggctg	rgggtcctgc
		uaacactuca	ucceconini	TOTTOTT COO	~~+~~~~~~	
2041	gggagtgccg	ccttcctata	Ccaaattcac	tagggette	cargeaggae	gggccaggct
2101	gctttggcct	togtctacct	accaaaccaa	Caaaccca	gracecagge	cetggcacga
2161	caatggagtg	agcacaagat	accetatace	gctaaagcgcc	cctacacagg	ccccggaaaa
2221	ggactttgat	cccccaaa	tetteacagg	cactecates	ggteteegee	caccccggcc
		uuc cuacacc	alcclarana	CTGSGCCGGG	coat at at at	
2341	gcaggctgtg	ccccgaget	gccccacca	cctcacacac	tacatacata	ccyaagtggc
2401	caggetgagg	tgaagaggcc	tagagaccet	accttcaggg	cccccagat	Lacaggtgcc
2461	aacctgtgac	ccttttctac	togaatagee	atgagette	tgeteetgga	ccctggggca
2521	actcttgaag	taataaacgt	ttaaaaaaa	desassassass	catettega	aaaataattc
	J==-5		waaaaaat	yyaaaaaadd	aadää	

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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 26 March 1999 (		& Reynolds, P.C., Two Militia Drive, Lexington, MA 02421
(30) Priority Data: 09/054,272 1 April 1998 (01.04.98)  (63) Related by Continuation (CON) or Continuation-in (CIP) to Earlier Application US 09/054, Filed on 1 April 1998 (  (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): WHI INSTITUTE FOR BIOMEDICAL RESEARCH Nine Cambridge Center, Cambridge, MA 02142 (	n-Part 272 (Cl (01.04.9 TEHE/ [US/U	UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR,
(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): LANDER, [US/US]; 151 Bishop Allen Drive, Cambridge, M (US). DALEY, George, Q. [US/US]; 50 You Weston, MA 02193 (US). CARGILL, Michele 50 Follen Street #208, Cambridge, MA 021 IRELAND, James, S. [US/US]; 36 College Av Somerville, MA 02144 (US). ROZEN, Steven, G. 45 Josephine Avenue, Somerville, MA 02144-23	Eric, MA 021 mg Ro [US/U 138 (U venue :	Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claim. and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments. S.). [8], [88] Date of publication of the international search report: 13 April 2000 (13.04.00)

### (57) Abstract

The invention provides nucleic acid segments of the human genome, particularly nucleic acid segments from the coding region of a gene, including polymorphic sites. Allele-specific primers and probes hybridizing to regions flanking or containing these sites are also provided. The nucleic acids, primers and probes are used in applications such as phenotype correlations, forensics, paternity testing, medicine and genetic analysis.

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Electronic d	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data bas	e and, where practical	, search terms used)	
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Category •	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rele	evant passages		Relevant to claim No.
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	XP002121301			
Y	see abstract			10
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Y	see abstract			10
		,		
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X Furt	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family	members are listed i	in annex.
* Special ca	tegories of cited documents :	<u> </u>		<u></u>
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MUICI	ont which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another n or other special reason (as specified)			cument is taken alone
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ENON ol. age: see	E SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY, 1, no. 2, 1996, 77-87, XP002121298 especially Fig. 1 and Table 1 *		

Interna. al Application No PCT/US 99/06473

Continu	Niles) DOCUMENTO DO UNIVERSAL DE COMPANION D	PCT/US 99/06473
ategory °	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	SYVANEN A -CH ET AL: "IDENTIFICATION OF INDIVIDUALS BY ANALYSIS OF BIALLELIC DNA MARKERS,USING PCR AND SOLID-PHASE MINISEQUENCING" AMERICAN JOURNAL OF HUMAN GENETICS, vol. 52, no. 1, 1 January 1993, pages 46-59, XP002050638 see the whole document	5,8,9
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International application No. PCT/US 99/06473

Box 1 Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
Claims Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Claims Nos.:  because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. Claims Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
see additional sheet
As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
· ·
4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
see additional sheet, subject 1.
Remark on Protest
No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees,
l '

# 1. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 1: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the AT3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

### 2. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 2: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the CETP gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 3. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 3: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the CLanalog gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

# 4. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 4: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F2R gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

### 5. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 5: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5

nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F2 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 6. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 6: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

### 7. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 7: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the F5 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

### 8. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 8: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the HCF2 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

# 9. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 9: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the HMGCR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table

- column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

# 10. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 10: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the ITGA2B gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 11. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 11: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the ITB3 gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 12. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 12: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LCAT gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

### 13. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 13: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LDLR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing

such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 14. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 14: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the LPL gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 15. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 15: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the PROC gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

#### 16. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 16: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the PTAFR gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

# 17. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 17: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the TFPI gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

# 18. Claims: 1-12 (partially)

INVENTION 18: A nucleic acid molecule of at least 5 nucleotides in length consisting of a part of the TBXA2R gene and comprising a polymorphic (biallelic) site according to the nucleotide positions as indicated in the attached table - column 4, an allele-specific oligonucleotide hybridizing to such a polymorphic site, an isolated gene product encoded by such a nucleic acid molecule, and a method of analyzing such a nucleic acid by determining the bases occupying the polymorphic site(s).

page 5 of 5

Information on patent family members

Interna. al Application No PCT/US 99/06473

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